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210 MORE than the FOUR others COMBINED.

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ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Only Evening Paper in St. Louis With Associated Press News Service

ST. LOUIS, TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 19, 1917—20 PAGES.

NIGHT EDITION

PRICE: St. Louis and Suburbs, One Cent Elsewhere, Two Cents.

HOOPER SAYS FOOD GAMBLERS GET 50 MILLION A MONTH

Their Operations Have Cost People \$25,000,000 in Five Months, He Tells Senators in Advocating Passage of Administration Control Bill.

BREAD CHEAPER IN ENGLAND THAN HERE

Declares Shortage of Food-Stocks Will Grow Worse—1917 Output of Canned Vegetables and Fish Already Sold, He Asserts.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—Food speculators have been taking \$60,000,000 a month for the last five months—a total of a quarter of a billion dollars—from the American people, Herbert C. Hoover today told Senators, in explaining the purpose of the food control bill now before Congress.

Disclaiming entirely that the bill sets up a food dictatorship, Hoover told Senators its purpose was to organize the resources of the country and the people themselves into a food administration to limit middlemen's commissions and prevent extortion.

"With righteous manufacturers and distributors," he said, "the price of flour should not have been over \$9 a barrel. Yet it averages \$14. In the last five months \$20,000,000 has been extracted from the American consumer in excess of normal profits of manufacturers and distributors."

Bread Cheaper in Europe.
Hoover said wheat imported, bread prices in Belgium were 90 per cent less than in New York City and 40 per cent less than in London. In England and France are 30 to 40 per cent lower with producers realizing the same profit.

"We now have a high cost of living," he continued, "beyond the abilities of certain sections of the population to withstand and to secure proper nourishment from the wage level. Unless we can ameliorate this condition and unless we can prevent further advances in prices we must confront further an entire rearrangement of the wage level with all the hardships and social disturbances which necessarily follow. We shall in this turmoil experience large loss in national efficiency at a time when we can least afford to lose the energies of a single man."

"We propose to mobilize a spirit of self-denial and self-sacrifice in this country in order that we may reduce national waste. If democracy is worth anything we can do these things by co-operation. If it cannot be done it is better that we accept German domination and confess the failure of our political ideals."

No Hope of Complete Success.
"No one will undertake this office who had hopes of retaining the esteem of his country. Any food administration must be based upon self-sacrifice of somebody, somewhere, and while the vast majority of people will accept it willingly and with pride, there will be a minority whose complaints will sound much larger above the satisfaction of the inarticulate masses."

"We have no hope of complete success, but we have hope that in 1918 we can succeed so far as to enable this country and the allies to remain constant in this war."

Hoover went to the Capitol today by invitation to explain personally to Senators the Government's bill. He attended an informal conference in the Senate Agricultural Committee room arranged by administration leaders in the hope of removing senatorial opposition to the legislation.

Food Shortage to Grow Worse.
Hoover outlined prospects for food supplies.

"The real question," he said, "is a prepared statement, preliminary to sensational questioning. Is whether the situation will continue next year and what will be the needs of the allies and America. Despite the reduced consumption of the allies they will require a larger amount of cereals next year than ever. The allies are more isolated in their sources. It takes three times the tonnage and double the trouble to get Australian wheat. Crop failure in Argentina give no hope of relief from there before next spring."

"The allies are dependent on North America for most of their food imports. We should be able to supply 60 per cent of what they require. The other 40 per cent must be made up by further denial of their part and saving on ours. We can increase our surplus. The situation for them next year means increased privation. Without an adequate food supply no European population will continue to fight, and we shall find ourselves alone against Germany."

"The Russian revolution was a food riot, and even yet that ally is temporarily paralyzed. Responsibility rests on our Government for failure of food supply through a shortage of food."

Turning to domestic conditions, Hoover said this country has been experiencing "unprecedented prices and rampant inflation."

ST. LOUIS FOURTH IN RECRUITING FOR ARMY IN CENTRAL DIVISION

Has Supplied 1524 Recruits Since March 11—Omaha in Lead for Week to June 14.

CHICAGO, June 19.—Omaha took first place among recruiting points for the central division of the United States Army for the week ending June 14, according to figures announced today. Enlistments for the week and since March 11, and the number allotted to be raised by each office, follow:

Office	Recruits	Allotment
Omaha	1524	1516
Chicago	1474	1474
St. Louis	1324	1324
Minneapolis	124	124
Cincinnati	114	114
Des Moines	80	1222
Detroit	79	1237
Peoria	62	106
Indianapolis	52	108
Milwaukee	54	595
Lexington	33	265
St. Joseph	14	14

FORCE RAISED THROUGH DRAFT TO BE 'THE NATIONAL ARMY'

First Official Designation Is Made in Order for Reserve Officers to Report in St. Louis.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—The first official reference to the "National Army" designation which will be applied to the forces raised under the selective draft law, occurred yesterday in orders directing several reserve officers of the engineer corps to report to the commanding officer of "The Second Engineers, National Army, at St. Louis Mo."

The regiment is one of those previously designated as reserve engineers, a name abandoned because officials were convinced that there was only questionable legal authority for organization of such reserve regiments.

Col. Curtis McD. Townsend, commanding the Second Engineers, today received orders to increase the enlisted strength of the regiment from 1000 to 1100 men. He has enlisted 85 men and needs 235 more. There will be 34 officers. Within a few days the regiment will go into training camp near the city waterworks and will live on boats on the Mississippi River.

STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS RECEIVE RUSSIAN MISSION

Secretary Lansing and Assistant Secretary Phillips at Train, and Escort Them to Headquarters.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—The special diplomatic mission from Russia was received here today with every effort to reflect America's profound confidence in the newest European democracy.

The highest officials of the State Department, including Secretary Lansing, Assistant Secretary Phillips, and the envoys' special train and greeted them formally in the name of the Government and people of the United States.

Crowds cheered them as they went under double cavalry escort past the Capitol, up Pennsylvania avenue, between the White House and the Treasury Department to the David Henning Jennings home, which is to be their headquarters.

MEXICAN ENVOY TO WASHINGTON

Carranza's Secretary Expected to Give General's Views.

MEXICO CITY, June 19.—G. Ugarte, private secretary to President Carranza, departed last night on a mission to Washington, the nature of which is not announced.

Opinion here is that Ugarte is bearing a personal message from President Carranza to President Wilson, definitely outlining Carranza's stand regarding the world war and other questions.

AMBULANCE UNIT IN FRANCE

W. K. Vanderbilt on Limer Which Carried 250 Members Over.

PARIS, June 19.—An American ambulance detachment of 250 persons has arrived at a French port.

W. K. Vanderbilt, of New York crossed on the same liner.

LIBERATED FRENCH CHILDREN SUFFER FROM WAR SHOCK

Constant Noise Has Caused Many to Be Afflicted With Peculiar Tremor.

FRAIL FROM HUNGER

Others From Evacuated Regions Wounded, Maimed, Deformed; Some Sent to Farms.

Correspondence of the Associated Press.

ON THE BRITISH LINES IN FRANCE, June 19.—The French children found in the villages of Northern France evacuated by the Germans under the pressure of the British and French offensives present a picture of the savagery of modern warfare as characteristic as the Somme forest, shattered and broken by months of shell fire.

Many of these children are orphans without home or relatives. Many have been grievously wounded. Most of them suffer from a peculiar species of shell shock which afflicts them generally with a sort of tremor not unlike St. Vitus dance.

They have had life and death, horrors human and inhuman, revealed to them in guises so terrible that many will never be quite normal again. All are underfed and frail from confinement in cellars. Cut off suddenly from relatives and friends, perhaps two years ago, they have continued to live within a few hundred yards of the front lines, listening always to the shriek of shells and the crash of explosives, until their idea of heaven is "a place that is very quiet."

Wounded and Mentally Deformed.
The condition of peasant men and women who have been living under the shadow of the invader through these long months and years has been bad enough, but the condition of the half-starved, wounded and mentally deformed little children has been far worse.

All the children were collected and sheltered by the first entente troops into the newly occupied areas. Every thing that can be done to cure and care for them is now being done.

One of the most important immediate tasks of the French committee on reconstruction.

The first step was to remove them well behind the front areas. Those who were orphans were taken far away from the sight and sound of shells, many of them to the south of France. The mildest cases were there put under the care of farm mothers. The more serious cases must be kept under close medical supervision in special institutions.

Children who were not orphans were not usually taken away from the district. Mothers or grandmothers could not bear to part with them altogether. They were placed on farms near by, where it is possible for the parents to visit them frequently.

Brain Fever and Anemia.
One French organization has a hospital with 40 child patients all under 15 years of age. Most of them are wounded. Some have lost legs or arms, others their sight, others are suffering from brain fever or else puzzling anemia under which they rapidly waste away.

"They are the victims of the ruthlessness of modern warfare," said the head of the hospital, a French woman wearing the uniform of the French Red Cross. "There is no better argument against war than to consider these little victims who will never play or enjoy life as other children do. They are mere shadows of childhood. It is difficult to make them talk and they tremble and start at any noise or sudden movement. Women are always gentle with children, but with these children we need a special gentleness, as if we were handling something more fragile than one of the patients."

One of the patients, a 5-year-old boy, who had been rendered dumb from shell shock, showed no improvement until after he had been in the hospital for seven weeks. Then one day he opened his mouth after a long sleep and said with a twisted smile to the nurse, "It is very quiet here. I like it."

STRANGE MURDER OF STUDENT LAID TO ARMY CAPTAIN

Medical Officer Stationed at Chattanooga Arrested for New Jersey Crime.

MAN KILLED IN FEBRUARY

Body Found Immediately After Doctor Left Home in Spottwood for Training Camp.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., June 19.—A warrant for the arrest of Capt. William J. Condon of the United States Army Medical Corps, at Chattanooga, Tenn., was issued here today in connection with the murder of John V. Piper, a University of Vermont graduate, whose body was found with a bullet wound in the breast, near Spottwood, N. J., last Saturday.

Information reaching the authorities here is that Dr. Condon is being held by the military authorities to await the arrival of New Jersey detectives.

He has been an active practicing physician here for several years. He left here last Thursday under orders to go into training for active service. He is about 38 years old.

Killed at Time of Disappearance.
Piper, who was working his way through Rutgers College by doing odd jobs, including that of attending Dr. Condon's furnace, according to the authorities here, disappeared on the night of Feb. 27. Last Saturday his body was found by the roadside between Spottwood and Englishtown. Apparently it had been tossed from an automobile or wagon into the bushes. The coroner and the county physician expressed the opinion that Piper met death about the time of his disappearance.

The authorities have made public some of the evidence on which the warrant for Dr. Condon was issued. The physician is alleged to have removed the body from the collar of his home last night prior to his departure for Tennessee. In the cellar was found a bag of lime, samples of which are declared by the prosecutor to be the same as that on Piper's body, and on the wall of the cellar was found the physician's automobile.

The victim apparently was in a stooping position when shot. Piper's coat and overcoat were on the body when it was found, but there was no bullet hole in either garment.

Prosecutor Joseph E. Stricker of Middlesex County said last night that the arrest had been made after months of patient work by his office. It was asserted by persons engaged in the investigation that persons well known socially in New Brunswick may be involved, though they were not directly connected with the crime itself. Partly on the authority of the prosecutor, it is said today no motive for murder has been discovered.

Left Wife and Two Children.
The finding of Piper's body on Englishtown road, four miles out of Spottwood, last Saturday, established the fact that Piper had been shot to death with a revolver carrying the same sized bullet as did the pistol found on Morris avenue, New Brunswick, the day after the disappearance.

Inquiry established that the body had been taken to the spot where it was found not earlier than Friday night. The men who found it had been over the same ground the preceding day and the corpse was not there then. That the body could have been kept four months without being discovered is considered remarkable.

The evidence bears out the theory the authorities have held all along. This is that the murder was committed not far from the place where Piper was living with his wife and two small children, eking out a living during his post-graduate course by tending the furnaces of wealthy neighbors.

Dr. Condon also has a wife and two children.

VALLEY FORGE MEMORIAL ARCH PRESENTED TO PENNSYLVANIA

Makes Site of Washington's Encampment Presentation by Speaker Clark.

VALLEY FORGE, Pa., June 19.—Marking the site of the encampment of Washington and his army during the winter of 1777-78, a memorial arch, for which Congress appropriated \$15,000, was presented to the state today by Champ Clark, speaker of the House of Representatives, on behalf of the Government. More than a hundred Senators and Congressmen attended the exercises.

Gov. Brumbaugh accepted the arch on behalf of the Commonwealth. Patriotic exercises were under auspices of the Valley Forge Park Commission and were presided over by William Henry Sayen, president of the commission.

The arch is an imposing structure of marble.

SINN FEINERS WANT PASSPORTS

Would Come to U. S. to Oppose Objects of Irish Mission.

DUBLIN, June 19.—The provisional executive of the Sinn Fein has decided to demand passports for three of its members to proceed to the United States for the purpose of opposing the objects of the Irish mission there.

No previous word has been received that an Irish mission was to come to the United States.

GO-ON WITH WAR SPIRIT GENERAL IN CENTRAL EMPIRES

Post-Dispatch Correspondent's Observations on Extensive Trip in Germany and Austria.

FOOD SITUATION BETTER

Hungarians Have Strongest Disposition for Peace—Feel Country Is No Longer in Danger.

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch and the New York World.

AMSTERDAM, June 17, via London.

June 19.—A special correspondent of the Post-Dispatch, who has returned from an extensive trip through Germany and Austria, going as far south as Trieste, gained the impression that the allies should not hope to conquer the enemy by starvation. The scarcity of food is much less than a short time ago, because vegetables are plentiful in the central empires.

The correspondent was with the Austrian troops on the Isonzo front. They lacked nothing of food. In the Carso region only water was needed.

In Vienna the correspondent stood in crowds lined before the Market Hall, the milk and butcher shops. Nowhere did he hear anyone express a desire for peace. They complained, rather seriously, about the lack of sugar, of soap, of the small bread ration. But they said, in effect, rather seriously: "This has been going on for three years; why not for two years more?"

Bitter Toward Italy.
The correspondent discussed the possibility of a separate peace between Austria and the allies. He talked of this possibility with Generals, soldiers, politicians, laborers and market women. All ridiculed the idea. They displayed the greatest animosity toward Italy. All said a separate peace would make it impossible to treat Italy as she deserved.

On the other hand, many condemn the policy of the Pan-Germans, which might delay peace longer than necessary, but are convinced the German Government is able to cope with the loud-screaming Revettists' "bunk."

In Germany the spirit is not so high. Apparently there is some disappointment about the results of the submarine war. But there, also, all classes are convinced that peace is inevitable. They declared their readiness to talk peace, only one policy is possible—that of keeping on.

Some of the people think a separate peace with Russia is possible, but military men in Germany and Austria are convinced such a peace is impossible; that it will be blocked by America and England. Local offensives from the Russian side are almost generally expected, but no general movement of wide importance is looked for.

As to the feeling toward America, great bitterness is found everywhere against President Wilson, but not against the nation.

Gay Crowd at Austrian Derby.
In Vienna last Sunday the Austrian Derby, a famous race between a gay crowd. If it were not for the short bread ration and the lack of sugar, which goes to the army, the forerunner of the Derby would not be so badly affected as to call for two operations, and in his weakened condition they had no hope that he would survive the day.

The visitors after leaving the hospital went to a cafe and talked it over. Under the circumstances they saw no reason why they should not at once take up the sad task of arranging for the funeral.

By a vote of the delegation Otto Stifel, Herman H. Laumiller, DeWitt H. Steiger, Edward A. Steininger, John N. Herdin, Frederick Jones and Edward Hornmuller, all Missouri Athletic Association members, were chosen as pallbearers.

As Frisch was not known to have any relatives here it was agreed that Steinger should apply for administration papers so as to prevent the estate from being handled by the Public Administrator. Other funeral arrangements were made, including the selection of an undertaker.

This morning Frisch was breathing the early summer air through a very serviceable pair of lungs as he sat on the west lawn of St. Luke's Hospital. He declares his funeral is too remote for present contemplation, but he is grateful to the "boys" who planned to give him "a good send-off," and in a week or so, when he is able to go downtown, he will give the promised "pallbearers' dinner."

MEN'S PAY FOR WOMEN IN NAVY

There is to Be No Wage Discrimination Because of Sex.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—Women employed by the Navy Department are to receive the same pay as men holding similar positions, Secretary Daniels, with other department heads, announced recently that during the war women would be given preference in filling clerical jobs, wrote in response to a query from Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, president of the National American Woman Suffrage Association.

"I can assure you there is no intention on the part of this department to discriminate against women employees. All positions in the department are graded and the same rate of pay applies to each position regardless of the sex of the incumbent."

Continued on Page 3, Column 5.

High School Girl for Whose Murder Man's Extradition From Italy Is Sought



RUTH CRUGER.

MAN TO GIVE DINNER FOR HIS PALLBEARERS

Recovers Unexpectedly After Funeral Had Been Arranged; Will Show Gratefulness.

Water E. Frisch, salesman for a wholesale paint company and former quarterback on the Indiana football team, is planning to give a dinner at the Missouri Athletic Association for his pallbearers, who were so graciously affected as to call for two operations, and in his weakened condition they had no hope that he would survive the day.

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GIRL IN CRUGER CASE LEAPS FROM WINDOW

Declares Men Tried to Choke Her for Giving Information Which Led to Finding Body.

NEW YORK, June 19.—A woman giving the name of Miss Consuelo La Rue was found early today in a vacant lot suffering from injuries received in a fall from an open window. She said she had jumped from her room to escape two men who had attacked her because she gave information which led to the discovery of the body of Ruth Cruger, the 18-year-old school girl, for whose murder efforts are being made to have Alfredo Cocchi extradited from Italy.

The men called her to the door of her apartment, the woman said, on pretext of having a telegram to deliver. One grabbed her by the throat and said, "You are not going to tell anything more."

Police searched her room, but found no trace of violence or a struggle other than an overturned chair and a broken window. The woman said she gave to Mrs. Grace Humiston the information that led to the discovery of the body of Miss Cruger, and asked that Mrs. Humiston be sent to her immediately.

Uniform Fits Chauffeur Field.
Among other details of the case today was the finding of a dark gray chauffeur's uniform buried in the tunnel which hid the murdered girl's body. The uniform was tried on by Victor Blady, a friend of Cocchi, who after Cocchi had been indicted for the crime, District Attorney Swann announced he would go to Washington and ask the State Department to urge the Italian Government to change its fixed policy of refusing to extradite its subjects accused of crime, who have sought refuge in Italy. He said also he would ask members of the Italian commission now visiting this country to aid in arranging the extradition of Cocchi.

A shakeup of the police because of their failure to uncover the murder was forecast by Police Commissioner Woods in a statement criticizing today's work. Capt. Carmichael, who is in charge of the investigation, said he would ask the State Department to urge the Italian Government to change its fixed policy of refusing to extradite its subjects accused of crime, who have sought refuge in Italy. He said also he would ask members of the Italian commission now visiting this country to aid in arranging the extradition of Cocchi.

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ANOTHER BRITISH MOVE IN PROSPECT

English Guns and Airplanes Are Active in Northern France and Trench Raids Are Conducted Near Southern End of Line.

Ten German Airplanes Are Driven Down by British Pilots and Five Others Put Out of Control.

Ground Evacuated by British on Struma in Macedonia Said to Have Been Hot and Unhealthy.

LONDON, June 19.—Artillery and aerial activity continues on both sides on the battle front in Northern France and Belgium, and may indicate that an important movement is in prospect. The air fighting has been particularly intense.

"Parties of our troops raided the enemy's positions last night southeast of Le Verguier and in the neighborhood of the Baupenne-Cambrai road," says today's official statement. "Several of the enemy were killed and his dugouts were destroyed. We captured 11 prisoners."

The official report from British headquarters last night said: "We captured 21 prisoners this morning in the course of the enemy's unsuccessful attempt to regain his lost positions on Infantry Hill. Our troops gained ground slightly last night on the Meuse front in the direction of Wornout."

"Artillery activity continued today on both sides in the neighborhood of Lens and north of Arras."

"Yesterday the air fighting went in our favor. Ten German machines were brought down by our airplanes and five others were driven down out of control. Two of our airplanes failed to return."

Country Evacuated by British Is Hot and Unhealthy.

LONDON, June 19.—Referring to the evacuation of the Struma Valley region, as reported in the Bulgarian official communication, the Times says the entire abandoned country is low, without trees or shelter and intensely hot. It is damp and unhealthy, and in the summer time is malarious. Even when captured by the British last autumn, the Times adds, the region was found to be highly unsanitary.

French Repulse German Effort to Retake Champagne Positions.

PARIS, June 19.—The Germans made an attack last night on the positions on a 50-yard front in the Champagne between Mont Hignot and Mont Carville, which were taken by the French yesterday. Today's official statement says the Germans were repulsed with heavy losses. "Violent artillery fighting occurred in the Champagne."

Aviator Killed by Propeller.

MINNEAPOLIS, N. Y., June 19.—William K. Carruthers of Marion, Pa., a student at the aviation school here, died in a hospital yesterday from a fracture of the skull caused by a blow from a revolving airplane propeller.

FAIR TONIGHT; PROBABLY UNSETTLED TOMORROW

THE TEMPERATURES.

Time	Temperature
1 p.m.	72
3 p.m.	74
5 p.m.	76
7 p.m.	78
9 p.m.	76

Yesterday: High, 86, at 3 p.m.; low, 61, at 9 a.m.

Official forecast for St. Louis and vicinity: Fair tonight, probably becoming unsettled tomorrow; a hot change in temperature.

Missouri—Fair tonight, probably becoming unsettled tomorrow; a hot change in temperature.

Illinois—Fair tonight and probably tomorrow; a hot change in temperature.

St. Louis—Fair tonight and probably tomorrow; a hot change in temperature.

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24 TEAMS BEGIN RED CROSS DRIVE FOR \$1,500,000

Canvass Until Friday to Be
Among Wealthier Class;
Smaller Gifts Later.

RALLY HELD LAST NIGHT

S. H. Clark, Speaker at St. Louis
Club Says Contributions Are
Plain Duty.

The following telegram, which President Wilson yesterday sent to the Mayors of 100 cities in behalf of the \$1,500,000 Red Cross war fund, was received today by Mayor Kiel.

The American people by their overwhelming subscription to the Liberty Loan have given a new encouragement to the high principles for which America entered the war. During the week now beginning which I have designated as Red Cross Week, they will have a unique privilege of manifesting America's usefulness, as well as the real spirit of sacrifice that animates our people. May I urge that your city do its part in raising the \$1,500,000 Red Cross war fund, measuring the generosity of its gifts by the urgency of the need.

The telegram was signed "Woodrow Wilson."

Mayor Kiel announced that he would telegraph in reply that St. Louis already had begun its work of raising its share of this fund, and that he feels certain it will be in keeping with the city's past spirit.

An appeal to men of means for large subscriptions to St. Louis allotment of \$1,500,000 in the national Red Cross fund of \$100,000,000, was begun today by 24 teams of business and professional men. The effort for large gifts will continue until Friday noon, with daily reports at luncheon in the Mercantile Club. After Friday, a drive will be made on the general public for smaller subscriptions.

Monthly subscriptions are being sought to run for a year, or if the war ends sooner, to run for two months after the end of the war. Up to Friday, a subscription less than \$10 a month will be asked for.

At last evening's "inspirational" dinner of team workers, at the St. Louis Club, large subscriptions amounting to \$100,000 a year, or one-twentieth of the amount sought, were announced.

Some of Larger Subscriptions.

One subscription of \$2000 a month was reported, and this was understood to come from August A. Busch. Another subscription of \$2000 a month, which came from George M. Brown, was announced, besides another of \$1000, and five subscriptions of \$1000 a month. The largest two subscriptions were obtained by the team headed by Thomas H. West, and the \$2000 one by Festus J. Wade's team.

Prof. S. H. Clark of the University of Chicago made the principal address at the meeting. It was not so much an appeal as a rough-and-ready demand that St. Louis do its duty in the support of the Red Cross, in its work of caring for the soldiers of this country and its allies.

He declared that business men must stop figuring profits, and should be thankful to come out even. The requirement of \$100,000,000 for nation-wide giving to the Red Cross, and of \$1,500,000 for St. Louis, are too small, he declared. He said \$2,500,000 would be nearer the proper amount for this city to give. "What's a hundred million dollars?" the speaker shouted. "We spend 18 times that much every year for liquor and cigars to say nothing of soft drinks. The War Council got cold feet when it asked for \$100,000,000; it should have asked for a billion—it could have gotten it."

"Let us drop that business remark, 'business as usual.' Business is not as usual; nothing in the world is as usual. We are in the war to win in quickly, to stop the expenditure of 7000 lives a day, of 500,000 men a month.

World Shame Small Gifts.

"Those people who spend \$1 or \$2 to go to the theater—just catch me begging and imploring them to subscribe. No, I'll tell them the story of a widow I know in Chicago, both of whose sons have enlisted, and I'll make them ashamed to look in the mirror when they get up in the morning.

"You must give until it hurts and pains. Peel off the \$100 bill on the outside of your roll, and don't go digging down into the middle of the roll until you give to a poor, lonely \$1 bill, which you give with the air of saying: 'There, old chap, go and have a good time with it.'"

"Don't let me hear anybody saying that this is charity we are giving. Charity to our boys who are going to lay down their lives! Charity to Belgium, which could have a good fight-ed contract with the Kaiser to let him through to Paris, but chose to stand by its 'scrap of paper' to the bitter end."

"You must look to your subscription and ask yourself: 'In that all I've given, and then double and treble your contribution. This nation is still asking as to the war, but we are going to prove that our country of money-getters is the greatest nation of money-givers in the history of the world."

To our everlasting shame, we have given less than 10 per cent of the money for relief in Belgium, England and France have given the rest. And Belgium saved America and democracy as well."

At Shapleigh is captain-general of the movement here, and Oscar M. Miller of Washington is co-operating as a representative of the War Council of the American Red Cross. The members of the 24 teams are:

Team No. 1, W. B. Biddle and Samuel C. Davis; No. 2, G. A. Butler and E. F. Kearney; No. 3, L. Ray Carter and Harry Langenberg; No. 4, J. D. Perry, Francis and Samuel C. Davis; No. 5, A. J. Fisher and Tom Bennett; No. 6, H. G. Galt and J. D. Fisher; No. 7, C.

Anarchists Whom United States May Deport



LEFT TO RIGHT—EMMA GOLDMAN AND ALEXANDER BERKMAN.

AMERICA may soon be rid of her two "best known" anarchists, Emma Goldman and Alexander Berkman, who for years have been the virtual heads of anarchistic propaganda in this country. In a police raid, Miss Goldman and Berkman were arrested in the offices of the No Conscription League, "Mother Earth" and "The Blast," the last two named being anarchistic publications, in East One Hundred and Twenty-Fifth

street, New York. They are charged with conspiracy against the Government and under the recent alien law may be deported as both have admitted that neither has been naturalized. They have been prominent in anti-conscription meetings since the passage of the selective draft law. The photograph was made just after their arrest. Berkman is carrying crutches because of a fall down stairs.

MISSOURI U. UNIT WILL DEPART TONIGHT

Members Willing to Drive Ambulances or Transport in France.

Members of the University of Missouri Ambulance unit which leaves here tonight for New York, where they will sail for France this week, say they are ready to drive ambulances or transport. William King Gardner, son of Gov. Gardner, 408 West Pine boulevard, said he is even willing to drive a submarine. All other members are just as willing.

Howard Halley, organizer of the unit, said he had received word from Henry D. Sleeper, American representative of the service, saying that, owing to trouble in shipping, there was a scarcity of ambulances and that 200 men in ambulance units, not wanting to remain idle, had volunteered to drive troop transports from the camps to the firing line.

"I am glad the men are willing to do their part," he said. "The men are willing to do their part."

Will Take Men Up to 50.

The unit has its headquarters at the Maryland Hotel. Only a few have bought their uniforms, but will get them in New York and Paris. The men pay for their own uniforms, and transportation to New York and Paris. They are taking enough money for expenses for four months. They receive no salary.

Eleven of the men are paying their own expenses. The money for the others was raised by them in their home towns.

The following 25 men will make the trip: William King Gardner; C. D. Reardon, 808 Varion avenue; Howard W. Halley, R. G. Taylor and J. S. Moss, Columbia; Fred C. Frick, James E. Henschel, Roland E. Bruner, Kansas City; C. E. Kane, Maryville; B. E. Kline, Savannah; W. E. Reesor, Kahoka; Herbert English, Macon; D. C. Collins, Harry Kerr, Lathrop; Joseph Travis, Tarkio; G. P. Gardner, Marlin, Tex.; J. C. Farmer, Collinsville, Ok.; J. P. Fletcher, Lodi, Ok.; A. M. Cowan, Marshall; H. S. Cave, Moberly, Mo.; I. B. Hyde, Princeton; Coburn Herndon, Plattsburg, Mo.; George and Ralph La-made, Williamsport, Pa.; and H. H. Hopson, Clarkdale, Miss.

L. Holman and P. B. Fouke; No. 8, Clarence H. Howard and Luther E. Smith; No. 9, Jackson Johnson and Walker Hill; No. 10, Brockington Jones and J. L. Johnston; No. 11, Henry W. Kiel and L. P. Aloe; No. 12, Homer P. Knapp and J. R. Barrell; No. 13, W. A. Layman and George F. Steedman; No. 14, George D. Markham and Daniel G. Taylor; No. 15, Duncan I. Meier and George O. Carpenter Jr.; No. 16, Dan C. Nugent and Harry B. Wallace; No. 17, Louis Rosen and David Sommer; No. 18, Ernest W. Stix and J. R. Curlee; No. 19, C. A. Van Riper and D. D. Walker Jr.; No. 20, Festus J. Wade and W. F. Carter; No. 21, G. H. Walker and Daniel G. Taylor; No. 22, Frank O. Watts and Richard S. Hawes; No. 23, T. H. West and Joseph D. Bascom.

MILLIONS IN RED CROSS GIFTS

Large Sums Pledged by J. F. Morgan, G. F. Baker and C. H. Dodge.

NEW YORK, June 18.—J. F. Morgan & Co., and its Philadelphia branch, Drexel & Co., have given the Red Cross \$1,000,000. George F. Baker has offered to build a hospital ship, and in case it does not cost \$1,000,000 he promised the firm the same, provided twenty others will make like contributions. Cleveland H. Dodge previously made a similar offer.

The announcements were made last night at the opening of what Edward Prosser called the greatest campaign of its kind the world ever saw. Four hundred and fifty men and women upon whom the burden of the work will fall attended a banquet at the Waldorf-Astoria.

ROOT MISSION TOLD OF RUSSIA'S NEEDS

Confers Informally With Ministers in Petrograd—Gen. Scott Going to Fighting Front.

PETROGRAD, June 18.—The American Commission, headed by Elihu Root, is engaged today in informal conferences with Cabinet Ministers and army and navy officers who are explaining Russia's needs and have begun preparation of lists of supplies the United States can furnish. Conferences between the entire Cabinet and the American Commission will be held later to consider general plans of co-operation.

Mr. Root and David R. Francis, the American Ambassador, had luncheon yesterday with M. Rodzianko, President of the Duma, and later Count Tolstoy took Mr. Root to call on Gen. Kurapatkin.

James Duncan, vice president of the American Federation of Labor, and Charles Edward Russell, Socialist member of the commission, will be entertained at luncheon today at the American embassy. M. Soboleff, Minister of Labor, and M. Tseretelli, Minister of Posts and Telegraphs, Socialist members of the Cabinet, will be present.

Mr. Root and the American Commission probably will visit Moscow, Thursday. Major-General Hugh L. Scott, accompanied by his staff, will leave Wednesday for the Russian general army headquarters and afterward will go to the fighting front.

John F. Stevens, head of the American Railroad Commission, has been ill for several days from inflammation of an ear. He has been in a hospital and has not been able to attend conferences.

Rear Admiral James H. Glenon and the American naval party started Sunday for Sebastopol. They probably will remain with the Black Sea fleet for five days.

SHREWSBURY PARK MAYOR QUITS RECRUITING MEETING

David Graham, an English infantry officer, addressing a recruiting meeting last night at Shrewsbury Park, said that when the Germans invaded Belgium they called upon all the Belgian children who favored Germany to hold up their hands and then asked those who favored Belgium to hold up their hands. The hands of the latter, he said, were cut off.

Two other men walked out with the Mayor. The meeting was interrupted by Graham did not continue his speech. Ackford said today he was patriotic for the German people next. He explained that he was in sympathy with the President's statement that we were not fighting the German people and hoped that after the war the Germans would have a republic.

SEPARATE PEACE ADVOCATE IN SWITZERLAND RESIGNS

Some of Papers Had Demanded That M. Hoffmann of the Federal Council Step Aside.

BERNE, June 18.—M. Hoffmann, member of the Swiss Federal Council, who was concerned in the recent attempt to institute negotiations for a separate peace between Germany and Russia has resigned.

Some of the Swiss papers demanded his resignation.

The Associated Press News Service is received and printed exclusively by the Post-Dispatch in the St. Louis evening field.

GETS TO STOCKHOLM WITHOUT U. S. PASSPORT

Buffalo Socialist's Credentials Had Been Taken Up—Has Two Companions.

STOCKHOLM, June 18.—Boris Reinstein of Buffalo, N. Y., one of three men who have come to Stockholm from the United States to participate in the international peace conference, arrived here today without a United States passport. He was accompanied by two companions.

Reinstein, in conversation here, said he vainly tried through Representative Meyer London of New York and Representative Smith of Buffalo to secure re-issuance of his passport and finally decided to proceed without it. Asked how he got away and passed the British control point at Halifax, Reinstein replied: "That is a matter about which I have nothing to say."

Dr. Reinstein said he came as a representative of the American Socialist party, that he had no credentials with him, but that he had been called to Secretary Huysmans. He at first asserted he was an American citizen, but later declared that was a matter "for the State Department to find out," as with the way he reached Stockholm without a passport.

All three men declare they oppose separate peace efforts. Dr. Goldfarb has said also that he is authorized to inform the Dutch-Scandinavian Committee that the American Socialist party is not in favor of a separate peace.

Davidovich said his sole purpose in coming to Stockholm was to lay before the conference the program of the Jews represented by him and his Russian party comrades. The first conference of the three men with the Stockholm committee is set for today.

\$1000 VERDICT RETURNED FOR IMPORTING A DRESSMAKER

A jury in United States District Judge Dyer's court returned a \$1000 verdict today against Albert E. Vroye, husband of Marie de Vroye, who conducts a dressmaking establishment at 368 Washington boulevard. He was charged with importing contract labor into this country.

De Vroye was charged with making an oral contract with Miss Justine Gustine, a dressmaker of 5008 Ridge avenue, on March 28, 1917, when she was a resident of Brussels, Belgium. The law says that only professional persons can be brought to this country under contract. De Vroye tried to prove that dressmaking was an art, as he said that the person he employed must have a highly developed artistic sense.

Thomas Garland, who conducts Garland's shop at 409 North Broadway, testified that there were such artists in the dressmaking business and their salaries amounted to thousands a year. He developed that Mrs. Gustine received \$75 a month.

WAR DISCUSSION IN BELLEVILLE

A discussion of the war will be held at a meeting in Belleville, July 5, under the auspices of the local Socialist Party.

John Fitzpatrick, author of "War, What For?" and Adolph Garner, national secretary of the Socialist Party, will be the principal speakers. Garner recently was arrested on an indictment charging conspiracy to defame the President in the recent attempt to bring about a separate peace between Germany and Russia and will be given a preliminary hearing in Grand Rapids, Mich., June 25. His case is set for trial July 4.

AUSTRIAN CABINET SAID TO HAVE QUIT

Revolt of Poles in Parliament Reported to Have Given Majority Against Government.

BASEL, Switzerland, June 18.—A Vienna dispatch says that the Austrian Cabinet has resigned.

COOPENHAGEN, June 18.—The revolt of the Poles in the Austrian Parliament is described by the Vienna correspondent of the Vossische Zeitung as having produced a crisis in which the position not only of Premier Clem-Martin, but also of Count Cernin, the Foreign Minister, is threatened.

The Vossische Zeitung correspondent says the position of the Poles is sufficient to turn the scale against the Government, since the rest of the Slav bloc already is in strong opposition. The Poles indicated the seriousness of their intentions by a decision to vote against the budget, being the first Parliamentary group in any belligerent country, aside from a handful of extreme Socialists, to refuse to vote a war credit.

The insistence of Premier Clem-Martin Saturday that the Poles should immediately show their colors is described as being due to the initiative of Count Cernin, who is unable to carry on the foreign policy of the Government while the uncertainty regarding the attitude of the Parliament continues.

The Polish aspirations, as recently indicated, aim at practically an independent kingdom, openly an anti-German basis, and have evoked marked displeasure in Germany, even the Cologne Gazette rebuking the Poles sharply.

Germania Declared to Have Hanged More Than 30,000 Poles.

ZURICH, June 18.—The Polish Reichsrath declared in the Vienna Reichsrath that more than 30,000 Poles have been hanged by order of the German authorities, according to the Vienna Arbeiter Zeitung, which prints special details of the charges of the Reichsrath on the 14th and 15th. Deputy Sirbany also described the abominable treatment accorded to political suspects, whereupon the pan-Germanist Deputy Heine shouted: "They have not used the rope enough; all of them ought to have been hanged. At these words all of the Slav and Polish members rushed upon Heine and the President was obliged to suspend the sitting in the midst of tremendous uproar.

HOOPER SAYS FOOD GAMBLERS GET FIFTY MILLION A MONTH

Continued From Page One.

speculation," citing how middlemen and all other persons in the distribution process have been purchasing increasing supplies to avert individual shortage.

Predicts Further High Prices.

Hoover said that the canning trade as an example where the entire output of vegetables and fish for 1917 has been disposed of already, before it has even reached the canners. He predicted further high prices. Thousands of men, he said, who heretofore have never owned a dollar's worth of foodstuff, are now speculating in necessities.

"The average prices to the consumers in countries where food administration is now in effect are lower than the prices in the United States," he said. "In England the price of bread is even 3 per cent below the prices we pay. I believe that unless some administration of our food is taken we will look back at these prices as being moderate."

Hoover denied that the bill established a food dictatorship. He characterized the purposes of food administration as to mobilize the people in order to carry out the advice given them by the Government officials and to decentralize the administration of foodstuffs in order to centralize the functions of the food administration into the various states.

A commission to take charge of production and distribution of flour, sugar and possibly a few other principal commodities, Hoover said, is being computed.

Aim to Stabilize Prices.

"Provisions for the Government to buy and sell commodities will be necessary for use only as to a very few prime commodities," he said. "The aim is to stabilize prices and thus eliminate speculation. The balance wheel for stabilizing prices is gone. We need an artificial balance-wheel. By setting up a wheat commission we can buy wheat, regulate its storage and transportation and handle it until exported or sold in this country. If we do not do this, wheat prices may collapse on account of our not being able to store and carry it, with speculators securing the sole benefit and farmers being the losers."

"We can contract tomorrow with the allies for a certain return for every bushel of wheat we can sell. By controlling prices at interior terminals we can assure millers their supplies and simplify transportation."

As to sugar, Hoover said American refiners are competing with the allies in Cuba and that the proposed sugar commission would co-operate with the allied producers, stabilizing and reducing prices, as well as removing speculative incentives. The proposed appropriation of \$100,000,000 for Government purchase of commodities, Hoover said, might prove too small, but is needed for banking facilities.

Read Questions Hoover.

Chairman Gore of the Agriculture Committee and Senator Reed of Missouri, leading the opposition to the bill, took a leading part in questioning Hoover.

"The report of these extraordinary powers is only because of the war," asked Senator Gore.

"To provide not only more food for the allies, but for ourselves," Hoover replied. "Even if we had not gotten into the war we would have been up against this tremendous demand from Europe and probably driven to some legislation to protect our own people."

Hoover disclaimed authorship, personal interest or responsibility for the bill's provisions extending to fuels.

Reed asked who was responsible for the clauses relating to fuel and Senator Sheppard of Texas suggested that President Wilson desired that the legislation be passed along the lines of Sheppard of Texas, Democrat, and Senator Kenyon of Iowa, Republican, also spoke in behalf of the bill.

In the House, Chairman Lever of the House Agricultural Committee, also emphasized the necessity of the legislation. He said the President could be trusted with the powers proposed and that they would be invoked against "crooks" and not against legitimate business interests.

Opposition in the Senate was voiced by Senators Gore, Reed and Vandaman, Democrats, and Gallinger, Republican.

In the House the opposition was led by Representative Haugen of Iowa, Republican, and Young of Texas, Democrat. Both declared the legislation unwelcome and unfair and aimed almost solely at the rural producers. Opposition Senators complained over alleged delay of the House in passing the first administration food bill designed to stimulate production and also prevent hoarding and speculation. They said the production bill and the Sherman anti-trust laws would be ample to cope with speculators.

Senator Chamberlain told the Senate he had been informed that there had been an increase of "say 20 per cent" in the price of certain staple articles.

"I don't know if anybody knows the cause of this increase," he said. "But one thing in the countries where there has been a tendency for the food prices to increase is that the Government has passed this bill to tend to hold prices down. The purpose of this bill is to vest somewhere regulation of the food prices."

Reed and Stone Break In.

Senator Reed asked if break lines in New York had not been instigated by German agents.

"I don't like to say," replied the Oregon Senator, "but I think that agents of some foreign countries have been at work in an effort to limit the hand of this Government."

German Casualties for May, 110,956; for War, 4,356,760

LONDON, June 18.

THE German casualties, as reported in the German official casualty lists, in May, follow:

Killed and died of wounds or sickness, 22,000; prisoners and missing, 26,222; wounded, 62,734. Total, 110,956.

These casualties, added to those previously reported, give the following totals since the beginning of the war:

Killed and died of wounds or sickness, 1,009,157; prisoners and missing, 697,418; wounded, 2,721,223. Total, 4,356,760.

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Senator Stone said the waste in food in hotels and elsewhere by individuals should be stopped. He said "Judy steaks" were but partially eaten and the rest thrown away, while women and children were half starving in the cities.

"There is enough food wasted that way to feed these people," he declared. "It is wicked waste, and somebody ought to be authorized to prevent it."

"How are you going to?" asked Senator Gallinger of New Hampshire. "Are you going to have Hoover go to a hotel and say that they shall give me a juicy steak to less than enough people? I understand a large amount of food from hotels is given to charity."

Senator Gallinger said the proposition for minimum price guarantee to farmers should be "retained," and he asked: "Why limit this to the farmers and not extend it to all industries?"

Senator Chamberlain said the inducement was being held out to the producers to grow all they could, and the Government would make it certain that they received a fair price for their efforts.

Powers Too Broad, Reed Says.

Senator Reed insisted that under the bill, returned to St. Louis today, could take over control of every farm or mill and he believed every bank. Senator Sheppard replied that this could be done in emergency cases, adding, "but I am not afraid to entrust that power to the President or to anybody he gives that power to."

Representative Borland of Missouri made a speech at the night session of the House, denouncing attacks upon Hoover.

"I am willing to trust the President's appointee," Borland said. "First, because he appointed him, and secondly, because Mr. Hoover's record and his achievements justify the confidence thus expressed."

"It may be that the opposition is confined entirely to wind. I hope so, but I am willing at present to believe that should have to feel that there are some class of men in our ranks who would shoot their own officers in the back."

There was scant attendance of members in either branch, about 75 to 105 staying on the floor in the House and an average of less than 30 in the Senate.

Chamberlain Advocates Bill.

Senator Chamberlain of Oregon, chosen to have charge of the bill in the Senate, urged it as a war necessity, declaring governmental control of food as essential as munitions and armaments. Senator Sheppard of Texas, Democrat, and Senator Kenyon of Iowa, Republican, also spoke in behalf of the bill.

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GO-ON-WITH-WAR SPIRIT GENERAL IN THE CENTRAL EMPIRE

Continued From Page One.

among the friends of Italy, there is disappointment that the Italian army has been unable, in two years, to break through. The population of Trieste, crowded on the quays, seen in the evening Italian shells bursting on the coast, which is the Gibraltar of the way to Trieste, but they come nearer. The hopes raised by the Austrian success during the first days of June.

The German soldiers with whom the correspondent talked are convinced the arm will be two years before the American army is ready, and that the allies will be unwilling even to talk peace before the Americans have tried to break the German lines.

Armenia Hailed Food.

This was the impression gained from talks with all sorts and conditions of people, after living among them. I do not know if they have enough materials for war industry, but the factories making munitions and guns are working day and night. The fact that the Armenians supply themselves with vegetables, potatoes and cereals, grown in the evacuated territories behind the front, makes the situation better than it was.

A change of great importance is taking place in the relations between Berlin and Vienna. The latter is taking more leading part, which is partly due to the fact that Premier Cernin is a much stronger personality than Chamberlain von Bethman-Hollweg.

UNIFORM FOUND WITH
CRUGER GIRL'S BODY
FITTED ON CHAUFFEUR

Continued From Page One.

and indicating that other girls in the city may have met a fate similar to that of Cruger's is being investigated by the commission.

Wife of Cocchi Issues Statement.

Mrs. Marie Cocchi, wife of the alleged murderer, who is held in jail on a woman, issued a statement through her lawyer, asserting she still believes her husband is innocent.

"I still claim my husband is not guilty," she said. "I do not believe in his guilt. If he is, I believe he must be innocent. I do not believe he could have acted alone. I hope he will be brought back to be placed on trial, and if he did kill this girl, I want to see him punished."

Mrs. Cocchi's two little girls, 8 and 9 years old, have been taken in charge by the Children's Society.

RETRAINS AFTER PRESENTING
A GOLD MEDAL TO MARCONI

Vincent Italian Acted on Behalf of Society of His Countrymen in Bestowing Gift in Chicago.

Vincent Italian, a notary, of 1315 Biscoff avenue, President of the Guglielmo Marconi Mutual Benefit Society, returned to St. Louis today from Chicago where he presented a gold medal on behalf of the society to Guglielmo Marconi, wireless inventor and member of the Italian war mission visiting the United States.

MISSOURIANS IN THE HOUSE FAVOR LEVER FOOD BILL

Virtually All Will Vote for Measure; Think Reed's Attack on It Unwarranted.

VIEWS ON PROPOSED LAW

Intention Expressed Generally to Vote for the Measure Before Congress.

By Wire From the Washington Bureau of the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, June 18.—The Missouri House delegation will vote practically to a man in favor of the Lever food control bill, taken up by the House yesterday. Senator Reed's bitter attack in the Senate upon the measure and his scathing arraignment of Herbert C. Hoover, food director, are not approved by the House members, who, as a rule, have received numerous letters from farmers, organized labor, commercial bodies and other business interests urging food control legislation.

While all the Missouri members regardless of politics do not take direct issue with the Junior Senator from their state, most of them think his attack was unwarranted. Speaker Champ Clark will support food control. The speech of Senator Reed has caused surprise throughout Missouri, according to information Congressmen have received from home.

Speaker Clark declined to comment upon the Reed speech. Representatives Shackelford and Russell are out of the city.

Statements by Other Members. Statements obtained by the Post-Dispatch correspondent from other Representatives follow:

Representative Romjue: "As I now see it, I shall support the bill. I earnestly favor some plan to reach the speculator who is manipulating the prices to the detriment of the consumer."

Representative Rucker: "I do not intend to take issue with Senator Reed, but I am earnestly in favor of food control and shall support the Lever bill."

Representative Alexander: "I have not studied the bill critically, but I favor food control and the bill to that end."

Representative Booher: "I am for the bill. It is a war measure and is in effect only during the war. It was amended in some places, as may be expected. I favor the bill as a war measure."

Representative Borland: "I am for the bill."

Representative Dickinson: "I see no reason for not supporting the bill. I favor food control, and especially some plan to reach speculators who are cornering the markets and controlling prices."

Representative Hamlin: "My position on the question of food control is that in time of war there are two things essential, that which sustains the people fighting an enemy and that which destroys the enemy. I favor placing the control of both in the hands of this President, who is commander in chief of the army, and shall vote for the bill."

Meeker Undecided. Representative Meeker: "It is a very remarkable bill to say the least. I am not prepared as yet to say whether I shall support it, though I have read it twice. The people have an impression that it only regulates jobbers and certain large interests that control food, and do not know that it takes charge of the home and the food supply therein; for instance, eggs. If the cold storage people are not permitted to store eggs this summer we will have none next fall. This is only one instance of the importance of proper legislation."

Representative Igou: "I favor a radical and far-reaching measure, perhaps more so than the Lever bill. The time has come when we must act to control food prices and get at once."

Representative Dyer: "I favor food control and will vote for the bill as finally amended for passage. I hope to have it amended myself. I do not think the people of Missouri have changed any in their support of the bill since Senator Reed's speech."

Representative Hensley: "I have read the bill very carefully and think I understand its purposes as I see it and understand it now. I am going to vote for it, though I may vote to amend some of its provisions."

Representative Decker: "I shall vote for the Lever bill."

Representative Rubey: "I am most heartily in favor of the bill. In his speech Senator Reed told us about things that no one ever heard of, or could imagine as possible. Mr. Lever, chairman of the committee, has requested me to make the closing speech in support of the bill and I have agreed to do so."

MORE MEN CRITICISE REED'S OPPOSITION TO FOOD CONTROL

Members of War Board Committee of Chamber of Commerce Support Chairman's Views.

Members of the War Board of the Chamber of Commerce, in statements to the Post-Dispatch today, are as outspoken as E. D. Nims, chairman of the board, in their opinion that the stand of the Lever food conservation bill, and think as he does, that Senator Reed should get out of the way.

In an interview printed in the Sunday Post-Dispatch, Nims said the consensus of the board's opinion was that Reed's stand was ridiculous and he stated that there are several who had gone so far as to declare that he should be fired out of the Senate for his action in opposing the bill. He expressed the conviction that the people of this State will show their resentment. The Women's Central Committee on Food Conservation also sent a telegram to Senator Reed urging him to support the bill and aid

Lord Northcliffe Walking With the British Ambassador in Washington



LEFT TO RIGHT—SIR CECIL SPRING-RICE AND LORD NORTHCLIFFE.

The British Ambassador, Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, and Lord Northcliffe, the new director of the work of the British War Commission to the United States, are shown here leaving the State, War and Navy building in Washington after a conference with Secretaries Lansing, Baker and Daniels.

STREET FOOD 'STANDS' ADVOCATED BY WOMEN

Aldermanic Committee Announces at Hearing That It Opposes Bill.

Women and others who are advocating the passage of a bill to permit farmers and producers of foodstuffs to sell their products directly to consumers, were informed by Chairman Wyrick of the aldermanic Legislation Committee which conducted a public hearing on the measure, yesterday afternoon, that he and his associates opposed its adoption because they wanted to prevent competition with St. Louis merchants who pay taxes and support the city.

Mrs. E. M. Grossman, representing the Women's Committee on Food Conservation, provoked a laugh at the committee's expense by a sarcastic criticism of the way in which the hearing had been conducted. Challenging in Wyrick and the members held confidential conversations with opponents of the bill.

"I understood that this was to be a public hearing," Mrs. Grossman said when her turn came to speak, "but it seems more like a private hearing. There are any valid objections to the bill I have been unable to hear them."

Mrs. Grossman said the Government, the newspapers and the women of St. Louis and elsewhere had done all that they could to increase foodstuffs and there was a considerable increase. There wasn't too much food in the country, she said, and prices are still high. She asked that the bill be passed so that "stands" could be established for farmers' wagons in different parts of the city so that the poor could purchase their supplies of fruits and vegetables as cheaply as possible.

President Aboe of the board said with the committee. He said the bill would be of benefit to the poor of the tenement districts, where there was no opportunity to grow "herb" gardens.

It was the intention of the women's committee, Aboe said, to designate stands at the offices of the Provident Association, the United Jewish Charities and the St. Vincent de Paul Society, if the bill passed, so that the poor could take advantage of low prices for fruits and vegetables.

L. H. Proke and other members of the Central Trades and Labor Union and H. C. Keene of the Tenth Ward Improvement Association requested the bill's adoption. W. A. Carr, a dealer in produce, and several other speakers opposed the bill.

The Associated Press News Service is received and printed exclusively by the Post-Dispatch in the St. Louis evening field.

CARTER ARRESTED FOR MURDER OF BABY LLOYD KEET

Man Accused in Information Reported Held in Hutchinson, Kan.

TWO OF ACCUSED HERE

Pierol and Cletus Adams Brought From Jackson County Jail.

Dick Carter, accused in an information of the murder of Baby Lloyd Keet of Springfield, Mo., was arrested today in Hutchinson, Kan., according to an Associated Press dispatch from that place. This announcement came soon after Claude J. Pierol, 21 years old, and Cletus Adams, 18, suspects in the Keet kidnapping and murder case, were brought here from Kansas City and placed in the city jail.

Prosecuting Attorney Paul M. O'Day of Springfield and his assistant, Dan Nee, were in conference with Chief of Detectives Allender this morning, following the arrival of the two prisoners in St. Louis. Reporters were not permitted to question Pierol and Adams.

The purpose of their removal to St. Louis, it is believed, is to have them questioned by Chief Allender. In Springfield, where Allender is well known through his former work as chief special agent for the Frisco Railroad, there has been a feeling that he might succeed in getting a statement from the two which would solve the mystery of the kidnapping and murder.

Information issued. Pierol and Adams were charged, in informations issued in Springfield yesterday, with the murder of the Keet infant. The information against Carter was issued a week before, and was made public when he was supposed to have been arrested in Hutchinson. It was said at that time, however, that the wrong Dick Carter was named.

The man arrested in Hutchinson today admitted that he was the Dick Carter named in the Springfield information, but denied that he knew anything of the Keet crime. He virtually gave himself up to the police, appearing at the Swift packing plant, where he had formerly worked, and asking the foreman, who knew him well, for a job. The foreman detained him until a policeman arrived. Carter said he had been working for a paving company in Wellington, Kan., since March 2, and had not been in Springfield during that time.

The charge against Carter is based on the statement of W. L. Warner of Everton, Mo., who said he had related to him in the abandoned Crenshaw house, near Springfield, May 31, the day after the Keet baby's disappearance. It was in the well near this house that the body of the child was found, June 3, Warner's description of the man, who seemed to point to Carter, who had been a resident of Springfield.

Warner and his brother-in-law, John Toothman, of Springfield, who was with him on the chance of a prize hearing, will be asked to view Carter, it is expected.

Sheriff Repeats Prisoner's Story. Sheriff Webb of Springfield, who brought Pierol and Adams here from Kansas City, said he had related to police headquarters, a conversation which he had with the prisoners on the train. He said Adams repeated his former story that he and Pierol had visited the old Crenshaw house last fall. Adams also told of having gone to the Keet house on the morning before the kidnapping, accompanied by Pierol, on the way to a neighbor's house, to deliver some dishes from a store.

Young Adams, according to the Sheriff, said he knew nothing about the kidnapping, and said he did not see why he was held, except as a witness. Pierol, according to the Sheriff, repeated his former story, that he and Pierol had visited the old Crenshaw house last fall. Adams also told of having gone to the Keet house on the morning before the kidnapping, accompanied by Pierol, on the way to a neighbor's house, to deliver some dishes from a store.

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SEPARATE PEACE IMPOSSIBLE, SAYS RUSSIAN MINISTER

Agreement With Germany Would Mean War With Allies, Tseretelli Declares.

URGES AN OFFENSIVE

Declares Inactivity at Front Is Not Consolidating, but Enfeebling Revolution.

PETROGRAD, June 18.—The desire to align Russia's internal program with that of her allies as quickly as possible was expressed at Sunday's session of the Pan-Russian Congress of all Councils of Workers and Soldiers Deputies by M. Tseretelli, Minister of Posts and Telegraphs, who coupled this expression with sharp repudiation of any idea of a separate peace for Russia.

"We desire to hasten the conclusion of a new treaty which the principles proclaimed by the Russian democracy will be recognized as the basis of the international policy of the allies," said M. Tseretelli in his address. "Let us employ all possible means to the end that our program may agree with that of all the allied Governments so as to avoid a rupture with our allies."

"The worst result of our struggle for universal peace would be a separate peace with Germany, which would destroy the results of the Russian revolution. A separate peace is, in fact, impossible. It would bring Russia into a new war on the side of the German coalition, and would mean leaving one condition only to enter into another."

After speaking in support of the work of Minister of War Kerensky, he urged renewed activity by the army.

"When the country finds itself menaced by an attack from without," he declared, "it is the duty of the revolutionary army to be ready, of its own accord, to advance. The inactivity on our front has not consolidated the revolution, but on the contrary has enfeebled it."

Nikolai Lenin, the Socialist radical, delivered a long harangue against the Cabinet, its acts and its attitude, especially regarding the war, and against Minister Kerensky's appeal for an offensive, which he characterized as treason to the interests of international socialism.

Kerensky in replying said the fraternization with the enemy which Lenin advocated was not in the heart of the German general staff.

"We must prove to the international," said the War Minister, "that we are not a negligible quantity." Kerensky gave an account of his visit to the front and of the work of the state after his departure, which he characterized as treason to the interests of international socialism.

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Elderliness Giving Way to Youth in U. S. Navy

Preparations of Service for War

By WINSTON CHURCHILL.

More than twenty years have passed since I graduated from Annapolis, and in that time a new world has been born, and a new navy, I know the difference between a bowline and a blackwall hitch, I could still lash a hammock with seven possible turns. Deep within me so deep that it can never be eradicated, is the spirit of the Navy. I still belong to it. I always shall—and this is my chief qualification for my present task of attempting to familiarize our people with a conscientious, loyal and resourceful service of unsoiled history and splendid traditions. Then the officers of our Navy no better Americans exist. In that personnel are represented all parts of our country, all elements of our population.

At Annapolis they have undergone four years of what is perhaps the stiffest mental and physical training to be had in the United States, if not in the world. It is a pleasure as well as a duty to praise where praise is due. If since the Civil War the navy has as times been open to criticism, it cannot too strongly be emphasized that this criticism does not apply to the personnel, and the best proof of it is that some years ago Britain, whose navy in time of war has been her greatest pride, abandoned her old system of training and virtually adopted ours. Her officers had been struck by the allround efficiency of the graduates of our Naval Academy, a British officer of high rank visited Annapolis and subsequently recommended the system to his admiralty.

Officers Have Plenty of Work. Among certain American minds the fiction undoubtedly exists that naval officers do very little work. All that is required of them is to "stand by" and travel around the world, enjoying themselves. When we go aboard a battleship for lunch or dinner the life appears luxurious indeed. There is the comfortable wardroom with its silver service given by the state after which the ship is named, the gay talk and laughter.

The young man sitting next you does not tell you, perhaps, that he left his home at four that day for the morning watch, supervised the cleaning of a ship more complicated than a modern metropolis hotel; and, if at sea, has been responsible for his position and safety, and travel around the world, enjoying themselves. When we go aboard a battleship for lunch or dinner the life appears luxurious indeed. There is the comfortable wardroom with its silver service given by the state after which the ship is named, the gay talk and laughter.

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MITCHELL TELLS OF \$1000 OFFER ON CHIROPRACTIC BILL

Doctor, Member of Legislature,
Says He Rejected Proposition
to Withdraw Opposition.

DENIES ONE REPORT

Declares That as Physician He
Believed Measure and Opto-
metry Bill Were Bad.

By a Staff Correspondent of the Post-
Dispatch.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 12.—Dr. Guy B. Mitchell, member of the Legislature from Taney County, today told a Post-Dispatch reporter that he was approached by a Jefferson City lawyer one evening at the last session of the Legislature with an offer of \$1000 to withdraw his opposition to a bill to license chiropractors in Missouri.

Dr. Mitchell said he rejected the offer and continued vigorous opposition to the bill, which was opposed by the Missouri State Medical Society, of which he is a member, and of which he formerly was a vice president.

The statement regarding the offer was made by Dr. Mitchell in a discussion of the bill, which has reached Circuit Attorney McDaniel of St. Louis that Dr. Mitchell and C. L. Easton, legislative representative of the State Chiropractic Association, met in the office of a Jefferson City lawyer, and that a suggestion was made that Dr. Mitchell, who had opposed the bill in the House, where it was defeated for engrossment, agree to try to get a reconsideration of it for \$200, with an additional \$800 contingent upon its passage by the House.

Dr. Mitchell said: "I never discussed the chiropractic bill or any other bill with Easton. We had a mutual dislike for each other and hardly spoke when we passed."

Opposition Explained.
"My opposition to the chiropractic bill, as well as to the optometry bill, was well known in Jefferson City. I opposed them because as a physician I considered them bad bills. I take to myself a good deal of the credit for defeating the chiropractic bill."

"During the session I was on very familiar terms with a Jefferson City lawyer who was retained by the chiropractors. I frequently was in his company, meeting him at social gatherings and frequently about town."

"One evening this lawyer gave me to understand that I could get \$3000 on the chiropractic bill if I would withdraw my opposition. Naturally the offer was not made directly. I was merely told that there was money on the bill and that I could get \$3000 of it."

"I refused absolutely to even consider it, and his offer was not repeated. I continued to oppose the bill."

Bill Defeated in House.
"When the bill came up for engrossment in the House, I talked against it and it was defeated. A few days later Representative McPherson of St. Louis offered a motion to reconsider the vote by which the bill failed of engrossment. I raised the point that the motion had not been offered within the three-day limit fixed by the rules, and I also again objected to the bill on its merits. McPherson's motion failed."

"I believe the statements which have

Five Little Entertainers for Pure Milk and Free Ice Fund



Bear row, left to right: Martha Ann Martin, Dorothy Bacon, Blanche Cotton. Front row: Mary Carolyn Craig, Carolyn Benedict.

been made to the Circuit Attorney in St. Louis about me are for the purpose of getting revenge for my consistent opposition to the bill and to other bills opposed by the medical society. It looks to me like a frame-up to discredit the physicians of the State."

"But even if there was anything in the story about me, I don't see what a St. Louis grand jury would be doing investigating it. If the statements made were true, the jurisdiction would be in Jefferson City. However, I am ready to go to St. Louis and tell the Circuit Attorney everything I know and am willing to go before the grand jury if he wants me to."

"I have nothing to conceal. I know from what the Jefferson City lawyer told me that I could have had \$3000 on the chiropractic bill."

After reading the foregoing dispatch officials at the Circuit Attorney's office today said they would summon Mitchell before the grand jury before the close of this week.

**ELDERLINESS GIVING
WAY TO YOUTH IN U. S.
NAVY, SAYS CHURCHILL**

Continued From Preceding Page.

ments began perceptibly to grow; and now the navy has suddenly been called upon to swallow, constrictor-like, more than one and half times as many men as it contained before the declaration of war. Sixty thousand, roughly speaking, must now assimilate 90,000 more, making a total of 150,000.

The new Federal merchant marine must be supplied with gun crews, with engine drivers and firemen, while every available fighting ship must have her complement, must be ready for action. The stupendous task of training these new recruits has fallen on the shoulders of the officers, and their response has been magnificent. This work is going forward in the battleship fleet. On my visit to the fleet I talked with many officers on many ships, and I heard no word of grumbling or complaint. They are setting their hands courageously to the task confronting them, and they at least realize that we are face to face with a desperate and costly war, the responsibility of which now rests mainly with the American Republic.

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FRANK R. RICE, PRESIDENT OF CIGAR COMPANY, DIES

Had Been Ill at His Summer Home in
Michigan; Last Night Leg in
Circulator

Frank R. Rice of 3600 Lindell avenue, president of the F. R. Rice Mercantile Cigar Co., died at 1 a. m. today at his summer home at St. Clair, Mich., according to telegrams received here by relatives. He had been suffering from heart disease. He was 74 years old and was a veteran of the Civil War.

He lost his right leg in the battle of Fredericksburg, Va., Dec. 13, 1862, and was transferred to the Veteran Reserve Corps, with which he remained until the close of the war, when he was commissioned as a Second Lieutenant of the Forty-fourth United States Infantry, with which regiment he retained his connection until 1871, when he retired as a Captain.

He leaves a wife and two children, Mrs. B. Sheldon of 4642 Maryland avenue, and Justin R. Rice of Florida. Rice came to St. Louis in 1871 and founded a cigar business from which he amassed a fortune. He was a director of the Mechanics-American National Bank. The funeral probably will be held in Washington, as the body will be buried in the National Cemetery there.

**OFFICIALS FIND GOAL
CAR IN THEIR OFFICE**

Jammed Through the Wall of the
All Roofing Company in
East St. Louis.

When officials of the All Roofing Co., at Eighteenth street and Converse avenue, East St. Louis, arrived at their office this morning, they found it partly occupied by a coal car which had been jammed through the wall.

A car on the Terminal tracks, near the plant, jumped the track late last night, and plunged into a string of cars standing on a side track. The string was propelled forward by the impact. There was no bumper at the end of the side track, and the end car ran off and into the office building.

The building was damaged about \$500. The POST-DISPATCH report and Country Board offers give suggestions for summer outing.

WEST END ACTIVE IN PURE MILK CAUSE

Children There First to Organ-
ize Benefit Entertainments in
Large Numbers.

CONTRIBUTIONS.
Previously acknowledged \$531 00
Le Guay 1 00
Total \$532 00

Children living in the West End have entered with promptness and enthusiasm in the work of the Post-Dispatch Pure Milk and Free Ice Fund. Benefit affairs thus far have been almost entirely in that section of the city, and many others are in process of organization. In each of the preceding years of the fund's operation the girls and boys of all the other sections of the community have manifested sympathy in a substantial manner, so that it appears the 1917 campaign is to be of the unanimous order.

The army of young people has never greatly exceeded 3000, a very small percentage of the youthful population of St. Louis. What might be accomplished if those enlisted in the cause should make it part of their endeavor to enroll others from year to year, until the workers included at least half of the girls and boys of the city and neighborhood communities, is not difficult to comprehend—not a baby need be lost to its home and the community because of lack of the most wholesome milk and ice. Instead of a fund of from \$4000 to \$5000, it could be made at least three times as great.

Karl Ewerhardt and Harold Vetter gave a show at 538 Kensington avenue in the same district, at 5357 Cates avenue, Arlington Knight Reed, assisted by Mildred and Willie Finnigan and Marcell Hartley, produced a highly finished and fascinating show, the proceeds being \$3.50.

Nine girls and boys gave, in the rear yard of 5742 Westminster place, an entertainment of notable merit, the financial outcome being \$1 and the result otherwise an evening of genuine pleasure to a large gathering of neighbors, old and young. These children are Mary and Amorita Hawpt, Jane Adams, Georgina Adams, Donald Cramer, Jack Chadwick and Flynn Anderson.

A supporter of the cause for several years, Le Guay of 5532 Kensington avenue, forwarded \$1, with the "hope that many more will aid in your good work."

Mrs. Kate M. Gross, whose name has been regularly enrolled on the list of contributors to the fund for some years, is among the current season's early responders to the appeal, sending a check for \$10.

Bear Cub for the Zoo.

A 2-month-old black bear cub was presented to the Municipal Zoo today by Miss Violet Evers of 4221A Labadie avenue. It was captured by her father, Harry Evers, in the State of Washington. The addition to the zoo answers to the name "Beastie."

Spending \$50,000,000 a Week to U. S.

NEW YORK, June 12.—Great Britain's weekly war expenditures in the United States amount to between \$50,000,000 and \$60,000,000, Lord Northcliffe, head of the British departmental missions in this country, announced last night on his return from Washington. A contract for \$40,000,000 was placed in one day alone, last week, he said.

AMERICAN TANKER SUNK; FOUR MEN LOST

"John D. Archbold," Owned by
Standard Oil Co., Sent Down
by a Submarine.

NEW YORK, June 12.—The 8000-ton oil tank steamship John D. Archbold of the Standard Oil Co. was sunk by a submarine in European waters last Saturday. The announcement was made at the offices of the company here today. Four members of the tanker's crew were lost. The ship was armed and a gunner's crew from an American warship was on board. The ship was under the command of Capt. H. D. Thompson, with a crew of 41 men, of whom 12 were Americans.

**Five of Crew Killed, Gun Crew All
Rescued.**

WASHINGTON, June 12.—State Department advisers reporting the sinking of the steamer John D. Archbold said three of the vessel's crew were killed and two drowned, but that the 12 members of the armed guard were all safe.

Woman of 101 Bought Liberty Bonds.
WASHINGTON, June 12.—Mrs. Louise K. Thiers of Milwaukee, 101 years old, and the daughter of a Revolutionary soldier, who served under Washington and Lafayette, has bought a Liberty bond. Receipt of her subscription was acknowledged today by Secretary McAdoo in a letter.

ST. LOUIS LEADS COUNTRY IN MARINE CORPS RECRUITING

City Last Week Enlisted 293 Men,
Although Allotment Was Only
125; District Furnished 373.

St. Louis led the country last week in the number of recruits obtained for the Marine Corps and was the only city which more than filled its allotment. In St. Louis 293 recruits were obtained, although the city's allotment was only 125. In the St. Louis recruiting district there were 373 recruits, but the district allotment was 200. The Chicago district, with an allotment of 750, obtained 200 recruits.

Recruiting is continuing as usual. Orders were received yesterday to send all re-enlisted men to the new expeditionary camp at Quantico, Va., for special training. These men probably will be one of the first expeditions to France.

First Sergeant Francis E. Turin, a native of St. Louis, who has been in charge of the Marine recruiting office here, will report at Washington next Monday to take an examination for a commission as Second Lieutenant in the Marine Corps.

"Highwayman," Aged 7, Victim Is 6.

Mrs. Daniel Scanlon of 3863 Garfield avenue reported to the police that her daughter, Mary, aged 6, on her way to a grocery store at 6 a. m., was held up and robbed of 20 cents by two boys, about 7 years old. One of the boys had an air rifle, she said, and pointed it at the little girl and ordered her to hold up her hands.

Last month the Post-Dispatch printed 440 Situation Want Ads—127 more than the FOUR other St. Louis newspapers combined.

MAN DIES, 4 OTHERS ARE HURT, IN FIRE

Two Women and Two Men Jump
From Rooms Over E. St. Louis
Packing House.

Emil Ronegar, 50 years old, was burned to death and four persons were injured in a fire last night which destroyed the Tri-City Packing Co. and an adjoining hardware store at 201-23-25 St. Clair avenue, East St. Louis.

Ronegar and three of four injured were boarders at the home of Mrs. Nanale Turns, above the packing house. They were cut off from the only exit, a rear stairway, and all jumped out of the second-story window on St. Clair avenue except Ronegar, who was trapped by the flames. His body was found at 7 a. m.

Mrs. Turns was burned about the body and her left ankle was broken from the fall; Mrs. Bell Parson, 64 years old, was slightly burned and her right ankle was dislocated; Clyde Abernathy, 32, was bruised and burned, and John Schnell, 27, was burned on the face and arms.

The buildings collapsed after the fire had burned an hour and Ronegar was not missed until after this.

Abernathy said he was sleeping in the same bed with Ronegar. When awakened by flames, Abernathy explained, he shook Ronegar in an effort to awaken him, and then jumped out of a window. The fire apparently originated in the

packing house and was under good headway before discovered.

The Tri-City Packing Co. operates a number of grocery stores in East St. Louis under this name and it was one of these stores that was destroyed.

The total damage was estimated at more than \$20,000.

**MUNITIONS MAKERS ATTEMPT TO
HIDE PROFITS FROM TAXATION**

Inspectors Reported to Have Dis-
covered Attempted Evasions To-
talling More Than \$10,000,000.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—Widespread attempts on the part of munitions makers to evade the payment of profits taxes imposed by Congress last September have been reported by the Internal Revenue agents. The extent of the attempted evasion thus far known totals more than \$10,000,000. Some of the largest concerns failed to make complete returns of profits. It is charged.

Under the law, munitions makers are required to report to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue their profits each year and to pay the Government a tax of 12 1/2 per cent. Virtually all of the 80 to 700 manufacturers made their returns, apparently in conformance with the law, showing profits which netted the Government approximately \$35,500,000 in taxes. Investigators reported profits largely in excess of those submitted to the Government in many instances.

One firm, which reported originally that it had made no profits, altered its report and sent the Government a check for approximately \$150,000 in payment of taxes.

The penalty for making false returns is fine or imprisonment or both.

Visitors' accommodation directory—today's Post-Dispatch Room and Board want columns.

Wednesday

Garland's

Tomorrow

SALE OF NET DRESSES

Dainty Dresses that are full of interest to women desiring the youthful effects that render Summer Dresses of this character so attractive, and in addition to the daintiness of style, there's another attraction—PRICE.

They're Worth from
\$25.00 to \$45.00

Wednesday Sale Price

\$19

Even a bride or a bridesmaid can find something pretty enough and good enough among these unusual Dresses at this unusual price.

Filet and French net, over white or delicate tinted taffeta silk. Some have touches of color in embroidery, French flowers or ribbon, others are all white. Wide ribbon girdles, silk drapes in the pouch or bag effects. All-in-all this is about the "smartest" lot of Dresses we've seen this season, and at the price they should all be sold in the one day, as there are only 179 altogether.

Dress above is of white embroidered net. The large collar is trimmed with imitation flat Venise lace. Crushed satin girdle, \$19.00.

Dress above is of tucked net over pink and yellow, with wide bands of lace, \$19.00.

THOMAS W. GARLAND 409-11-13 Broadway

"HIS MASTER'S VOICE"

To insure Victor quality, always look for the famous trademark, "His Master's Voice." It is on all genuine products of the Victor Talking Machine Company.

Music that stirs your patriotism

You'll delight to hear on the Victrola the thrilling patriotic songs and dramatic recitations which stir up that "love-of-country feeling" and inspire renewed devotion to our nation.

And what is better to help celebrate the "glorious Fourth?"

Number	Size	Price
America	10	0.75
American Patriotic Airs	10	0.75
America	10	0.75
Red, White and Blue	10	0.75
Hail Columbia	10	0.75
Star Spangled Banner	10	0.75
America, Here's My Boy	10	0.75
Let's All Be Americans Now	10	0.75
Columbia, Gem of the Ocean	10	0.75
Star Spangled Banner	10	0.75
Dixie	10	0.75
Star Spangled Banner	10	0.75
Star Spangled Banner	10	0.75
Sousa's Band	10	0.75
Pryor's Band	10	0.75
Victor Mixed Chorus	10	0.75
Victor Mixed Chorus	10	0.75
Victor Military Band	10	0.75
Victor Military Band	10	0.75
Poorless Quartet	10	0.75
American Quartet	10	0.75
Harry Macdonough	10	1.25
Frank C. Stanley	10	1.25
Mabel Garrison (with Male Quartet)	10	1.00
John McCormack (with Male Chorus)	10	1.00
Geraldine Farrar	10	2.00

There are 102 other patriotic records listed in the Victor Record catalog.

Go to-day to the nearest Victor dealer's and arrange for your Fourth of July celebration. He will gladly play any music you wish to hear and demonstrate the various styles of the Victor and Victrola—\$10 to \$400.

Victor Talking Machine Co., Camden, N. J.

Important Notice. Victor Records and Victor Machines are scientifically coordinated and synchronized by our special process of manufacture, and their use, one with the other, is absolutely essential to a perfect Victor reproduction.

New Victor Records demonstrated at all dealers on the 25th of each month.

Victrola

"Victrola" is the Registered Trade-mark of the Victor Talking Machine Company designating the products of this Company only. Warning! The use of the word Victrola upon or in the promotion or sale of any other Talking Machine or Phonograph products is misleading and illegal.

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"Fill the Fifth"

Help St. Louis complete its New Regiment, the 5th Missouri. Come yourself or send a man. 716 Olive Street or Armory, Grand and Market.

Printed Voles, Yd.

CHOICE of about 45 pieces of Printed Voles, in light and dark grounds. (Square 2—Main Floor.)

Golf Cord Figue, Yd.

ABOUT 600 yards of 29c fine grade, yard 29c wide Figue, in four different size wells. (Square 17—Main Floor.)

Stix, Baer & Fuller

GRAND-LEADER
SIXTH-WASHINGTON-SEVENTH & LUCAS

"Foot Comfort" Week

Representative of Dr. Scholl will be in the Shoe Department to demonstrate the advantages of the various foot appliances to alleviate all foot troubles. (Main Floor.)

White Lisle Stockings, Pr.

SPLENDID quality, reinforced with double heels and toes, with wide garter hems. Slightly irregular. Three pairs for 50c. (Square 6—Main Floor.)

Curtain Marquisette, Yd.

FILET Curtain Marquisette, of splendid mercerized quality. White, ivory and beige with striped borders and woven edge. (Sixth Street Highway.)

Crepe Silk Shirts

In a Special Sale at \$4.45



SO good are the values, so pretty the patterns, that prompt action will be necessary on the part of the men who share in this Wednesday event.

There are but 300 Shirts in the lot, which came from a well-known maker at a liberal price concession which enables us to quote the \$4.45 price.

Many beautiful striped combination patterns—all with soft fold cuffs, and in all sizes. Rich-looking Shirts that show at first glance that their true value is much greater than the Wednesday figure.

A Capture of Soft Collars

Offers 3600 samples of a well-known maker.

3 for 25c

Men's and boys' sizes are included, at

(Men's Store—Main Floor.)

Sale of Tumblers

SEVERAL hundred dozen Iced Tea and Water Tumblers, pressed and blown crystal, including plain, etched and light cut designs at specially low price.



Iced Tea Glasses, needle etched, 12-oz. size, in band designs, each 12c
Iced Tea Glasses, in three designs (as illustrated), 12-oz. size each 15c

Table Tumblers, 9-ounce size, medium weight crystal, each 4c
Water Tumblers, lead blown, needle etched, 9-ounce size, medium weight crystal, each 4c
Water Tumblers, lead blown, needle etched, 9-oz. size, each 8c
Cut Glass Tumblers, vintage and pansy design, each 8c
Iced Tea Glasses, Colonial style, in straight and flare tops, each 7c
Lemonade Glasses, 12-oz. size, thin lead-blown crystal, each 8c
Iced Tea Glasses, 12-oz., cut in dot and star design, each 10c
Water Tumblers, Colonial style, each 5c (Fifth Floor.)

Seamless Axminster Rugs, Special, \$32.00

IF we had to buy these Rugs today, this price would be impossible. They are S. Sanford & Son's seamless Axminsters, in 9x12 ft. size, and in a good assortment of Oriental patterns, in soft, harmonious shades.

Axminster Rugs, \$36.75

Manhattan grade Axminsters, in 11 ft., 3 in. x 12 ft. size. Beautiful Persian patterns.

Wool-and-Fiber Rugs, \$10.50

Beautiful light colored effects for bedrooms, in shades of blue, gray, pink, green and tan. 9x12-foot size.

Inlaid Linoleum, Square Yd., 98c

Cook's, Potter's and Nairn's heavy-weight Linoleums, suitable for home, store or office use—in blue-and-white and hardwood designs. (Fourth Floor.)

Corsets

Special \$1.85 at

TWO popular makes—one in pink brocade, with extra strong boning, for medium and stout figures. Another with walloh boning. Both in front or back lace styles.

Brassieres at 55c

Odd lots of H & W, B & J and De Bevoise Brassieres, in sizes 34 to 48.

Several Models in Nemo Corsets

Now sold at \$3.50, will be advanced to \$4.00 on July 2d. Upon this suggestion many women will buy Nemos now. (Second Floor.)

A Good Time to Buy Underwear

SUPPLY the Summer requirements Wednesday, for the savings warrant your doing so.

Glove Silk Vests, in strap or bodice style, finished with band top; special, \$1.50

Glove Silk Vests, in pink, embroidered in various patterns. Reinforced under arms; \$1.65

Glove Silk-Top Union Suits, in pink or white, reinforced; \$1

Children's Button Waists, finished with necessary tapes and buttons; special, 15c

Lisle Union Suits, in low neck, sleeveless style. The white have lace yoke or band top, with lace-trimmed knees, and the pink in tight knee only. (Main Floor.)

Some Rare Chances in Hosiery

At Special Savings.

Women's Silk Stockings, pure thread silk, drop-stitch style, in black and colors, reinforced at wearing points. Slightly irregular. Pair, 75c

Women's Silk Stockings, novelty stripe patterns, black, white and colors; special, pair, \$1.15

Women's Fiber Silk Stockings, novelty designs, black, white and gray, with fancy stripes. Double lisle heels and toes. Slightly irregular. Three pairs for 50c; pair, 19c

Children's Novelty Socks, white and colors, fancy striped tops, double heels and toes. Slightly irregular. Three pairs for 50c. Pair, 19c (Main Floor.)

Envelope Chemise, \$1.00

SIX very pretty styles of soft main-look, elaborately trimmed with embroidery, medallions, outlined with lace, insertion and edge. The Wednesday price is much below regular.



Envelope Chemise at \$1.50
Of soft batiste, beautifully embroidered in several designs, with back and front alike. Dainty garments for wear with the sheer Summer waists.

Camisoles, Special, \$1.00
Wash satin, in flesh color, with ribbon shoulders, embroidered in French colorings. (Main Floor.)

Children's Dresses, Special, 59c

MOTHERS will need a supply of these Chambray Dresses for the little folks' playtime wear. They are made in low neck, short sleeve style, with bloomers and are piped in white. Sizes 2 to 6 years.

Children's Dresses, 75c
Amoskeag gingham, in pretty plaids. Dresses are cut in Empire style, with full skirts and in sizes 2 to 6 years.

Children's Drawer Waists, 25c
Made of cambric, with full front and two rows of patent buttons. 2 to 14 year sizes. (Second Floor.)

**Silk Remnants, Each, 25c**

PRETTY plain and fancy Silks and Satins, in practical, useful lengths, offered while the lot lasts. (Sixth St. Highway—Main Fl.)

Silk Gloves, Pair, 79c

WOMEN'S Gloves of extra heavy weight Italian silk, others in Milanese weaves. Seconds of high-grade qualities. In black and white. (Square 4—Main Floor.)

Silks and Satins, Yard, 98c

TAFETTA Silks, Satins, Crepes, Poplins, 36 to 40 inches wide, in lengths containing up to 6 yards, suitable for skirts, waists and dresses. (Square 5—Main Floor.)

Bath Towels, Special, Ea., 20c

LOT of 80 dozen colored, striped Bath Towels, of pink, blue, lavender and gold stripes. (Square 16—Main Floor.)

Dress Goods Remnants, Yd., 98c

SHORT lengths of Serges, Poplins, Gabardines, Suitings, Coatings and Skirtings, in black and colors. Pieces contain from 2 to 6 1/2 yards. (Square 1—Main Floor.)

Dress Goods Remnants, 50c

Bolivas, Serges, Velour Suitings, in lengths of up to 1 1/2 yards. All 54 inches wide. (Sixth St. Highway—Main Floor.)

Marquisette Curtains, \$2.95 Pair

SPLENDID Marquisette Curtains that will give the Summer touch to the home or apartment. Others of sheer quality voile, with wide Fillet insertion and edge. White, cream and Arabian.

Fillet Lace Curtains, Pair, \$2.25

Beautiful Curtains with two-inch hems and neat lace edge. Some with plain centers, others in Colonial designs, in ivory and beige.

Imported Cretonnes, Yard, 40c

Just 20 pieces to offer, in all-over designs, for window draperies, slip covers and for furniture. 50 inches wide.

Nottingham Curtains, \$1.35 Pair

A special purchase of 200 pairs of Fillet Lace Curtains, with overlocked edges. Some have fancy borders, others all-over patterns. In cream and Arabian colors.

Matting Boxes, Each, \$2.25

Best quality Jap Matting, trimmed with bamboo, brass handles and substantial feet. While 100 last. (Fourth Floor.)

McCall Patterns

Known for their simplicity, accurate fit and distinctive style. Prices at 10c, 15c and 20c. (Second Fl. and Downstairs Store.)

Savings in Home Needs

Preserving Kettles, 12-quart size, gray enamel-ware, including Jelly Strainer Bag and Holder, special, 65c

Ice Cream Freezers, "Acme" make, quart size; freeze cream in from 3 to 5 minutes. Wednesday's special, 79c

Bath Spray and Brush, "Knickerbocker" make, a complete assortment, priced at \$1.75 to \$6.00

Mason Fruit Jars, screw cap style, including rubbers. Lipstick size, doz. 50c

1-quart size, doz. 55c
1/2-gal. size, doz. 65c
Grass Catchers, for lawn mowers, made of canvas, will fit any mower, special, 65c



Brooms, five sewed, good quality broom corn, polished handle, 59c

Wall Brushes for cleaning walls and ceilings, with short or long handle special, 69c

Goodyear Garden Hose, Elm Brand, 5-ply, guaranteed for entire season. 50-ft. length, Special, \$3.49

Hardwood Hose Reels, hold 100 feet of garden hose, special 79c

Lawn Mowers, Forest Park brand, self-sharpening styles, 10-inch high wheels.

14-in. size, special \$4.25
16-in. size, special \$4.95 (Fifth Floor.)

**100-Piece Dinner Sets at \$9.50**

IN the Wednesday Sale we offer 50 sets of American semi-porcelain, in pink rose spray design, with gold treatment. Set includes:

12 Dinner Plates 12 Saucers 1 Open Vegetable Dish
12 Salad Plates 1 Sugar 1 Covered Jutter
12 Bread & Butters 2 Meat Dishes 1 Covered Pickle
12 Soup Sauces 2 Covered Vegetable 1 Bowl
12 Cup 1 Sauce Boat 1 Cream

51-Piece Service of same quality, special at \$5.95

100-Pc. Dinner Sets, \$13.50
Domestic semi-porcelain, in dainty green floral border and blue lines.

100-Pc. Dinner Sets, \$19.50
Domestic semi-porcelain, with conventional band border and pink floral designs, modeled on plain shape.

100-Pc. Dinner Sets, \$17.50
English semi-porcelain, in blue band, delicate rosebud or blue band.

100-Pc. Dinner Sets, \$24.50
Decorated in spray design and with full mat gold handles, modeled on plain shape. (Fifth Floor.)

33rd Mill Remnant Sale In the Downstairs Store

Another Day of Remarkable Value-Giving in This Twice-Yearly Sale Event—Heed the Many Chances—Provide Needs for Months to Come.

Mill Remnant Sale of Staple Cotton Goods

MILL REMNANTS Dress Lawns, light colors; printed; on sale at, per yd., 5c
MILL REMNANTS White Dress Fabrics, fancy striped, checks and plaids; yard, 6c
MILL REMNANTS Mat-tress Tickings, fancy printed floral stripes; 32 inches wide; yard, 6 1/2c
MILL REMNANTS White Apron Lawns, extra wide (40 inches); on sale at, yard, 7 1/2c
MILL REMNANTS Un-bleached Muslins, 39 in. wide; on sale at, per yard, 7 1/2c
MILL REMNANTS Amos-keag Dress Gingham, of bleached yarns, in all the newest stripes and plaids; 32 in. wide; yard, 12 1/2c
MILL REMNANTS Dress Lawns, fancy striped and figured Batiste Lawns; yard, 7 1/2c
MILL REMNANTS Amos-keag Chambrays, solid pinks, blues, gray, lavender, etc.; 32 inches wide; yard, 12 1/2c
MILL REMNANTS White Voles, fancy woven stripes; 39 inches wide; yard, 12 1/2c
MILL REMNANTS Bat-iste (same on selvedge); mercerized, solid black, white and all colors; yd., 12 1/2c

Mill Remnant Sale of GLOVES

Women's fine quality Cham-aisette Gloves, in all-white or white with black embroidered backs, at pair, 45c (Downstairs Store.)

Mill Remnant Sale of Lace Curtains

Nottingham Curtains, 85c Pair
Several hundred pairs of Nottingham of double thread yarn, in exact copies of Battenberg, Arabian and Chiny designs.

Nottingham Curtains, \$1.29 Pair

Made of good Egyptian yarn with overlocked edges. Shown in white, cream and Arabian. 2 to 10 pair of a kind.

Curtain Voiles and Scrims, Yard, 10c
Splendid quality, in white, ivory and beige, in plain or with colored borders and drawnwork insertion.

Curtain Marquisettes, Yard, 8c
Splendid quality, in beige only. 36 inches wide.

Curtain Rods, Each, 4c
Heavy quality, finished with ball ends. Complete with brackets. (Downstairs Store.)

Mill Remnant Sale of APRONS

BUNGALOW Aprons, light percale, in solid colors and light grounds with small fig-ures. Openfront styles. Sec-onds of better grades, 50c

CHILDREN'S Aprons, bungal-ow style, of percale in solid colors and small figured de-signs. Broken sizes, seconds, 25c

WAIST Aprons, light and dark colored percales, made with pockets. Seconds at 15c

Mill Remnants of SILKS AND DRESSGOODS

FRESH assortments from reserve stocks are brought forward for Wednesday, affording splendid selection in Silk and Woolen materials at less than mill prices.

HIGH-GRADE DRESS GOODS, YARD, \$1.19
Remarkable lot of materials from one of the largest New Jersey mills, including such fabrics as:

Fancy Velours Duvetynes
Suitings Skirtings Broadcloths
In black, white and colors, with plenty of the dark staple shades.

Mill Remnants of Satens, 10c, 15c and 19c Yd.
Short lengths of 16-inch mate-rials, with pieces containing up to 6 yards, all well-known brands, in black, white and colors.

Mill Remnant Sale of HOSIERY

WOMEN'S Mercerized Lisle heels, black only. Slightly mended. Pair, 25c

WOMEN'S Fiber Silk Stock-ings, black, white and colors, double heels and toes. Slightly irregular. Pair, 25c (Downstairs Store.)

Mill Remnant Sale of CORSETS

CORSETS, front and back lace styles, in models for all types of figures, including stouts. Lace and embroidery trimmed, with three pairs of supporters. Sizes 20 to 33 at \$1.19

Fancy Brassieres, lace and em-broidery trimmed, also Con-finers, in hook-front and back styles. All sizes 39c

Mill Remnants of FLOOR COVERINGS

Brussels Rugs, \$9.98
Mill rejects that have cross-seams in one or two lengths, but are perfectly matched.

Wilton Velvet Rugs, \$19.98
Seconds of high-grade Wil-ton, in 9x12-ft. size, Oriental and allover designs.

Axminster Rugs, \$1.89
Alex. Smith & Son's Rugs, termed "irregulars" because lengths vary from 27x45 to 27x 54 inches.

Linoleum Remnants, Square Yard, 69c
A limited quantity short lengths of heavy-grade In-laid Linoleums, for halls, bath-rooms and small rooms.

Felt Linoleums, Sq. Yd., 29c
Mill remnants of heavy grade Felt Linoleum, containing up to 18 square yards. (Downstairs Store.)

Mill Remnant Sale of UNDERWEAR

WOMEN'S Vests, fine and Swiss ribbed, taped neck and arms, slight seconds. Reg-ular and extra sizes. 75c

WOMEN'S Taped Vests, gauze weight cotton, extra sizes. Each, 15c

WOMEN'S Union Suits, low neck, sleeveless, tight or lace knee, at 25c (Downstairs Store.)

The Apparel Section Supplements the Mill Remnant Sale With Noteworthy Offering in**Summer Dresses**

Special \$2.79 at

THIS event is the clearing house for the broken lots and sample Dresses of a large manu-facturer, which came in this sale at far below their regular worth.

Every garment is a new style, is splen-didly made from the most popular ma-terials, and every garment is desirable.

There are hundreds of charming styles to choose from, in all the wanted shades, with all sizes for misses and women.

Wash Skirts 59c and 89c

The skirts are surplus lots from a well-known maker, and include many sample garments. They are slightly soiled, but otherwise in good condition. Materials are pique, gabardine, beach cloth, in all-white and striped effects.

Wash Waists 39c and 69c

Waists taken from our own regular stocks and re-duced because of being slightly soiled or mused from handling. They are in all-white and colors. Sizes 36 to 44.

(Downstairs Store.)

WOMAN SUES BANK FOR \$50,000 DAMAGES FOR FALSE ARREST

Mrs. Helen Hartlinger, 19, says she was wrongfully accused of passing worthless checks, dismissed by court.

Suit for \$50,000 damages for false arrest and prosecution was filed today by Mrs. Helen Hartlinger, 19 years old, against the Grand Avenue Bank. Mrs. Hartlinger lives at the home of Mrs. Mosher, 7024 Berlin avenue, and, according to Chase Morsey, her attorney, is living apart from her husband.

Mrs. Hartlinger alleges an officer of the bank, a private detective and a policeman went to her home May 9, at night when she was alone, accused her of giving the bank a worthless check, and compelled her to dress in their presence. She was arrested, she alleges, and was in jail three days before obtaining bail.

Concerning the check, which was signed "J. C. Sommer," her petition sets forth that it was for \$25.00 and was presented at the bank by a woman April 30. The paying teller, the petition says, first identified another woman as the presenter and then Mrs. Hartlinger, and later declared that he had made a mistake in her identification also. She was dismissed by Judge Krueger in the Court of Criminal Correction, June 1.

BELGIUM'S KING IS GRATEFUL TO AMERICA

Note to President, Brought by Mission, Expresses Confidence U. S. Will See Nation Restored.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—The following personal letter to President Wilson from King Albert, delivered yesterday by Baron Moncheur, head of the Belgian mission to this country, was made public by the State Department today:

"I commend to your excellency's kindly reception the mission which bears this letter. This mission will express to the President the feelings of understanding and enthusiastic admiration with which my Government and people have received the decision reached by him in his wisdom. The mission will also tell you how greatly the important and glorious role enacted by the United States has been confirmed in the confidence which the Belgian nation has always had in free America's spirit of justice.

"The great American nation was particularly moved by the unwarranted and violent attacks made upon Belgium. It has sorrowed over the distress of my subjects, subjected to the yoke of the enemy. It has succeeded them with incomparable generosity.

"I am happy to have an opportunity again to express to your excellency the gratitude which my country owes you and the firm hope entertained by Belgium that on the day of reparation, toward which America will contribute so beautifully, full and entire justice will be rendered to my country.

"My Government has chosen to express its sentiments to your excellency through two distinguished men whose services will command credence for what they have to say—Baron Moncheur, who for eight years was my representative at Washington, and Lieutenant-General Leclercq, who has earned high appreciation during a long military career.

"I venture to hope, Mr. President, that you will accord full faith and credence to everything that they say, especially when they assure you of the hopes I entertain for the happiness and prosperity of the United States of America and of my faithful and very sincere friendship. ALBERT."

In greeting the Belgian mission yesterday President Wilson expressed America's "solemn determination that on the inevitable day of victory, Belgium shall be restored to the place she has so richly won among the self-respecting and respected nations."

The President said: "Your excellency is good enough to express the thanks of the Belgian people for the participation of America in feeding the people of your stricken country. This work, in which so many Americans have been enthusiastically engaged since the beginning of the war, is one which has brought as much of benefit to them as to the innocent civilian population whom it was intended to aid.

"America engaged in this work as being the only means, however inadequate, of expressing our deep and sincere admiration for the valiant nation that had gone forth unhesitatingly to meet the onslaughts of a ruthless enemy rather than sacrifice her honor and her self-respect. The American people have been able to understand and glory in the unflinching heroism of the Belgian people and their sovereign and there is not one among us who does not today welcome the opportunity of expressing to you our heartfelt sympathy and friendship, and our solemn determination that on the inevitable day of victory Belgium shall be restored to the place she has so richly won among the self-respecting and respected nations of the earth."

The visitors were entertained last night at a formal White House dinner. The diners included Vice President Marshall, the Belgian Minister, Chief Justice White, Speaker Clark, members of the Cabinet, a number of congressional leaders and high officers of the army and navy.

Buy from "Day" today—Garden Hose Day Rubber Co., 415 N. 4th st. ADV.

INJURY TO LAWYER POSTPONES SUIT OVER MULLANPHY FUND

Testimony Yesterday in Action to Divert Heavy Debt With Relief Extended to Emigrants.

The trial of the city's suit against Attorney-General McAllister for the diversion of the Mullanphy Emigrant Relief Fund to more practical charitable purposes, which began yesterday in Judge Hennings' court, was continued today because Assistant City Counselor Griffin had sprained his ankle.

Walter W. Ermatinger, secretary of the fund, testified yesterday that last year 125 applications for help were favorably acted upon and \$2007 was expended in relief of emigrants and travelers. The clerical expenses for the year were \$460. Two agents, he testified, were kept at Union Station looking for emigrants in need of assistance, but few were found.

The value of the real estate is \$1,000,000 and the income is \$45,000 a year. In the last three or four years \$150,000 has been spent in repairs.

BRITISH RECRUITING BEGINS

English Subjects to Be Enrolled Here for Army Service.

Maj. George W. Goods, officer in charge of recruiting for the army here today received registration blanks from the British Recruiting Commission in New York and will commence at once to enroll British subjects for the English colors. The work will be carried on through the co-operation of C. M. Pearson, the British Consul, and the local governmental recruiting organization.

Maj. Goods said today that the work will be carried on in the same manner that recruits are being obtained for our service. Applications will be given assistance and in cases where they have no transportation it will be furnished to forward them to New York.

BARNARD TELLS AT INQUEST HOW WHITAKER WAS KILLED

Repeats Story Told to Post-Dispatch Except That Campbell Appeared to Be Racing in Auto.

At the inquest into the death of A. Travis Whitaker of 6042 Waterman avenue, credit manager of George D. Barnard & Co., who was killed at noon Sunday in front of the Jefferson Memorial in Forest Park by an automobile driven by Joseph Campbell, 17 years old, of 514 North Vandeventer avenue, Charles M. Barnard of 5374 Maple avenue told the same story as he told yesterday to the Post-Dispatch except that he did not repeat his statement of yesterday that Campbell appeared to be racing with another machine.

Barnard testified that Whitaker was knocked about 40 feet and struck again and run over. The Campbell machine ran 100 feet before it stopped, he said.

Arthur S. Nesbit, 18, 3517 Washington boulevard, and Emerson Elchoz, 15, 3228 Westminster place, who were riding with Campbell, testified that Whitaker became confused and turned back in front of the machine when it swerved to the left. They denied that Campbell was racing with another machine, said the speed was 12 to 15 miles an hour and that Campbell sounded a warning.

Coroner Vitt, before continuing the hearing to tomorrow to get the testimony of two men who were with Whitaker and the watchman who was near by, said there were more automobile accidents than there should be because the traffic laws were not obeyed and because boys were permitted to drive. There should be a law, he said, against anyone under 21 years old operating an automobile. Owners' sons, he said, should be subjected to the same tests as chauffeurs before being permitted to drive.

The Post-Dispatch is the only evening paper in St. Louis which has a full-time news gathered by the Associated Press.

If you are interested in your teeth—you'll be interested in

PEBECO TOOTH PASTE

Because Pebeco is a real dentifrice. Because Pebeco was made to help you keep your teeth clean and also to counteract "Acid-Mouth"—one of the prime causes of tooth decay. Clean teeth, white teeth, sound teeth interest you, of course.

Pebeco contains the approved ingredients known actually to do these things; therefore it cannot fail to leave your mouth so pleasantly clean and refreshed that it is most delightful to use. Try it yourself. Use is the best proof.

Pebeco is sold by druggists everywhere

OUR SIGN IS OUR BOND

Lehn & Fink

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Store Hours: 8:30 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Items of Interest

The *fad* for Knitting Bags has lead to such a variety one is bewildered at the startling colors and amazing shapes of those bags which hang upon every feminine arm when shopping or attending social events. We are showing a variety of silk and satin effects—beautiful chiffon and flowered bags for the Bridal Party and the Cretonnes are most attractive in all colors and designs.

Art Needle Shop—Second Floor.

Most fitting gifts may be chosen from our extensive assortment of silver. A distinctive set, beautiful in design is a Sherbet Set of solid silver—consists of six cups, six spoons and comes in a handsome velvet lined case. Particularly beautiful and one of the hot weather needs is a *Parfait Set*, a solid silver cup or holder with a rock crystal lining, and comes in a very fine attractive case.

We are also showing the *Lemon and Sugar Set* with the solid silver filigree basket and rock crystal lining; this will be lovely for the tea table.

Silverware Shop—First Floor.

Novelties are always shown in our Stationery. The new paper hats are the newest, can be had in any color and there are twelve styles to choose from which are very chic. Most suitable for outings or picnics. Orders must be given in advance.

Stationery Shop—First Floor.



Men's Summer Suits \$7.75

One of these light-weight Vandervoort Suits will be found just right to replace your heavier Spring suit.

They have the style of a worsted suit, but the light weight, porous texture of the materials gives the comfort you seek in Summer Clothing.

Plain-back, Pinch-back and Belt-all-around Models of Summer Sense, Cool Cloth and Palm Beach Materials. Dark and light shades as well as steel gray.

Sizes 33 to 50—regular, long, stout, short and slim.

A Well-Tailored, Dressy Suit of Correct Cut for \$7.75

Extra Trousers of tan and gray Palm Beach Cloth, \$3.00

Men's Clothing Shop—Second Floor.

Second Day of the Three-Day Lace Event 15% Discount

on all-white cotton Nets, Silk Brussels Nets, in white, black and colors, Chantilly and real Cluny Laces. This reduction is made for one day only—Wednesday—take advantage of it. Details of Thursday's special offering will be given in tomorrow night's papers.

Lace Shop—First Floor.

How to Select a Refrigerator

A dry interior is absolutely necessary, as moisture causes mould. This can only be obtained through perfect circulation and the rapid removal of drainage.

Temperature that keeps butter firm is sufficiently cool for good results. The insulation should be of the best. Wood cases have proven the most satisfactory—oak preferred. Construction is easily seen in faulty joints. Finish and form should be in harmony with prevailing style. The interior may be plain butter-tub spruce, enamel guaranteed not to craze, crack or chip off, or heavy oil glass.

These points are found in Herrick Refrigerators. Priced, \$16.50 to \$132.50

A Limited Number of Herrick Refrigerators Offered at Special Prices

Three popular sizes, but only a limited number of each, will be offered tomorrow at the following reduced prices, making it unwise to delay your selection if you would share in the savings.

\$34.00 Herrick Refrigerators.....\$28.90
\$27.50 Herrick Refrigerators.....\$23.38
\$23.50 Herrick Refrigerators.....\$20.00

Herrick Refrigerators for the U. S. Government

The Herrick Refrigerator Company has just closed a contract for furnishing Fort Riley, Kansas, and Fort Douglass, Utah, with full equipment for refrigeration.

The Government demands the best, and the best is given in Herrick Refrigerators.

Housefurnishing Shop—Basement.

Special Sale of Imported White Skirting

The first lot consists of 36-inch fancy waffle checks, striped Oxford and poplins with gabardine stripes, in a good range of patterns.

Importer's prices 50c to 65c a yard, our price while the quantity lasts.....40c

Imported White Skirting in small checks, fancy plaid weave Oxford, with mercerized stripes, plain and fancy gabardine; good weights and very attractive patterns; 36 inches wide. Would be exceptional value at 75c a yard; special.....50c

The third lot contains 36-inch Oxford, gabardine, fancy poplins, plain vicunas and striped tricelines; regular 85c quality, in this sale at.....65c

White Goods Shop—Second Floor.

Choice of Any Silk Dress

At \$7.95

In Basement Shop

At this price you have choice of every Silk Dress in our Basement Shop that was formerly priced at \$12.75 and \$14.75.

Included are beaded, embroidered and plain silk models—navy, tan, gray, gold, green and black silk taffeta and crepe de chine dresses, in sizes for misses and women.

A splendid opportunity to obtain an extra dress or two at a very small outlay.

Basement Shop.

Equip Your Porch With Aerolux Shades

The Aerolux shade is the most popular for verandas, sleeping porches and sun-parlors, because it has proven its efficiency. Its construction provides for ventilation while giving protection from the sun—makes the porch the most enjoyable part of the house in the Summer.

Aerolux is equipped with a lowering attachment which is especially designed for sleeping porches, the upper part of the shade can be lowered for additional ventilation, while the bottom remains all the way down.

The only shade made that has the "no whip" attachment which prevents flapping in the wind. Choice of brown, green and green-and-white. Will stand the hardest rains.

Sizes 3½ to 12 feet wide, in three grades.

Bungalow Grade, \$1.40 to \$7.00
Veranda Grade, \$1.75 to \$8.25
DeLuxe Grade, \$3.50 to \$35.00

Curtain and Drapery Shop—Fourth Floor.



Pacific Steamer
VANCOUVER, B. C.
able dispatch tells of
steamer Waitara, bound
the vessel left Vancouver
a 100-ton cargo, and
last week, when she was
abandoned by Capt. R.

ALKALI MAKES BAD FOR WASH

Most soaps and preparations contain too much alkali, which is injurious, as it dries the hair brittle. The best thing to use is a mild, purified coconut oil and entirely free of soap or anything else. You can get this at a and a few ounces will last for months. Simply moisten the hair and rub it in, about a all that is required. abundance of rich, cleanliness thoroughly, easily, and is soft, bright, fluffy, wavy handle. Besides it looks every particle of dandruff.—ADV.

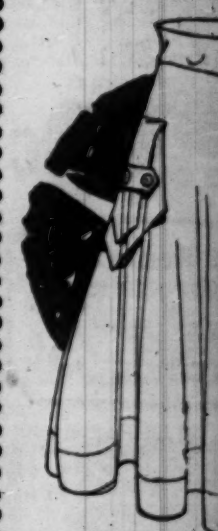
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610-612



WAS SPECI \$1.95

Exceptional value in plain dress, new style of China, Tub and Lingerie Models. More than score of different fashions.

Clever



Two Sp 95c

NEW Navy S
Taffeta D
\$15 to

NEW Ratine &
Tub Su
\$10.95 to

Pacific Steamer Burned.
VANCOUVER, B. C., June 19.—A cable dispatch tells of the loss of the steamer Waitotara, bound for Australia. The vessel left Vancouver May 15, with 1,000-ton cargo, and had passed Suva last week, when she caught fire and was abandoned by Capt. Ritchie and crew.

ALKALI MAKES SOAP BAD FOR WASHING HAIR

Most soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much alkali, which is very injurious, as it dries the scalp and makes the hair brittle.

The best thing to use is just plain unperfumed coconut oil, for this is pure and entirely greaseless. It's very cheap, and beats the most expensive soaps or anything else all to pieces. You can get this at any drug store, and a few ounces will last the whole family for months.

Simply moisten the hair with water and rub it in, about a teaspoonful in all that is required. It makes an abundance of rich, creamy lather, cleanses thoroughly, and rinses out easily, and is soft, fresh looking, bright, fluffy, wavy and easy to handle. Besides it loosens and takes every particle of dust, dirt and dandruff.—ADV.

ILLINOIS RATE FIGHT RENEWED

Attorney-General Charges Contempt in Abandoning Two-Cent Fare.
CHICAGO, June 19.—Subpoenas calling high executive officers of the 25 railroads centering in Chicago before the Superior Court to answer contempt proceedings instituted by the Attorney-General were issued today. It is expected the cases will be heard to-morrow.

It is alleged the railroads are in contempt of a court order in increasing passenger rates in this State beyond the two-cent limit fixed by Illinois law. The rate was ordered increased after United States Judge D. P. Dyer of St. Louis upheld the Interstate Commerce Commission's ruling for a rate of 2.4 cents a mile for passengers. The controversy is the outgrowth of complaints of discrimination by cities in other states on the border of Illinois, including St. Louis.

Registration Card Taken in Holdup.

CHICAGO, June 19.—After taking the watch, money and bank book of Jerome Fisher, a holdup man today inquired if his victim was a slacker. "Certainly not," retorted Fisher, indignantly. "Come across with the card then," demanded the thief. "It may come in handy for me."

Sonnenfeld's

610-612 Washington Avenue
"The House of Courtesy"

A Large Display of Stunning

SWEATER COATS

In all the colors of the rainbow—many effective combinations as well.

New Shetland and silk models, most attractively priced.

\$5.95 and up to \$16.50

WAIST SPECIAL

\$1.95

Exceptional values in plain and dressy new Crepe de China, Tub Silk and Lingerie Models. More than a score of different fashions.



Clever New Tub Skirts

Featuring gathered, novelty pocket and belt, and button trimmed effects in guaranteed pre-shrunk materials, at

\$2.95
\$3.95
\$5.00

Styles of Gabardine, Cordeline, Ottoman and Pique. Sizes to 36 waist without extra charge.

Two Special Tub Skirt Lots

95c Higher priced new Skirts that came to us at savings. A large variety of splendid styles. \$1.45

NEW Navy Silk Taffeta Dresses
\$15 to \$25

NEW Navy Gabardine & Serge Suits
\$16.50 and \$25

NEW Ratine & Linen Tub Suits,
\$10.95 to \$25

NEW Silk Jersey Sport Suits,
\$25

RECORDS IN LIQUOR AND TOBACCO REVENUE

Whisky Tax for Year Closing \$178,000,000; Beer, \$94,000,000; Tobacco, \$100,000,000.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—High tide of whisky and beer revenue receipts in the United States has been reached during the fiscal year now closing. The cigarette smokers of the nation, figures show, have smoked more than ever before.

Ordinary internal revenue receipts, composed chiefly of taxes on whisky, and tobacco, have been \$42,327,463 so far this year, compared with \$36,128,544 last year. Gauged by revenue receipts, the present year probably will be the banner year of the liquor traffic. Revenue collected on whisky thus far in the fiscal year approximates \$178,000,000, a record for a year, although the current fiscal year is still short 11 days. Ordinary receipts still are pouring in at the rate of more than \$1,000,000 a day. The tax is \$1.10 per gallon. These figures mean that taxes have been paid on about 154,000,000 gallons. This exceeds by 11,000,000 gallons the record of the next highest year, 1914.

Part of these heavy receipts is accounted for, however, by heavy withdrawals from bonded warehouses in the face of the 100 per cent increase in taxes contemplated in the war revenue bill. More than \$5,000,000 increase in April is attributed to this cause. Withdrawals have not been so heavy since April.

Revenue from beer is about \$94,000,000, a little less than the record of 1914, when approximately \$96,000,000 barrels—taxable at \$1.50 per barrel—were consumed. It is expected that, when the fiscal year closes, June 30, the 1914 record will have been surpassed.

Tobacco has yielded more than \$100,000,000 revenue this year. The nearest approach to this figure was last year's revenue of approximately \$88,000,000. A large part of the 15 per cent increase is believed due to the growing popularity of cigarettes among women.

LACK OF RIGHT COOK AND STRIKE CLOSE RESTAURANT

E. A. Benish Locks Doors Until Difficulty With Union Is Solved.

The Benish restaurant in the basement of the Chemical Building was closed at 6:15 o'clock last night because Edward A. Benish, president of the company, could not get a cook that suited him. When he turned down the applicants sent by Secretary Lee Crabbill of the Cooks' Union, the other cooks struck.

A notice was posted on the doors of the restaurant this morning that the place was closed on account of a strike of the cooks. Benish explained that he needed a cook last night and telephoned to Crabbill for one. The one that was sent was not satisfactory to him and was sent away and the others quit. The customers then in the restaurant were served and the doors were closed. Benish said he did not want to employ non-union cooks and decided to close until he could reach an understanding with the cook's union.

Crabbill said he sent five cooks to Benish, three of whom were taken off of other jobs, but Benish turned all of them down. The trouble was, he said, that Benish did not think St. Louis cooks were good enough for him and was always bringing cooks here from Chicago, most of whom were aliens.

COL. ROOSEVELT DENOUNCES UNFRIENDLINESS TO ENGLAND

Declares Attitude Is as Unjust as Individual Grudge Between Men Whose Grandfathers Fought.

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., June 19.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt, in an address here last night in behalf of the Red Cross, denounced the sentiment abroad in the United States against "fighting England's war."

"Any man who hates England more than he loves the United States should be thrown from the country," he said. The Colonel denigrated that Americans curtail their pleasure for the period of the war and instead give the money they might use in such frivolities to the Red Cross or other relief work.

"We will get victory this time because of our far-sighted allies," said the Colonel. "Some future time, if we are not ready, we will go down in unglorious disaster."

"An unfriendly attitude against England is as base and unjust as would be an individual grudge between two men because their great grandfathers fought. The sentiment is that of a traitor."

Col. Roosevelt referred to the murder of Ruth Cruger, a New York high school girl, and pointing to the girls and women before him said: "Similar fate would be staring you in the face tonight if you were not protected by our allies."

Buy from "Day" today—Auto Tires, Day Rubber Co., 415 N. 4th st. ADV.

1500 AMERICANS IN TRANSPORT SERVICE OR CAMPS IN FRANCE

Seven Hundred Cars at Work or Under Construction; Several Hundred More Ordered.

PARIS, June 19.—Two hundred and seventy volunteers left the headquarters of the American Field Service for the front during last week, making altogether 1500 men actually serving in the American ambulance or the American transport service with the French armies or in training camps within the army zone. Three hundred Americans are in the newly organized transport branch. The field service has 700 cars either at work or under construction and several hundred more have been ordered.

Oregon to Have Arm Operated On. EL PASO, Tex., June 19.—Gen. Alvaro Obregon, former Minister of War, will go to New York soon to have an operation performed on the stump of his right arm, which was blown off during the battle of Celaya, when Obregon's forces defeated Villa.

MEN—SHIRT SALE 7:30

We've Been Telling You About Starts at In the Morning

Tomorrow Is the Day—The Great Day—
The Day on Which We Begin
MOVING A MOUNTAIN of SHIRTS

The doors will open at 7:30 tomorrow morning. Before you go to work you can choose from

6130 Regular
\$1.25 \$1.50 and \$2.00

SHIRTS

You'll find the assortment exactly as listed below:

FIBER SILKS
SILK AND COTTON MIXTURES
SOLID COLOR CREPES, WOVEN
LORRAINE MADRASES
FANCY MERCERIZED PONGEES
IN FACT ALL OF THE DESIRABLE SHIRTINGS COMPRISE THIS LOT



We've entirely ignored profits to give you the

GREATEST VALUES

St. Louis has ever seen in a Shirt Sale.

For months we've planned this event and have been buying shirts for it, and as a result we have assembled

A MOUNTAIN OF THEM

WE'VE NEVER HELD A SHIRT SALE THE EQUAL OF IT

6,130 SHIRTS AT

2400 \$2.00
780 \$2.00
780 \$2.00
1025 \$1.50
425 \$1.50
720 \$1.25

Fiber Silk and Silk and Cotton Shirts
Madras and Pongee Soft Cuff Shirts
Madras Laundered Cuff Shirts
Madras and Pongee Soft Cuff Shirts
Madras Laundered Cuff Shirts
Fancy Repp and Novelty Shirts

Shirts for small or large men—sizes 13 1-2 to 20, soft cuff or laundered cuff styles

You'll buy them by the dozen when you see them and the doors open at 7:30 A. M.

Nugent's

\$1 EACH

Main Floor

"The Call of the Drums"
Follow the Flag of the 5th Missouri Infantry to France
Enlist Today at 716 Olive Street or Armory, Grand and Market

JOIN THE CROWDS HERE TOMORROW

Fire Smoke Water Damage Sale

You Can Buy Women's and Misses' Ready-to-Wear Garments, Millinery, Shoes and Furs at Next-to-Nothing Prices

Fire which occurred in our store June 1st caused \$75,000 worth of fire, smoke and water damage to our stock of women's and misses' ready-to-wear garments, millinery, furs and shoes. This is the bargain opportunity of all time—come here tomorrow and save 75c on every dollar you spend. Remember this is a 6-day sale only and ends Saturday, June 23—better hurry—come early Wednesday.

Entire \$75,000 Stock at

25¢ ON \$1

GET THESE BARGAINS WEDNESDAY

One lot of \$1.00 and \$1.50 Waists, damaged by fire.....19c
 One lot of \$2.00 and \$2.50 Waists, damaged by water.....65c
 One lot of \$6.00 to \$7.50 Waists, damaged by fire.....95c
 One lot of \$2.00 and \$2.50 White skirts, damaged by water.....75c
 One lot of \$10.00 and \$15.00 Cloth Suits, damaged by water.....\$3.00
 One lot of \$20.00 and \$25.00 Cloth and Silk, damaged by water.....\$7.50
 One lot of \$15.00 and \$20.00 Silk Dresses, damaged by water.....\$5.00
 One lot of \$20.00 and \$25.00 Silk Dresses, damaged by water.....\$7.50
 One lot of \$10.00 and \$12.50 Silk Dresses, damaged by water.....\$3.00
 One lot of White Crepe de Chine Dresses, damaged by fire.....\$1.00
 One lot of White Chinchilla Coats, damaged by fire.....\$1.75
 One lot of \$15.00 and \$20.00 Cloth Coats.....\$5.00
 One lot of Untrimmed Hats, damaged by water.....25c
 One lot of Untrimmed Hats, damaged by smoke.....69c
 One lot of \$2 Fancy Trimmings and Ornaments, damaged by water.....10c

1000 WONDERFUL SHOE VALUES FOR LADIES
500 PAIRS \$3, \$4 AND \$5 LADIES' SHOES 59c
 This lot comprises broken sizes only—among them you will find extraordinary bargains in canvas, satin and kid oxfords. These have been but slightly damaged.....

ONE LOT OF LADIES' \$3 AND \$4 SHOES 85c
 Among this lot are shoes that have sold for \$3 and \$4 and worth every penny of that now—they'll go fast—come early—as long as they last.....

\$3, \$3.50 AND \$4 LADIES' BOOTS FOR \$1.85
 These shoes represent the very newest styles in Spring and Summer footwear and include shoes that were not touched by the fire.....

FURS Were damaged by water only—all on sale as low as..... **25c ON THE \$1**

STERNBERG'S

716 WASHINGTON AVE.

Eastern Pennsylvania System Tours
 Daily during the Summer

New York \$40.00
Atlantic City \$37.00
 Cape May and Other Seashore Resorts

Variable Route Tickets to New York and Boston
 All Rail or Rail and Steamer—Go One Route, Return Another
 Summer Tourist Tickets to Long Island and New England.

For particulars call at CITY TICKET OFFICE, 1014 and Olive Streets. Phone Bill Main 579.
 Kinloch Central 4610. Or address F. A. BAUCHENS, Asst. Gen. Passenger Agt., ST. LOUIS

PRESIDENT WILL ISSUE ORDER FOR DRAFT IN FEW DAYS

Nation-Wide Scramble on for Places on Local Exemption Boards.

CAMP PLANS DELAYED

Cantonments Possibly Will Not Be Ready for First Troops Before Middle of October.

By Wire From the Washington Bureau of the Post-Dispatch.
 WASHINGTON, June 19.—The day of draft is drawing near. In a few days, probably Thursday or Friday, the President will issue his draft proclamation and prescribe the methods to be followed. With Wyoming and seven counties in Kentucky unreported 9,611,811 men have registered.

The first real business after the President's proclamation will be that of setting up a vast machinery of exemption boards, and in this respect there is going on a country-wide scramble. The law prescribes that these boards shall be named by the President. As there will be a board for each 30,000 of population, it obviously is impossible for him to make selections directly, and the plan has been adopted of having the Governors of States make up lists of recommendations. Here is where politics, pulls and influences are being worked.

Protests, complaints and accusations are reaching Washington in connection with the tentative make-up of local boards. Some persons assert that partisan political selections are being made. Others charge that the Governors are dealing out machine patronage through local bosses. Bias both for and against labor and capital is alleged in some localities. City men against farmers and vice versa excites other districts.

Many Direct Applications.
 Many indorse applications for places on the boards are being made direct to Washington, as if membership were patronage to be handed out to the faithful. The Provost Marshal General is tabulating all the names received and from them will have to be picked, in some manner, the men who will deal in the first instance with the draft and exemptions.

The original plan was to have the local boards made up of county or city officials, but that has been largely abandoned in favor of civilians. Many county officials dependent upon popular support for election did not relish the idea of responsibility for exemptions. The law says each board shall have three or more members to be chosen from among the local authorities or other citizens residing in the local area. Therefore the President can choose either.

Over these local bodies will be reviewing boards, one for each Federal judicial district, which will exercise dual functions of a court of appeals in ordinary cases, and original jurisdiction in determining the difficult problem of what persons engaged in industries, including agriculture, are to stay at home in order to maintain the military establishment and the national interest. These will be the great and all-powerful boards. It is reported that all political suggestions have been cast aside and that Federal judges are to be asked to make the recommendations to the President regarding the makeup of the reviewing boards.

The President's call probably will name more than a million as the number of men to be selected in the first draft, at least 125,000 of whom will form a reserve.

Cantonment Delay.
 The present outlook is that the 16 cantonments for the training of the first increment of the national army, and its reserve force, totaling 220,000, will not be completed in time to enable Secretary Baker to call these men into camp Sept. 1. There is talk that the big camps may not be ready for possibly six weeks after that date. One of the plans and specifications after another has been drawn up and thrown away, and none has been definitely selected.

Originally the plan was to construct one-story or bungalow barracks, about 200 to each camp. A change was made to two-story buildings with some one-story structures. Later there was talk again of having all one-story buildings. Last week a decision apparently was reached to build all two-story barracks, but the specifications were not formally promulgated. A report is current that the Medical Department of the army held the final specifications provided for unsanitary buildings. So the cantonment question appears to be up in the air again.

Just who is responsible for the many changes and delays is difficult to say. Nominally Col. Isaac W. Little of the quartermaster corps, who has been building army barracks and quarters for many years, is in charge of the work. However, he falls far short of having a free hand. A committee of experts, known as the Committee on Emergency Construction and Engineering Works, of the Advisory Commission of the Council of National Defense, was appointed to assist in the work. This committee in turn has called in numerous eminent architects, engineers, water supply specialists, city planners and others. William A. Starrett of the architectural firm of Starrett & Van Vleck, is chairman of this committee.

Apparently Too Many Experts.
 Among the experts whose experiences have been drawn upon are H. B. Eaton, an engineer for the Dupont Powder Co.; Maj. M. J. Whitson, construction engineer for the Grant-Smith Co. of St. Paul; Maj. R. E. Hamilton, purchasing agent for the Stone & Webster Corporation of Boston; and Maj. P. M. Goube of Boston, a skilled industrial engineer.

There is no question as to the capacity of these men, neither is there any doubt that the task of constructing 16 cities for 40,000 population each is a tremendous one. The conviction appears to be growing, nevertheless, that the experts are entirely too numerous and are "bailing up" the work.

For example, a Committee on Lumber was organized by Bernard M. Baruch, chairman of the Committee on Raw Materials of the National Council to advise on lumber supply and other technical questions. Various organizations of lumbermen sent to Washington numbers of experts to assist in working out the details of specifications for wooden ships and cantonments.

Almost invariably when the tentative specifications were submitted to practical lumbermen they were immediately shown to contain items which the lumber trade was not accustomed to turn out in the usual run of business and which would increase cost of construction. A new set of specifications would be forthcoming. In short, the machine appears to have been going around in circles for weeks. It is believed now, however, that plans for the cantonment buildings will be finally approved within a few days.

Assignee for Conklin Pen Co.
 TOLEDO, O., June 19.—A deed of assignment was filed in Probate Court by the Conklin Pen Co., one of the largest makers of fountain pens in the United States. F. Mitchell, vice president of a

local bank, is named as assignee. It is expected the court will order him to continue the business. No statement of liabilities has been filed.

SHINOLA

Get the home care of shoes habit—It pays

Well dressed people always have well shined shoes. SHINOLA, with the key for opening the box, its quick shining qualities and the handy



SHINOLA HOME SET for polishing, makes the home care of shoes a pleasure.

BLACK—TAN—WHITE
 SHINE WITH SHINOLA AND SAVE
 At all dealers—Accept no substitute



THE KRYPTOK

Invisible Bifocal
 Erker's
 608 Olive 511 N. Grand

The Automobile Wants are telling here good used cars can be bought at sacrifice prices.

Fill the 5th Missouri—Enlist Today

We Give and Redeem Lamb Stamps
 Washington, Eighth and St. Charles Sts.
Lindell
 DRY GOODS CO.

CAD 1/1
 TICKETS
 RESERVED and general admission tickets for all Cardinal games can be purchased downtown only at The Lindell's Public Service Bureau.

Beautiful Cool Summer Dresses

\$4.75
 Values to \$10.00
 Choice Wednesday



The Materials Include:
 Linens Voiles Striped Soisettes
 Novelty Fabrics Ginghams

MR Meyer Neusteter of the Neusteter Organization, who is now buying for The Lindell's Ready-to-Wear Departments, has just returned from New York, where he purchased 400 Summer Dresses far below their actual valuation, owing to the unseasonable weather conditions prevailing during the past two months.

THEY come in the best styles, including the popular sport coat effect—graceful garments in every particular.
Special, \$4.75

(Third Floor—The Lindell.)

Odd Lots CORSETS
 \$3 to \$5 Values
\$2

ODD lots, discontinued numbers of our regular \$3 to \$5 models; special Wednesday. (Second Floor.)

King's Thread
 King's soft-finish Sewing Thread, in white and black,
3 for 5c
 (Main Floor.)

Women's 39c Hose
Pair, 18c
 BLACK Fiber Silk Stockings; highly mercerized; and toe; slight irregularities of 39c quality. (Main Floor.)

55c Silk-Mixed Shirting
Yard, 28c
 STRIPE coloring combination effects on white woven grounds; 32 inches wide, in 15 styles; priced special for Wednesday only. (Main Floor.)

39c Union Suits
 WOMEN'S fine ribbed Cotton Union Suits, finished with lace edge; mercerized lapel neck; specially priced. (Main Floor.)

\$25 Wilton Rugs
 (17) 9x12 W. & J. Sloane Wilton Velvet Rugs.
 (11) 9x12 Seamless Alexander Smith & Son's Wilton Velvet Rugs.
 (14) 6x9 Seamless S. Sanford & Son's Axminster Rugs.
Choice, \$15
 (Fourth Floor.)

100,000 Yards at Great Savings in Our MILL REMNANT SALE

Remnants of 32-inch blue and white Shirting Cheviots, 12c
 Remnants of 32-inch striped Crinkle Crepe, in pink and tan stripes; 25c value; 12c
 Remnants bleached Turkish Bath Towels; good size; all second; 15c value; 10c
 Remnants Mercerized Satin Damask; 64 inches wide; good lengths; 35c value; 24c
 Remnants 12c and 15c Turkish Wash Cloth; colored stripes and plaids; each good quality absorbent
 Remnants 15c Crash Towels; good quality absorbent; crash; yard.....7c
 (Main Floor—The Lindell.)

59c and 65c Pique
 WHITE Pique, also white Russian Cord; 36 inches wide; highly mercerized; yard.....35c
 (Main Floor.)

49c Skirting
 WHITE Waffle Cloth Skirting; 36 inches wide; yard.....25c
 (Main Floor.)

59c Voiles
 PRINTED and embroidered Voile Organza and Crepe de Chine; 36 inches wide; yard.....25c
 (Main Floor.)

25c Marquisette
 TWENTY full bolts Curtain Marquisette; comes in white, cream and Arabian; highly mercerized; limit 15 yards to customer; yard.....12c
 (Fourth Floor.)

\$1.50 Screen Doors
 Fancy style, natural finish, high grade lumber fitted with fine screen wire; 14 inch thick; special.....98c
 36c Paints for Doors and Windows; extra value; special.....35c
 24-inch Screen Window Shades; yard.....10c
 (Fifth Floor—The Lindell.)

\$3.75 Hose Outfits, consisting of 32 feet extra grade rubber hose, complete with hardwood reel and extra.....\$3.98
 \$1.15 Wash Buckets, full size, extra heavy copper bottom; special.....\$1.25
 \$0.15 Lava Wipers, 14 inch ball and self sharp; \$4.35 value; special.....\$1.25
 (Fourth Floor.)

85c White Skirting
 WHITE Skirting; all novelty effects; 36 inches wide; highly mercerized; at yard.....39c
 (Main Floor.)

Sale of Sheets
 BLEACHED Sheets; hemmed; 36 inch good, heavy muslin; some imperfect. Size 72x90, 50c value.....50c
 Size 81x90, 51 value.....50c
 (Main Floor.)

\$1.25 Chemise
73c
 WOMEN'S Batiste Envelope Chemise, trimmed with lace and embroidery; samples of regular \$1.25 quality; special for Wednesday only.....

35c Middy Cloth
 TWO THOUSAND yards of cloth; short Middy; lengths; yard.....15c
 (Main Floor.)

Women's Up to \$3 Canvas Shoes
Pair, \$1.47
 ABOUT 400 pairs, including 3-inch Lace Boots, Russian Shoes and Sport Shoes; come with high or low heels, leather or rubber soles; some trimmed with kid; in all sizes. (Second Floor.)

\$2.25 to \$3 Lace Curtains
 FOUR HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-FIVE pairs wonderful quality Lace Curtains, including Scotch, Madras and Fillet Net, weave, in a wonderful range of patterns; come in white, cream and Arabian. Pair, \$1.49
 (Fourth Floor.)

Call Olive or Central 6700 and Have Your Shoes Remade

Marquis Borsarelli's Son Recovering.
CHICAGO, June 18.—A cablegram was handed to Luigi Borsarelli of the Italian Commission to the United States, at

a formal dinner just before the commission left for Chicago last night. "I must tell you of this good news from my wife," he said. "My son, who was

wounded near Gorizia, will recover and will be decorated by the King. Even after he was wounded he kept on fighting and saved six of his soldiers and captured two trench mortars."

Irwin's
509 Washington Av.

Extraordinary Announcement
Our New York Buyer's Greatest Purchase

The entire stock of Silk Suits of a New York manufacturer purchased at practically our own price.

350 New Silk Suits

In This Gigantic Purchase, Consisting of
Silk Jersey Suits
Taffeta Silk Suits
Silk Sport Suits

All go on sale tomorrow at the unheard-of price of

\$12.50

Not a Suit worth less than \$18.75 and many of them worth up to \$25

While you are reading this, these Suits are being marked ready for sale. Come prepared for the suit sensation of the year.

Spring Cloth Coats

Just 28 Coats in this lot; worth up to \$15; for one day's sale at

\$4.75

SAMPLE SALE OF Silk Jersey Sweater Coats

The complete sample line of a prominent Philadelphia manufacturer whose name we promised not to mention.

Just 98 of these beautiful
Silk Sweaters in the Entire lot

In rose, green, canary, gold, Copenhagen, Belgium blue, as well as navy, black and white. All go on sale tomorrow at

\$9.50

VALUES RANGE FROM \$14.00 TO \$18.75

SILK DRESSES

Just one hundred Silk Taffeta and Poulard Dresses, worth up to \$18.75; dozens of exquisite models to select from, in taffeta, figured foulards and crepe de chine. In all the new Spring shadings; for street and afternoon wear, at

\$7.95

Everyone recommends Krumbles—
Its the very first whole wheat food to appear as a delicacy—accomplished by the Kellogg method of cooking, "krumbling," and toasting every single, tiny shred.

Look for this signature

W.K. Kellogg



Kellogg's Krumbles

All Wheat Ready to Eat

W.K. Kellogg

© 1917 W.K. Kellogg Co.

WOMEN PROPOSED FOR AMBULANCE DRIVERS

American Chief Physician in France Would Release Men for Army; Plans for Flying Field.

AVORD AVIATION SCHOOL, France, June 18.—Dr. Edmund Gros, American physician in charge of American ambulance drivers and American aviators, in a speech before French officers at the world's largest aviation training school here, said:

"Since the United States is now engaged in France in fighting Germany, I am violently opposed to American youths coming to France to act as ambulance drivers. Their duty is with the American shoulder, and the American women are capable of driving ambulances here, and we can get all we need to replace the young men now driving."

"Before America entered the war the voluntary enlistment of young Americans as ambulance drivers was patriotic and commendable, but now that we are fighting too, the place for young men is in the army—either as infantrymen, artillery men or aviators. Let the American—those beyond the age limit—and the women run the ambulances. Women can drive automobiles as well as men, and they are anxious to come to France and do it."

Dr. Gros told of a project, which he intimated the French authorities favored, for the United States to take over from the French Government some plant—that at Avord, the largest in the world, for example—where, co-operating with the French officers now here, America can turn out pilots by the hundreds. All the Americans here learning to fly receive a preliminary course at Avord, finishing up at Pau.

"When you inspect the Avord school, see its enormous size, and then realize that only about 1000 aeroplanes are here, you realize how ridiculous it is for the people of America to talk about 40,000 or 50,000 pilots being turned out within a short time," Dr. Gros said. "It would probably take at least three years to organize and perfect a school like that at Avord in the United States, and that when time is extremely precious."

"With three men like Commandant Girod, who has done more for aviation in the war than any other man, Capt. Max Boucher, the celebrated bombardier pilot, and Capt. Gaiat, who made a wonderful flying record before he was wounded, the United States army aviation officials could take over this school and continue to train American pilots on a larger scale, and do the work better than is possible in America."

Many Machines for Practice.
"Another thing. Here in France there are many practice aeroplanes for beginners and pupils—obsolete machines and aeroplanes battered at the front. We haven't 100 machines like that for beginners to experiment with in America. "Among the 10,000,000 Americans registered for the American army only 500,000 will be taken now. Let America obtain a wonderfully fine, big school like this and let the youths come here and fly. We need all the pilots we can get, as air superiority over the Germans becomes more marked, so is victory hastened."

AGITATION IN JAPAN OVER U. S. NOTE TO CHINA SUBSIDIES

Foreign Office Explains That Policy of Noninterference Will Be Adhered to in Tokyo.

TOKYO, Sunday, June 17.—In explaining to leading members of Parliament the action of the United States in dispatching a note to China regarding the restoration of domestic tranquility, Viscount Motono, the Foreign Minister, said today that the United States had consulted Japan June 6, suggesting identical representations be made to China.

Japan deemed it proper to consult her allies before responding. The Foreign Minister understood Great Britain took the same view, and he named that it was undesirable to make representations which might prove to be untimely. The attitude of France, the Foreign Minister said, probably was the same as that of Great Britain. Japan, therefore, decided to adhere to the policy of noninterference.

The above summary was furnished to the Associated Press by an official of the Foreign Office. Japan's reply to the United States probably will be in this tenor. Agitation over the action of the United States has subsided.

Motor Cyclist Hurt in Collision.
Max W. Clausen, 21 years old, of 2812 Meramec street, was seriously injured last night when his motor cycle collided at Osceola street and Nebraska avenue with an automobile truck driven by Alphonse Auler of 1841 South Eighteenth street. His skull was fractured. Auler took him to his machine to the Alexian Brothers' hospital.

Robbers Give Trembling Man 15 Cts.
Frederick Edmier of 3421 Cline street was robbed last night near his home by two men of \$2.15. Edmier trembled as he held his hands aloft, and one of the men handed back 15 cents and advised him to go to the corner saloon and get a "bracer."

Gifts of \$24,000 to Princeton.
PRINCETON, N. J., June 18.—Gifts of \$24,000 from alumni and others have been made to Princeton University in the last few months. It is announced. The subscriptions, "prompted by the financial crisis the university is facing," include a gift of \$15,000 for the endowment of instructors' salaries in the new school of architecture.

Kicks Fracture Man's Skull.
Harry Homberg, 30 years old, who gave his address to the police as 715 Pine street, is in a critical condition at the city hospital as the result of an attack made on him last night by four men in a passageway from Olive to Pine street, between Seventh and Eighth streets. He was kicked on the head and his skull was fractured.

BRITISH TRANSPORT IS SUNK; 63 ON BOARD REPORTED LOST

Vessel Sent to Bottom by Submarine Was One of Interned German Craft Seized by British.

LONDON, June 18.—The British transport Cameronian, 5861 tons, with a small number of troops on board, was torpedoed and sunk by a submarine in the Eastern Mediterranean on June 2, it is officially announced. Sixty-three persons, including the captain of the transport, are presumed to have been drowned.

The Cameronian was originally the Kamerun, a Hamburg-American liner, and was one of the interned German steamers taken over by the British and renamed.

MAYOR URGES ENLISTMENTS

Proclamation Designed to Assist New Fifth Regiment.

Mayor Kiel has issued a proclamation calling upon young men of St. Louis to enlist in the new Fifth Regiment "for the honor of the flag and the credit of St. Louis," and designating this week as "Fifth Regiment Week" in St. Louis. The regiment hopes to reach maximum peace strength in the next few days, ready for Federal inspection. Every company must have 100 men

in line when the inspection is made, if the Federal requirements are to be met.

Perfectly Harmless
BELL-ANS
Pleasant to Take
Absolutely Removes Indigestion. One package cures it. 25c at all druggists.

Bluhill
cheese spreads just like butter!

Tomorrow—Wednesday at ShoeMart
Novelty Pumps

TWO great lots—at prices that save you money.

\$3.85

For \$5.00 Values

PRETTY styles—made with turn soles and covered Louis heels—newest colorings—

SILVER GRAY DARK GRAY SAND BUCK BROWN KID WHITE KID DULL KIDS WINE KID PATENTS

\$2.85

For \$3.50 Values

THESE are classy little Pumps and Colonials—in the styles you will like and in the colorings you will prefer above all others.

WHITE CALF—GRAY KID—CHAMPAGNE—BRONZE—BLACK KIDS—PATENTS.

SHOEMART
507 Washington Ave.

Schaper
STORES CO.
Sixth and Washington

SPECIAL HOUR SALES
Which will crowd this store. Owing to the extreme price concessions we reserve the right to limit quantities. No phone orders. None sent C. O. D.

ON SALE at 9 O'Clock

5c Toilet Paper Good quality Crepe Tissue; 4-oz. roll; 350 sheets; limit 6 to a buyer, each.....	19c Child's Sox Double heels and toes; all sizes (Main Floor).....	Men's Dress Shirts Men's fancy dress shirts; the 50c kind (Main Floor).....
\$1.25 Alarm Clocks Special A1 Alarm Clock; 24 hour time; fully guaranteed; limit 1 to a buyer, each.....	Children's Middie Large sailor collars; excellent quality drill; all sizes (2d Floor).....	75c Mercerized Tablecloths Good size, scalloped or hemstitched; 22x36; quality special; white (limit 2 to a buyer), each.....

ON SALE at 10 O'Clock

10c Clark's Mile End Crochet Cotton, in white and ecru; in nearly all sizes; special, while 200 balls last; limit 4 balls to a buyer, each.....	19c Corset Covers Embroidery and lace-trimmed. (Second Floor).....	Belts Men's and boys' Belts; 25c and 50c value (Main Floor).....
\$1.50 Mohair Black only, brilliant; Taffeta; pure dye; limit 5 yards to a buyer; special, while 200 yards last; 1st. a yard.....	\$1.00 Sport Hats For women, misses and children; just the thing for outings; all colors (2d Floor).....	Boys' Underwear Balbriggan and V. D.; shirts; 10c and 15c value; all sizes.....

ON SALE at 1-O'Clock

\$1.25 Blk Taffeta Full 26-inch width; Taffeta; pure dye; limit 5 yards to a buyer; special, while 100 yards last.....	19c Women's Lisle Hose Doubly spliced throughout; black and white (Main Floor).....	Men's Union Suits Men's 50c athletic style Union Suits; while 50 dozen last (Main Floor).....
25c Fancy Voiles 10-in. remnants; in white and ecru; limit 10 yds. to a buyer; special, a yard.....	Sample Hats For children; lace and plique ribbon and velvet trimmed (Second Floor).....	12 1/2c Women's Vests Fine ribbed; tape neck and arms.....

Up to 60c Shades
All colors and sizes, mounted on guaranteed rollers; while they last (Third Floor).....

Up to \$16.00 Rugs
Beautiful designs in 9x12 size Brussels Rugs; these are copies of expensive Rugs; not more than one to a customer.....

60c Linoleum
Large assortment of beautiful tile, wood, matting and floral patterns; one from rolls as many rugs as wanted.....

In Our BARGAIN BASEMENT

Shoes 200 pairs women's, misses' and children's shoes; all styles and sizes (Basement).....	35c Aprons Large Kitchen Aprons, in assorted checks and colors; a regular 50c seller; Basement special.....	15c Percales In big line of patterns; dark and light grounds; yardage up to 5 yds; limit 10 yds. to a buyer (Bas.).....
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An Unfailing Way to Banish Hairs

McCray
Sanitary Refrigerators
Are sold only at the McCray Sales Rooms, 217 and 219 Locust St., St. Louis, Mo. Phone: Bell Main 3111, Klipsch 01 and 02.

THE BEVO MILL

St. Louis' New Show Place
WILL BE FORMALLY OPENED THIS EVENING

This beautiful addition to the places of recreation of the city bears witness to the public spirit of a great St. Louis institution.

Anheuser-Busch

The artistic lighting fixtures are the product of our skilled St. Louis artisans and labor.
ST. LOUIS BRASS MFG. CO.,
Jefferson and Washington Aves.



KLIPSTEIN AND RATHMANN, Architects—LOUIS H. GRONE, Builder

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"KID" WAGNER
43, MAKING
IN NEW

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HE SWINGS A W

Pittsburg Team Fr
Prove a Star, W
Season

By W. J. O.
We have with us
the ancient mariner
of baseball, who, at
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John Henry Wagner
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American Bay
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McGraw Was Called Before the N. L. Meeting; He Was Also "Called" During It

"KID" WAGNER, AGE 43, MAKING GOOD IN NEW POSITION

Hans, Said to Be Full Grown, Despite His Youth, Holds Down Third Like a Veteran.

HE SWINGS A WICKED ASH

Pittsburg Team Figures He Will Prove a Star, With a Little Seasoning.

By W. J. O'Connor.

We have with us today, gentlemen, the ancient mariner of the high seas of baseball, who, at the age of 43, after 20 years before the mast, is making good at the "difficult corner."

John Henry Wagner, whose record in baseball is so meager as to make all his contemporaries—even Ty Cobb—appear as exciting as a bundle of Swiss cheese in Bern, is coming back for more at an age when most ball players would be making their will.

And just to prove how far he can go, Wagner is playing third, and he's playing it with the abandon that a Hawaiian would use.

Wagner is a full-grown man now. He reaches a height of about 6 feet despite the bend between his thighs and his calves. He's carrying weight for age, and he's swinging the ash like a pro.

Wagner's record in baseball is so meager as to make all his contemporaries—even Ty Cobb—appear as exciting as a bundle of Swiss cheese in Bern, is coming back for more at an age when most ball players would be making their will.

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TODAY'S TABLE

Standing of the Clubs.

CLUB	W.	L.	Pct.	Win. Loss.
Cardinals	10	10	.500	10-10
Pittsburg	10	10	.500	10-10
St. Louis	10	10	.500	10-10
Chicago	10	10	.500	10-10
Cincinnati	10	10	.500	10-10
Philadelphia	10	10	.500	10-10
Boston	10	10	.500	10-10
Pittsburg	10	10	.500	10-10

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

CLUB	W.	L.	Pct.	Win. Loss.
St. Louis	10	10	.500	10-10
Chicago	10	10	.500	10-10
Cincinnati	10	10	.500	10-10
Philadelphia	10	10	.500	10-10
Boston	10	10	.500	10-10
Pittsburg	10	10	.500	10-10
St. Louis	10	10	.500	10-10

YESTERDAY'S ATTENDANCE.

CLUB	W.	L.	Pct.	Win. Loss.
St. Louis	10	10	.500	10-10
Chicago	10	10	.500	10-10
Cincinnati	10	10	.500	10-10
Philadelphia	10	10	.500	10-10
Boston	10	10	.500	10-10
Pittsburg	10	10	.500	10-10
St. Louis	10	10	.500	10-10

Today's Schedule.

CLUB	W.	L.	Pct.	Win. Loss.
St. Louis	10	10	.500	10-10
Chicago	10	10	.500	10-10
Cincinnati	10	10	.500	10-10
Philadelphia	10	10	.500	10-10
Boston	10	10	.500	10-10
Pittsburg	10	10	.500	10-10
St. Louis	10	10	.500	10-10

Women's Patriotic Tourney Reaches Semi-Final Round

Victors in Net Matches Played This Morning.

Play in the women's patriotic tennis tournament was resumed this morning on the grounds of the St. Louis Athletic Association. Forest Park, two matches in singles were completed, Miss Mae Spaulding defeating Miss Susan Prendergast, 6-0, 6-0, and Miss Leslie Le Beaume winning from Miss Corliss.

The next round of play will be completed this afternoon. The following players will be in the final round: Miss Mae Spaulding, Miss Susan Prendergast, Miss Leslie Le Beaume, and Miss Corliss.

Miss Leslie Le Beaume vs. Miss Corliss. The match was played on the grounds of the St. Louis Athletic Association. Forest Park, two matches in singles were completed, Miss Mae Spaulding defeating Miss Susan Prendergast, 6-0, 6-0, and Miss Leslie Le Beaume winning from Miss Corliss.

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PENNY ANTE: The Afternoon Game

HA HA! ISN'T IT JUST TOO FUNNY HOW THEY TRY TO LOSE? NOW I'M JUST THE OPPOSITE

I HAVE ONE PAIR OF QUEENS

I CALLED YOU—ALL I HAVE IS A PAIR OF KINGS

ONE MOMENT GIRLS, I PASSED BUT I HAVE A RIGHT TO CHANGE MY MIND

I AM GOING TO RAISE IT—DO NOT CERTAINLY LOSE THE POT. GUNS! I HAVE THE BEST HAND.

DEAR ME—THEN I WILL TAKE ALL OF MY CHIPS OUT OF THE POT.

I REALLY DIDN'T WANT TO PLAY THIS HAND ANYWAY

THANKS BAD CHUCK FOR THE TIP

HAIR OF ACHES

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Wray's Column

Another "Trust" Busted.

THAT golf monopoly once enjoyed by the St. Louis Country Club, with its battery of good ones, including the Stickey brothers, Potter, McKittick, Edmunds and many others, is one "trust" that appears to have been effectively shattered, and by the common or Forest Park variety of golfer.

As matters are going this year, it appears that the boys developed on Forest Park links will control all St. Louis and city honors, with a fair chance of annexing the entire Louisiana Purchase territory, known as the Trans-Mississippi championship, for themselves.

Jimmy Manion, state champion, while he is this year entering from Kirkwood Country Club, gets his workouts on the public links and is a member of the Forest Park Golf Club. Chris Kenney, St. Louis District champion, is a member of the St. Louis Amateur Athletic Association, another Forest Park Club. Al St. Joseph, vice-champion, is a member of the Forest Park Club. Paul Buesse, the Forest Park Club, is a member of the Forest Park Club. Paul Buesse, the Forest Park Club, is a member of the Forest Park Club.

Both Miss Browne and Mrs. Bundy had defeated Miss Burdett in the women's feature of the East-West matches played early in the year.

Francis Outmet has petitioned the United States Golf Association for reinstatement among the eligible amateurs.

At this time it does not seem possible that the national organization can weaken in its stand against Outmet. Considering the attitude of the Western Golf Association, which recently invited Outmet to compete in its championship in defiance to the U. S. G. A. views, any yielding at this time would take on the appearance of submitting to coercion.

The evident hostility of the West, made more manifest by its refusal to publish the names of those who are hopelessly out of play in the second portion of the qualifying round, would tend to make the appearance of being Von Hindenburg a defeat.

If Outmet competes in the Western tournament, it will not be because of the United States Golf Association has altered its view toward him. Outmet's route back to the eligible division must be through severing his connection with the sporting goods business, which caused all the trouble.

Rickey for President—of N. L.

PRESIDENT TENNER's admission that he would not be a candidate for re-election as President of the National League raises the question of a successor who would turn the Grand League inside out and restore its faltering of leaders to uniform activity.

The expected participation in this event of Miss Mary Browne, a former champion, and of Mrs. Mrs. May Sutton Bundy, former world's champion, has failed to materialize.

Unfortunately Rickey is tied to a three-year contract with the Cardinals and might not be able to command his release, in event the way was open for him to the presidency. There does not appear to be another man of such all-round capability to succeed Mr. Tenner.

He was pushed out of the field in the sixth inning of the game Sunday, May 15, when he was spiked in the arm by Harold Vanhrin, who stole second. Lavan exhibits a scar on his right arm as the result of this spiking, but feels no more ill effects from this injury. However, he is 10 pounds underweight, but expects to regain this between now and the date of the Browns' return.

A. A. U. CONFIRMS AWARD OF 10-MILE RIVER SWIM TO CINCINNATI GYM. A. C.

NEW YORK, June 19.—All national championship events under the jurisdiction of the Amateur Athletic Union will be held this year as scheduled, according to an announcement last night by Frederick W. Ruben, chairman of the body. The decision was reached by members of the championship committee after a mail vote.

The Championship Committee named the following swimming dates: 10-mile swim—Pacific Association (Naples) Swimming Club, Alameda, Cal., July 1-2.

10-mile swim—Atlantic Association (Atlantic City), Atlantic City, Sept. 2-3.

One-mile swim—Southern Pacific Association (San Diego) Rowing Club, San Diego, Cal., July 1-2.

High dive—Southern Pacific Association (Los Angeles) Rowing Club, Los Angeles, Cal., July 1-2.

Long distance—Central Association (Cincinnati) Gymnasium, Cincinnati, Ohio, July, date to be announced later.

Shaded—Mike McInnes, St. Louis, has been selected to represent the Cardinals in the St. Louis District championship.

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HEAT SAID TO BE DESTROYING GRAIN CROPS IN GERMANY

Drouth, Similar to That of Last Year, Unbroken Since Early in May.

COPENHAGEN, June 18.—Throughout Germany, according to reports here, all valuable grain crops are burning up, as they did in 1916, in an unprecedented heat wave. Berlin on Sunday experienced the hottest June 17 on record in the 70 years' experience of the Weather Bureau. Tropical temperatures also were reported elsewhere west of the Oder River. News reports of horse races and other sporting events feature "the terrific, abnormal, scorching" heat. Many horses were scratched on the opening day of the Hamburg Derby week because the track, built on a marshy corner near the river, was baked too hard for safety.

The Weather Bureau states that the prospects for rain or lower temperatures are very slight. The effect of the drouth on grain crops around Berlin, where only eight millimeters (about 1/8 inch) of rain have fallen since May 1, is described by a neutral who arrived here Friday as almost catastrophic.

The Sunday sermon writers in the Berlin Kreuz Zeitung, who recently indulged in a most startling blending of religion and politics, declared Sunday that the drouth was sent as a punishment for the sins of the people, for listening to the editors of irreligious papers, and asked how long it would be before this divine chastisement would bring the people to a sense of their iniquities.

CHECK ON MRS. ANNIE DESANT

British Order Forbids Meetings; Correspondence to Be Censored.

LONDON, June 18.—The Times' Madras correspondent sends the text of a Government order issued Saturday forbidding Mrs. Annie Besant, the English Theosophical Society leader and worker in the movement for home rule in India, and two male associates named Arundale and Wades to participate in any meetings, deliver lectures or publish their writings.

The order also puts their correspondence under censorship; they are prohibited from residing in Madras City and certain areas are prescribed which they must not leave.

SPAIN'S PROBLEMS ARE GRAVE

Premier Says He Does Not Believe They Are Beyond Solution.

MADRID, June 18.—Premier Eduardo Dato, addressing a number of deputy representatives, said that calm prevailed in Spain but that he considered that very grave problems confronted the Government. He did not believe, however, he said that the problems were beyond solution.

The dissolution of the Cortes was possible, he said, but not probable, as urgent questions might arise which it would be necessary for Parliament to discuss.

INTOXICATING LIQUORS DENIED

Prostitute Department Issues Bailing for Breach of Prohibition.

WASHINGTON, June 18.—Any drink containing alcohol was defined by the Prostitute Department today as being intoxicating liquor within the meaning of the law forbidding mailing of liquor advertisements into dry territory after July 1. Methyl, wood and denatured alcohol are excepted. The department ruled also that the prohibition against advertisements applies to liquor for scientific, sacramental, medicinal and mechanical purposes.

Try Western Optical Service

Next time your eyes feel worn out or ache, come in and consult with us about their care.

Our thorough scientific examination is free, and we don't know of a single instance where we ever failed to prescribe just the proper lenses to perfect defective vision.

Otto Bachman, Pres.

Western Optical Co.

OPTOMETRISTS

1002 OLIVE ST.

(Three Doors West of Tenth St.)

Join your friends in the new 5th Regiment.

FAMOUS AND BARR CO.

The Day Begins Here With the National Anthem, Played by the Famous-Barr Band—Main Floor Gallery.

The Best Summer Fiction in the Circulating Library—1c a Day—Fourth Floor.

FAMOUS AND BARR CO.

\$35 Wilton Velvet Rugs Are Low at \$26.50

A saving that is close to 25%—just for this sale. Every Rug is the 9x12 room size—woven without a seam—and the variety of patterns and colorings affords the best possible choosing.

\$10.50 Wool Fiber Rugs, \$8.75

9x12 size, in rich Oriental and dainty small all-over designs, also two-tone effects, in all the wanted colors.

\$9.50 Prairie Grass Rugs, \$7.25

Made of sweet prairie grass—wire twisted. Very serviceable for Summer floor covering—9x12 size.

Fourth Floor

Good Sheets at 79c Are Not Plentiful

That is why this item for Wednesday deserves special emphasis. These Sheets are made of heavy, bleached sheeting, 81x90 inches in size—and the quality is far more substantial than in the usual sheets at this price.

Pillowcases

Made of same quality sheeting as in the above mentioned sheets.

48x36 size.....19c | 48x38 1/2 size.....20c

Crocheted Bedspreads, \$2.00

Full size, with scalloped edge and cutout corners.

Huck Towels, 20c

Finely woven huck—with colored borders—hemstitched.

Round Tablecloths, \$1.50

Made of heavy cotton damask—mercerized—with scalloped edge. Two-yard size. Exceptional value at this price.

Fifth Floor

This Fine, Soft Longcloth Is Offered at \$1.59 a Bolt

Every housewife knows how useful it is—what dainty underwear and baby clothes it makes; and this is a quality that does not retail ordinarily for \$1.59. The special price applies to one case of 10-yard pieces—for Wednesday only.

White Skirtings at 39c

Novelty stripes and fancy patterns on heavy, durable skirtings—yard wide.

White Gabardine, 75c

36 inches wide—soft, wool finish gabardine—splendid for sport skirts and outing suits.

Lingerie Batiste, 35c

Excellent quality of batiste—highly mercerized—44 inches wide.

Fancy Voiles, 48c

In a good assortment of cluster stripes, checks, plaids and figures—for waists and dresses.

Fifth Floor

Close to Half Price for Cut Glass Vases

It is doubtful if any June Sale in the past has offered a value equal to this in quality and desirability. These are 16-inch Vases, in floral and miter patterns, and only the best lead potash blanks have been used. Several different shapes are shown, but as there are only 36 Vases in the special group, early choosing is suggested. No telephone or C. O. D. orders will be filled, and but one Vase will be sold to a customer.

Choose the Usual \$12 Kinds at... \$6.50

Fifth Floor

Save Tomorrow on Wash Day Needs

\$3.95 Guarantee brand Clothing Wringers, warranted rolls.....\$4.90

\$7.95 Bicycle Brand Bench Wringers, warranted rolls, \$6.75

\$1.75 30-in. wood bottom Willow Clothes Baskets, \$1.39

\$2.45 Household Folding Wash Baskets.....\$1.95

\$2.85 Heavy Tin Wash Baskets.....\$1.80

65c Brass Ring Wash Boards, full size.....40c

\$1.30 large size galvanized Washboards.....90c

\$5.95 No. 8 Coal Laundry Stoves.....4.40

95c 6-ft. Redfern Heating Boards, extra wide.....75c

45c 50-ft. Kayapona Clotheslines.....24c

70c good grade Laundry Brooms.....49c

2 for \$50 long wooden Clothes Props, 3 for.....19c

\$2.15 Gal Laundry Stoves, 2-burner size.....\$2.85

90c 14-ft. galvanized Laundry Pails.....59c

\$4.65 large size square Clothes Hampers, wood bottom.....\$3.65

90c 6-ft. Stepadders, with bucket holders.....80c

\$13.50 motor water-power Washing Machines.....\$10.95

\$1.55 Mrs. Pett's nickel-plated Bed Iron, per set.....90c

Fairbanks' Chlorine Laundry Soap, large bars, 6 for.....32c

No phone or mail orders filled on week.

Basement Gallery

A BIG SALE OF WASH SKIRTS

Offering Values to \$3, in One Special Group at... **\$1.55**



Summer and washable skirts go hand in hand; and here is a sale that will help to complete your wardrobe at a cost that is much lower than usual. The materials are substantial piques, gabardines, basket weaves and fancy fabrics—and the fashion features are in perfect accord with the season's best.

There are all sizes for women and misses, and a variety so large that satisfactory choosing is a positive assurance. Tomorrow will be a profitable day for all who take advantage of this opportunity.

Third Floor



Six Chances to Brighten Up the Home in This Sale of Odd Curtains and Summer Materials



An introduction is hardly necessary, for every item tells its own story. The savings are so very unusual that future needs should be carefully considered. Wednesday only.

\$1.50 Screens

Large size—single panel—golden or Mission oak frames—double burlap filling. Special at.....**95c**

35c Cushions

Porch Cushions—covered with saten, cretonne or silkoline. Reversible, finished with deep ruff. Sale.....**25c**

Odd Lace Curtains

An exceptional lot of Scotch, voile, Nottingham and seersucker curtains—in all colors. They are worth several times this small price.....**19c**

30c to 39c Cretonne Draperies

French reps, art ticking, chintzes, satens and many other good weaves—in lengths up to five yards, many of which match in rich color. Wednesday, yd.....**17c**

25c and 30c Denim

36 inches wide—lengths up to 5 yards—match in rich plain colors, yd.....**12c**

15c to 25c Curtain Materials

Voiles, Marquisettes, Scrims and Swisses, in all colors—lengths up to three yards; many match, yd.....**10c**

Fourth Floor

Help St. Louis Complete its new Regiment, the 5th Missouri. Come yourself or send a man. 716 Olive Street or Armory, Grand and Market.

Men's Union Suits Specially Priced at 77c

"Surety" make, of nainsook, in large plaids, checks, stripes, figures and novel patterns—athletic styles, short sleeve, ankle or knee lengths, in white or ecru. Main Floor, Aisle 7

Women's Vests Specially Priced at 18c

"Cumfy Cut," "Fittie" and Hudson Mills makes—sleeveless styles, with plain or fancy yokes, taped neck and arms. Exceptional values at 2 for 35c, or 18c each. Main Floor, Aisle 6

The Value-Giving Demonstration in the Basement Economy Store



Washable Suits

In Two Special Groups. **\$7.35 & \$9.75**

Smart styles, these; nicely made and so thoroughly practical that every woman needs at least one for Summer wear. Of gabardine, linen, pongee and other washable materials. In white, pink, blue and tan. Splendid suits—moderately priced.

Washable Skirts

Values to \$1.90

Gabardines, poplins, piques and linens—the new styles, just received—sizes 24 to 36. Your choice, Wednesday.....**89c**



\$2 and \$2.50 Lace Curtains

Scotch, cable and fillet nets—2 1/2 to 3 1/2 yards long—40 to 60 inches wide. Many good patterns—in white, cream and ecru.

.....**\$1.49**

\$27.50 Axminster Rugs, \$21.75

Volvet or Axminsters—9x12 feet—seamless or seamed—in a large variety of good patterns. A few are slightly shaded.

Boys' Washable Suits, 95c

Styles and qualities that were originally priced from \$1.15 to \$1.55. Sizes 2 1/2 to 16—many to choose from.

Boys' Khaki Trousers, 47c

Tan khaki or dark mottoskin knickerbockers. Full peg style. Sizes 4 to 17.

Men's Up to 75c Shirts, 49c

Soisette and madras—good patterns. With collar attached. Just the thing for Summer wear. Sizes 14 and 14 1/2 only. Big value if your size is here.

\$1 and \$1.39 Waists

New Styles, Priced Low, **88c**

Jap silk, pongees, washable voiles and organdies, and many other good Summer styles—with big collars, dainty trimmings and fancy cuffs. Sizes 34 to 44.

39c and 50c Muslinwear

Nainsook Corset Covers, nicely trimmed; and Cambric Drawers with embroidery trimming. All sizes.....**39c**

69c Petticoats

Black, navy, green and gray cotton taffetas, tailored flounces—all lengths.....**50c**

Basement Economy Store

Famous and Barr Co.

ENTIRE BLOCK, OLIVE, LOCUST, SIXTH AND SEVENTH STS.

We Give Bargain Stamps and Redden Full Books for \$2 in Cash or \$2.50 in Merchandise—Few Restricted Articles Excepted.

A New Section Devoted to All Kinds of Cut Flowers.

Large Distributors of Merchandise at Retail in Missouri or the West.

What Splendid Choosing These Lower-Priced Silks Offer

The June sale still presents a regimental variety of good Silks at special prices; and today's list suggests many of the weaves that are most needed for Summer use.

98c Sport Poplins, 69c

36 inches wide, striped Silk Poplin, for skirts and dresses.

\$1.25 Silk Shirts, 98c

All silk and washable, in pretty satin stripes—better in wearing quality than the ordinary kinds.

98c Summer Silks, 59c

Silk and lisle weaves, in checked and striped combinations—36 inches wide.

\$1.25 and \$1.30 Sheer Silks, 98c

Georgettes, voiles and crepes de chine, in good colors. Full pieces and short lengths.

Silk Pongees, 49c

Imported hand loom Silk Pongee, in the natural tan—24 inches wide—for cool dresses and blouses.

Main Floor, Aisle 1

Wool Fabrics Have Joined the June Sale

These four items indicate how well the June Sale is prepared to supply your wants—especially if you appreciate the lower prices and the better qualities.

75c French Serge, 49c

48 inches wide—all wool—in desirable textures. A splendid weave for many Summer uses.

Blue Mohair, 75c

Mohair Stedman—50 inches wide—in rich shade of navy blue. One of the best values of the sale.

\$2.50 Black Charmeuse, \$1.98

48 inches wide, satin-faced Charmeuse—in a rich black.

\$1.35 Black Serge, \$1.10

Excellent quality, all-wool, hard-finished Serge—54 inches wide.

Main Floor, Aisle 1

Silk Gingham, 19c

Silk mixed Gingham—37 inches wide, fancy stripes.

35c Tan Linen, 25c

Pure flax—medium weight—35 inches wide. An ideal weave and quality for Summer suits and dresses.

Main Floor, Aisle 1

\$2 Hand-Embroidered Guimpes—Wednesday

\$1.37

Many a woman will welcome the opportunity to get one of these beautiful Guimpes at a price so much below regular. They are made with large collars attached, and Dame Fashion recommends them for use with Summer suits and dresses. Only a limited quantity at this low price.



Main Floor, Aisle 3

Good News for the Woman Who Sews

The Wednesday Notion Sale brings a host of things that are needed in almost every home, and the chance to profit is aptly indicated by these lower-than-usual prices.

Only Grand Skirt Makers, complete.....39c
Parisian Skirt Ganges.....79c
Tailors' (Chalk, 6 assorted colors in box.....4c
Machine Oil, warranted not to gum.....4c
Machine Stages, for all machines.....12c
Stocking Darners, with handles.....4c
Sewer Snap Fasteners, sizes 4-0 and 3-0, in black; dozen.....4c
Crest Hook and Eyes, all sizes, in black and white.....4c
Sawson 400-count Fine, paper.....3c
Hand Nail Scrubs.....5c
Handie Ironing Wax, per dozen.....10c
Cotton Belting, black or white, 3 to 5 in. wide; yard.....6c
Dobby Brook Basting Thread, Union finish, in black.....5c
Dress Shields, nainsook covered, sizes 3 and 3 1/2; pair.....8c
Pettico Hook and Eyes, all sizes, in black and white; card.....6c
E. E. Kleiser's guaranteed Rubber Sheetting, 4-12-4.....25c
Kleiser's Sanitary Aprons, washable, light weight.....33c
West Electric Hair Curlers, 8 on card, 15c; 3 on card.....8c
Extra heavy twine Shopping Bags; 50c value.....19c

Main Floor, Aisle 3

These \$12 Japanese Floor Lamps Will Go at \$7.95

Beautiful Lamps—as ornament to any room. Richly lacquered, in black and gold, in attractive Japanese designs. Shades are not included.

\$10 Mahogany-finish Floor Lamps, without shade.....\$7.50

\$8 Mahogany-finish Floor Lamps, without shade.....\$6.50

\$6.00 24-inch Shades, many colors.....\$3.95

Fifth Floor

Good Electric Fans

Eight-light size—with four blades and guard. Alternating or direct current will operate them. No telephone or C. O. D. orders, and but one fan to a customer at this low price, Wednesday only.....**\$4.19**

Fifth Floor

Summer in the Suburbs
Offers of Suburban and Country Homes are
now appearing in
Post-Dispatch Wants
The Quick Result Medium!
7373 Post-Dispatch Houses, Flats, etc., For Rent
last month.
More than the FOUR nearest St. Louis
1167 newspapers combined.

PAGES 13-20.

CLASS OF 1892 GIVES \$1000 EMERGENCY FUND TO W. U.

Members of the Class of 1892, in making a gift of \$1000 to be used as an

emergency fund, have established a precedent in Washington University from which the friends of that institution expect far-reaching results. This is the first time anybody of the alumni has undertaken any definite financial work in conjunction with the university. This is the custom in many of the older universities and is a source of large added efficiency to the institutions.

effectuated. The alumni of Yale contribute in this way about \$40,000 annually. Living members of the class of '92 are: F. E. Bauch, secretary; W. G. Bonneke, Charles C. Collins, William H. Danforth, Lillie Rose Ernst, Edward Russell Fish, John Rison Fordyce, Harry R. Hall, Emil Hendrich, Martin Hill Hunter, Louis Trenchard More, Thomas Rutledge, George Weber and William

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

ST. LOUIS, TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 19, 1917.—PART TWO.

Boats, Bicycles, Books
and Cameras

Used but useful, at sacrifice prices, are among the Post-Dispatch Want Ad offers.
For Sale Ads were printed in the Post-Dispatch last month.
More than the FOUR other St. Louis newspapers COMBINED.
5712
1952

PAGES 13-20.

GANGSTER KILLED, HAD BEEN HUNTING BROTHER'S SLAYERS

Bryan Walsh Was in Workhouse
at Time of Former Murder;
Released Five Days Ago.

SHOOTING IN WINEROOM
Three Companions Who Accompanied Walsh to Place Escape;
Abandon Stolen Auto.

In trying to fix responsibility for the murder of Bryan Walsh, 24 years old, of 2223 Dickson street, last night in a wineroom back of a basement saloon at 2801 Locust street, the police have to deal with one more of a long series of gang killings in which they are confronted by the stone wall of gang silence.

Walsh was the son of Daniel F. Walsh, chief bookkeeper in the City Collector's office, and was a brother of Richard Walsh, 19 years old, who was shot and killed by gangsters on a vacant lot three blocks from his home three weeks ago.

Bryan Walsh was in the workhouse on a charge of carrying concealed weapons, when his brother was killed. He was released last Thursday and is said to have determined to avenge his brother's death and to have spent most of his time since then in trying to learn the identity of the slayers.

Walsh and three men arrived at the Locust street saloon in stolen automobile about 10:15 last night. Passing through the barroom they went to a wineroom in the rear and sat down at a table.

Five Shots Fired.

William Regan, the bartender, had served beer to them when the shooting, as they had arrived there after it occurred. Regan said there had been a shooting in the rear room but he had not gone there to find out what had happened. Walsh, dead with five bullet wounds in his body, was found lying near the table where he and his three companions had sat. The other three men had fled. Under the table were two revolvers. One was fully loaded and the other had three empty shells. A third revolver, with two empty shells, was found at the foot of a stairway leading from the wineroom to Leffingwell avenue.

Had Police Revolver.

In Walsh's right-hand trousers pocket was a revolver of the type known as the "police positive" and usually carried only by policemen. When these revolvers are issued to policemen a number is placed on the handle. Examination showed this weapon once had a number, but it had been filed off. John H. Southemer and Frank Burger, both of 3434 Walnut street, were in the saloon when the police entered. They said they had heard the shots and had entered the saloon "to see what was up."

The other two men in the saloon said they were Dr. Paul R. Copeland and Dr. George F. Cooper, guests at the Strand Hotel above the saloon. They said they were aroused by the shooting and ran downstairs, thinking their professional services might be needed.

These four men and the bartender were arrested and are still held. Calvin Wall, night clerk of the hotel, and Harry Block and Michael Brennan, guests there, also were arrested. Brennan is a bartender and a friend of Regan.

All of the men arrested persist in their denial that they know anything of the shooting. Regan said he could not describe Walsh's companions, though they passed through the barroom when they entered and he again had a chance to observe them when he waited on them in the wineroom.

Auto Stolen Last Night.

From its license number the automobile in which Walsh and his slayers rode to the saloon was identified as the property of J. L. Bly of 424 Evans avenue. It was stolen from in front of 3180 Brantner place about an hour before the shooting.

Bryan Walsh had long been known as a gangster. He had served several workhouse sentences and was under a charge of assault to kill in connection with a workhouse riot in which he and Harry Greaser, another prisoner, were alleged to have taken a guard's rifle and revolver from him and to have shot several negro prisoners June 6.

Walsh was one of those arrested after Harry Roman, a prize fighter, was shot and killed in a bid club near Twelfth and Market streets last fall. There was no evidence against him and he was released. The Roman killing led to several other gang murders.

Engagement Rings for Relief Fund. CHICAGO, June 18.—Two Jewish women have given up their most-prized possessions to help suffering Jews in the war zones, each sending her engagement ring to the Chicago Relief Committee that it might be converted into money for the Jewish Relief Fund. They are Mrs. Charles Brady of Rock Island, Ill., and Mrs. Fannie Pollock of Moberly, Mo.

U. S. Consular Agent Dies in France. WASHINGTON, June 18.—The death of Burdette Mason, American consular agent at Bayonne, France, was reported yesterday to the State Department. Mason was born in New Haven, Conn., and was appointed in 1913.

Swiss Commercial Experts Coming. BERNE, June 18.—Dr. Hans Sulzer, the new Swiss Minister to the United States, will leave here July 5 on his way to Washington. Dr. Sulzer will be accompanied by an extraordinary commission of commercial experts.

Robbed of \$20,000 in Street. BESIERE, France, June 18.—The cashier of a local bank, while returning from the Bank of France with \$20,000 francs (\$30,000 in cash), was held up in a narrow street and robbed of the entire sum.

Summit Invited to War Meetings. LONDON, June 18.—The war Cabinet has invited Gen. Smuts, former South African commander, to attend its meetings during his stay in England, so the Cabinet may avail itself of his special military experience.

MAY, STERN & CO.

The "Divan-Bed" Outfit

That puts an extra bedroom in your home

\$3.00 CASH
\$3.00 MONTHLY
\$52.50

The Davenport opens into a full-size bed—as illustrated below.



Study the Illustration

It shows this splendid outfit exactly as it is—a Parlor Set by day—a Bedroom by night—a comfort every hour of the twenty-four—just the outfit that is needed in every home, flat or apartment, where no extra guest room has been provided.

Richly Upholstered

This outfit consists of handsome Divan Bed, Arm Rocker, Arm Chair and Library Table—beautiful in design—constructed of solid oak in rich fumed finish—and upholstered in a particular fine quality of imitation Spanish leather that will give you qualified service.

Note the "Divan-Bed"

The Davenport can be instantly converted into a full-size bed—the bedding can remain under the seat—and comes into position when the seat is turned—has a set of comfortable all-metal springs which support the mattress when the davenport is open as a bed.

\$3.00 CASH

MAY, STERN & CO.

Corner Twelfth and Olive Sts.

\$3.00 MONTHLY

A Word of Precaution.

JUST wherein lies the reason for the use of vegetable preparations for infants and children?

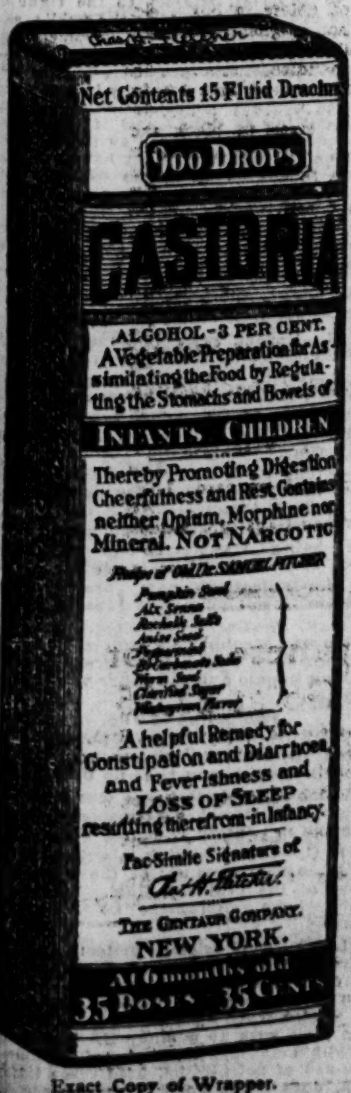
Why are any but vegetable preparations unsafe for infants and children?

Why are Syrups, Cordials and Drops condemned by all Physicians and most laymen?

Why has the Government placed a ban on all preparations containing, among other poisonous drugs, Opium in its variously prepared forms and pleasing tastes, and under its innumerable names?

These are questions that every Mother will do well to inquire about.

Any Physician will recommend the keeping of Fletcher's Castoria in the house for the common ailments of infants and children.



Children Cry For

Fletcher's
CASTORIA

Letters from Prominent Druggists
addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

S. J. Briggs & Co., of Providence, R. I., say: "We have sold Fletcher's Castoria in our three stores for the past twenty years and consider it one of the best preparations on the market."
Mansur Drug Co., of St. Paul, Minn., says: "We are not in the habit of recommending proprietary medicines, but we never hesitate to say a good word for Castoria. It is a medical success."
Hegeman & Co., of New York City, N. Y., say: "We can say for your Castoria that it is one of the best selling preparations in our stores. That is conclusive evidence that it is satisfactory to the users."
W. H. Chapman, of Montreal, Que., says: "I have sold Fletcher's Castoria for many years and have yet to hear of one word other than praise of its virtues. I look upon your preparation as one of the few so called patent medicines having merit and unhesitatingly recommend it as a safe household remedy."

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS BEARS

the
Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

The Bevo Mill

One of the Show Places of St. Louis

Will Open Its Doors
at 4 O'Clock This Evening

You are cordially invited to call, on this opening night, and view the unique structure and inspect its exquisite appointments and decorations.

Located at Gravois Road and Morganford Road

In the Bevo Mill only beer, light wines, Bevo and soft drinks will be served as beverages. * * * Meats and fowls barbecued in view of the diners. * * * Specializing on dishes obtainable no place else in St. Louis.



ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH
Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER
Dec. 18, 1878.
Published by the Pulitzer Publishing Co.
210-212 N. Broadway.

POST-DISPATCH CIRCULATION
Average for first five months 1917:
Sunday, 363,617
Daily and Sunday, 197,656

For the POST-DISPATCH sells more papers in St. Louis and suburbs every day in the year than there are homes in the city.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES BY MAIL IN ADVANCE
Daily and Sunday, one year, \$12.50
Daily without Sunday, one year, \$10.00
Sunday only, one year, \$5.00
Remit either by postal order, express money order or St. Louis exchange.

By Mail: In St. Louis and Suburbs, per month, \$1.00
Carries 1 Out of St. Louis, per month, \$1.10
Entered as second-class, St. Louis, Mo., as second-class matter.
Mail, Office 6800 Kinloch, Central 6800

THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM

I know that my retirement will make no difference in the cardinal principles, that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight demagogues of all parties, never belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare, never be satisfied with merely printing news, always be drastically independent, never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULITZER.
April 10, 1907.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

Policewomen for Mashers.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
I would like to ask, what is your opinion of any man who annoys any woman or girl in a moving picture theater? I have been annoyed several times recently when attending a picture theater on Sixth street.

I am not attractive, and my clothes and actions are not conspicuous; so why should men be so little and disgusting as to annoy me? Recently one man made so bold as to put his hand on my knee, and I certainly mad. It plain what I would do. He hurriedly made his exit.

Again one fellow sitting at my right crowded me with his knee and arm so much that I had to leave my seat. Another man, sitting behind me, had his hand on the back of my chair and kept running his fingers up and down my arm. Much woman tolerate such actions, when she pays the price the same as the man to view the picture.

Now, I could barely restrain from hitting these cowardly ruffians, but I did not want to make a scene, or disturb others in the audience. These men take advantage of women just because they think the women will tolerate their actions rather than make a scene.

What St. Louis needs is a policewoman, or several of them, to handle just such cases. I would certainly like to have the authority to arrest the next "roughneck" who annoys me. This is a case for the police, or the woman will have to remain away from the picture theater, or submit to vulgar annoyance. A READER.

How to Obtain a United Greece.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
Through Venizelos, Great Britain should turn over to Greece the Island of Cyprus and Italy should turn over the 12 Grecian Aegean islands and also North Epiros, according to the opinion of Greeks in this country. If the allies want to have a united Greece join the allies. These changes would mean an addition of 50,000 Greek soldiers to the allies and also would unite all factions to the standard of Venizelos. Also it would demonstrate, conclusively, that the allies are fighting for the freedom of the world. Nothing would make the Greeks happier than the complete restoration of power to Venizelos.

ARISTOTLE SPILIOPTOS.

A Letter Propaganda on Food Control.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
If the people would fight as hard for their own rights as the Post-Dispatch fights for them, we would not be paying \$15 per barrel for flour when \$9 would be a fair price, as was pointed out in the editorial, "Playing With Dynamite," in today's Post-Dispatch.

The very thing that we have been wanting the Government to do is now blocked by Senator Reed. I clipped your editorial and sent it to Senator Reed, also mailed the editorial on "Food Control Obstructionists" from Saturday's paper, underlining some of the statements to Speaker Clegg.

Let everybody take it upon themselves to write to our Senators and Congressmen and tell them we want relief. If enough people demand food regulation we will get results. Sunday's article in the Post-Dispatch says: "We have a dictatorship now, but it is not vested in a responsible Government. It is vested in food gamblers, food speculators and food monopolists who control the markets and squeeze every possible penny from the necessities of the distracted consumer."

Let us get together, demanding that Congress regulate the food supplies. Public opinion always wins when it is directed and concentrated. D. T. SYKES.

Senator Reed's Inconsistency.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
Senator Reed's declaration against the Government control of food supplies and especially his flimsy at Mr. Hoover will bring delight to the heart of the Prussian. There is no need for further reply to his flimsy at Hoover than to remind him of Hoover's achievements in Belgium. That is the reason for the greatest public confidence in him. That task involved Mr. Hoover's finding where supplies existed and for how long they could be expected. That is what we want to know now. Senator Reed argues with great terror from the exercise of the "right of search" of American ships 100 years ago, that every American would resent any inquiry into food stocks now. Because a royal highwayman 100 years ago insisted upon going through our pockets to see what we had is no reason for us not to have right now to examine our own pockets to see what is there.

Because a burglar makes an inventory of a store should not preclude the proprietor thereafter from making his own inventory. We propose to look into our own pockets. Senator, to make an inventory to see what we have and how long it will last. And the Government, against whose power of search you declaim, is simply our organized self-defense. KARL SCHMIDT.

VOLUNTEER FOOD CONTROL

Acting under direct instructions from the President, Mr. Hoover has undertaken a volunteer food conservation movement while Congress haggles over the food control bill.

Realizing the crisis and the need for haste, the President refuses to wait on the Congressional haggles and obstructionists, but urges Mr. Hoover to do what he can without legislation to stimulate production, eliminate waste and direct distribution so that the people of this land of plenty and waste may not want and may not be squeezed to death by the food monopolists and speculators. Mr. Hoover will attempt to obtain the co-operation of those who manufacture, distribute and transport.

He will in this volunteer movement above all try to obtain co-operation for economy and waste elimination in the household. He appeals to the women of the land to organize and work against waste and extravagance. The women are asked to register and to put into practice six simple rules which if followed in the mass will result in saving millions of bushels of grain, millions of pounds of meat and millions of dollars. Following these regulations will enable us to reduce prices to some extent and save ourselves and other peoples dependent upon us from the experience or the menace of starvation. Economy will contribute greatly to victory. Briefly these six rules are:

1. Save wheat by eating cornbread and rye bread at least one day in the week.
2. Save meat by serving and eating less and wasting none.
3. Save fats by using less butter, lard, bacon and other pork products.
4. Substitute fish, potatoes, beans, peas, cabbage and vegetables.
5. Save transportation by buying food products of local origin as far as possible; home-grown vegetables and fruits, home-grown flour and meal and home-packed meats.
6. Lick the platter clean—No waste.

With our markets open to all nations that need food we are less protected without food control than the hemmed in nations of Europe with food control. Our food can be taken from us and our prices can be made prohibitive for all except the rich.

The volunteer movement is only a makeshift in the absence of real food control, which is barred for the present by the delaying tactics and gable of Senators like Reed, Hardwick, Gore, Smith and La Follette, and Representatives Cannon, Haugen and Moore. Consciously or unconsciously these men are defending the food crooks and betraying the people.

The President has done well to warn them that if they defeat the Lever bill they must take responsibility for food conditions and prices.

As far as our own Senator Reed is concerned, the protest of St. Louisans against his folly is shared by an overwhelming majority of the people of the State—by all except the food and fuel sharks. The Senator is in the way of the wheels of progress.

Buy a humanity bond in the Red Cross. It carries no interest except your interest in suffering mankind.

THE ISSUE IS JOINED.

One sentence in the Kaiser's letter of condolence to King Constantine upon the Greek monarch's deposition stands out as containing the whole case for which the free peoples of the earth are contending in the present war. It says: "The mailed fist of Germany, with further aid from Almighty God, will restore you to your throne of which no man by right can rob you." To the immortal challenge of democracy as voiced by President Wilson in his Flag day address, the Kaiser replies with the immortal defiance of autocracy. The issue is joined, as the lawyers say when accusation and answer are filed. Kings have long invoked the Almighty to bear witness that they rule through His favor alone, and God has been singularly silent upon the appeal.

It is an issue which Americans freely accept. However anachronistic to their intelligence a twentieth century invocation in behalf of the divine right of Kings may sound, they will give their blood and treasure freely to prove that no King has a divine right to any throne or to interfere with the rights, liberties and security of free peoples.

THE AIRPLANE IN MASS.

At the time of the German drive toward Calais in 1915 a plan was seriously considered by the Berlin War Office for the invasion of England by air. The scheme as outlined in the German newspapers later was simplicity itself.

A great airplane and Zeppelin base was to be established at a point on the channel, 25 miles from Britain's mainland. Thousands of machines were to be mobilized. Carrying two men and a machine gun each, the airplanes were to land troops in England, while the Zeppelins were to transport field pieces and their crews. It was estimated that in the course of a day 100,000 well-armed and equipped men could be landed on the enemy's soil.

The plan of the Berlin War Office was chimerical, but it gives us an inkling of the possibilities of great air armadas and lends absorbing interest to the program of the United States Government for the construction of thousands of airplanes.

The great service rendered by aviators in observation work before offensives and their work during attacks have been made familiar by the Somme battles and the recent drive in the Ypres salient. The ability of the airplane to detect submarines at depths has also been exploited. But consider the possibility of airplanes in mass. Imagine 1000 airplanes dropping bombs on Heligoland or Essen at one and the same time, followed at daily or even hourly intervals by additional fleets of 1000 each. Of course, many fliers would be lost, but on the other hand how many lives would be saved by the wrecking of the Krupp plant or the door to Kiel, Cuxhaven and Wilhelmshaven?

A hundred airplanes with Monastir as a base could keep the Berlin-Constantinople railroad in a continuous state of disuse, thus choking the only avenue of communication between Germany and its Moslem vassal. Ten thousand airplanes continually harrying

the railroads and camp bases in back of the Western line would not only make a German offensive in the West an impossibility, but would facilitate the work of the allies in driving the invader back to the Rhine.

With the industrial resources of the United States and the allies there is no reason why 10,000 aeroplanes cannot be turned out in a year and the drivers for them trained.

Constantine says that Bulgaria would have overrun Greece had his country joined the entente. The former appanage of the House of Hohenzollern overlooks the fact that Bulgaria would not have been in the war had Greece joined the allies at the proper time.

"OON" ROACH, TAX REFORMER.

The creation of the State Tax Commission, the most notable achievement under Gov. Gardner's administration, was an answer to the public demand for a reform of Missouri's long outworn, ineffective, absurd revenue system.

For eight years Cornelius Roach, named for head of the new Tax Commission by Gov. Gardner, was a member of the State Board of Equalization, whose amplitude of powers was comparable to those of the new board in certain directions. He refused persistently and unintelligently to permit those powers to be utilized for the correction of notorious abuses, the relief of the people and the removal of unjust and glaring inequalities. On his doubtful record in respect to this matter he made impudent runs for office, asking the endorsement of the voters.

In this appointment Gov. Gardner not only links his administration with the old, repudiated regime in State politics, but makes an unattractive bid for public confidence in the success of his new tax system. We may remember that his pledges of tax reform were among the chief influences leading to Mr. Gardner's election. The Roach selection is both disappointing in its associations of the past and in its promise of the future.

One of Mr. Roach's assets is an intimate acquaintance with our public affairs. If he enters his new office with an appreciation of its exceptional opportunities, he can render a service that will earn the deep gratitude of the public. But he cannot satisfy expectation by following the practices of the past, adopting the theory that public office is a private snip and using the great resources of his new position for political purposes. That sort of politics has played out.

Probably half-way policies are most to be feared, as the board is constituted—weak compromises that will neither be a complete abandonment of the old tax system nor a full adoption of the tax system Missouri ought to have.

Chicago girls responded largely to the call for economy by shortening the skirts of their bathing suits.

SAFETY FIRST AND MOTOR CARS.

In the police court, the automobile fatality Sunday was the thirty-first due to this cause since Jan. 1 last.

What we know as the classification of "preventable accidents" excludes accidents due to combinations of circumstances so exceptional and unexpected as not ordinarily to be guarded against. In a sense, almost all accidents are preventable, but the classification is used to describe accidents that would be avoided by observance of a few simple, easily applied and, in fact, obvious safeguards.

If the lamentable fatality of Sunday does not belong to this classification—newspaper reports indicate that it does—practically all the 30 fatalities preceding it this year clearly do belong to it. The way to avoid preventable accidents is to enforce the use of preventives. In the case of automobile accidents, the common causes have been so long under observation that the preventives are clearly understood.

Director of Streets Talbert suggests the passage of new traffic ordinances to bring municipal enactments in harmony with the State law and to cover danger possibilities not now provided for. Such an up-to-date ordinance would help. But much more will depend on impartial enforcement.

It is said that the victim of Sunday's accident was first knocked 45 feet when struck by an automobile and then struck a second time by the same automobile. When a pedestrian is given so small a chance for his life, it is time to add force to safety regulations through heavy fines, or, better still, imprisonment. An indignant community may take the law into their own hands if the present laxity continues.

Between the bone-dry agitation in America and the revolutionary movement in Spain this seems to be a bad summer generally for the House of Bourbon.

HONORA AND JOHNNY.

Johnny Manning was only 85 years old when accidental contact with Honora O'Brien made his heart go pit-a-pat. As for Honora, she knew that a man is only as old as he feels, especially if he has a fat bank account. And so this old man with young ideas and young woman with a willingness to meet those ideas betrothed themselves to each other.

In this idyllic condition enter the enemy, in the shape of middlemen grown-up children of Johnny. Dad is an old fool, they cry. And one of them is ready to shoot the happy couple. Johnny takes alarm and backs out. This gets on Honora's nerves and she flies to the lawyers. She knows her value, which is precisely \$200,000, according to the jury, which also awards her an additional \$25,000 as punitive damages against Johnny for his "smart" answers in court, which tended to hurt Honora's feelings.

The country is having more than \$200,000 worth of interesting amusement out of the episode, which is typically of New York. Johnny is reported as saying he had enough money to buy up the court, and he has entered an appeal. Honora may not get that big bid of Johnny's money. She may not get anything. But if she has any sense of the fitness of things, she will turn over whatever she gets beyond expenses to charity. That ought to be the destination of all sums of money wrung from doddering old men by female adventurers.



THE AMERICAN EAGLE'S JOB.

JUST A MINUTE

Written for the POST-DISPATCH
by Clark McAdams

THE PEACEMAKERS.

NOT in the mood of the ranting clan
Where rallies the small American;
And not where cowards or traitors pen
Pacifist slogans for craven men;
But out on the battlefield where Death
Each moment crouches to catch their breath;
In the seething trench, in the bloody fight,
The builders of Peace work day and night!

Sons all worthy, the sacred debt
To noble sires they have grandly met;
With Life's sweet heritage to live,
Their rightful share of its joys they give;
Brain and body at Nature's best;
Soul and spirit of boundless zest;
Faith and fancy of endless reach,
Where the cannon calls they have offered each.

The bugle sounds, and the thunders roar,
And they rush to meet the foe once more;
And then from the fiery furnace come
The heroes blinded, and heroes dumb,
And heroes limber—a ghastly horde,
Grim souvenirs of the gun and sword;
And, grimmer still, with the sky for pall,
Lie the silent hosts that have given all!

Not in the mood of the ranting clan
Where rallies the small American;
And not where cowards or traitors write
Of Peace's boon while their brothers fight;
But out on the battlefield where Death
Closely crouches to catch their breath;
In the seething trench, in the bloody fray,
The builders of Peace work night and day!

JAMES C. McNALLY.

SOME MENTAL SLACKING.

MAX EASTMAN thinks we are making a religion of patriotism, and exposes himself to a place in the Tombs saying what he thinks of it.

What rot! Did we make a religion of patriotism in 1776? Does the hair-splitting Max know of any other means of getting something worth having than sticking together? Does he not himself urge all those who are also impracticable to stand together?

What we have made a religion of in this country is liberty. There is only one objection to liberty. It makes possible a great deal of bunk, by which a good many people are easily buncoed. Quit kidding them, Max.

A six and one-half foot mountaineer who turned up at one of the registration places in Arkansas last week excited the interest of those about the place by lighting a match on the sole of his bare foot every time he touched off a cigarette. Old-timers in the crowd had never seen it done before, and some of them doubted the feat until they were brought around and saw for themselves.

We are assured by the sign hunter who found this one in De Soto, Mo., that one can really itch there in any way one chooses, though the sign seems to forbid it. The artist was merely trying to get the thing as symmetrical as he could:

NOH ITOHINGAL and

WHEN WILL THE WAR END?

ONE of our readers, who thinks we are now in the millennium, finds the answer to this now celebrated problem in the book of Daniel. It is not so closely dated as some of the solutions already printed, but it is prophetic enough otherwise. He refers us to the following:

11:3—And a mighty king shall stand up, and shall rule with great dominion, and do according to his will.

11:4—And when he shall stand up, his kingdom shall be broken and shall be divided toward the four winds of heaven; and not to his posterity, nor according to his dominion which he ruled; for his kingdom shall be plucked up, even for others besides those.

8:25—And through his policy also he shall cause craft to prosper in his hand; and he shall magnify himself in his heart, and he shall peace shall destroy many; he shall also stand up against the Prince of princes; but shall be broken without hand.

8:24—And his power shall be mighty, but not by his own power; and he shall destroy wonderfully, and shall prosper, and practice, and shall destroy the mighty and the holy people.

8:23—Now that being broken, whereas four stood up for it, four kingdoms shall stand up out of the nation, but not in his power.

We confess ourselves unable to see the Kaiser's finish in this as clearly as we would like, but naturally make allowances for the extreme range with which Daniel had to contend.

IN SIGNS.

On Morgan street, near Thirtieth:

HAIRCUT WITH CLIPPERS, 15
(And cheap at that, too).

The ingenious word owners of the cleaning and dyeing business will regard with rage and envy the following exhibit by a colored man over in Illinois:

J. Flowers' Plantation
Cleaning, Pressing, Dyeing, Repairing

One could walk around this news stand in South St. Louis several times and still not be sure of the particular basis on which it does business:

Smart Set. Story in Each Copy.
5c each 3 for 95c

Jean Knott, who hunts signs for us in New York, sends in this one, found on a fish stall:

Fresh Smelt

Question-compelling sign on a dairy truck:

Willow Farm

Natural and certified milk

On the Flit shop in Tucson, Ariz.

If we can't mend it, throw it away

ANSWERS TO QUERIES

As we have no information bureau, it is impossible to answer queries by mail or telephone.

BEAUTY CULTURE.

P.O.D.—For scars and pimples: Goulard's lotion, which consists of 1 ounce Jordan almonds, 3 drams bitter almonds, pounded in a mortar with 16 pint distilled water; strain and add 15 grains bichloride mercury in coarse powder that has been dissolved in another 16 pint distilled water. Mix well and add enough more water to make a full pint. This should be prepared by a druggist, as no metal, not even a silver spoon, should touch it. Keep in a glass bottle and pour a little into a saucer to apply with a bit of old linen; it should not be used from the mouth of the bottle or it will corrode. It is a violent poison taken internally. Should be marked. It may take a year to show any change, but used patiently and regularly it is said to remove almost all scars in time. To be used night and morning; allow to remain a few minutes, then wipe off with a soft cloth.

CLEANSING.

HALL—Ink white skin: Dip in egg containing teaspoon of oxalic acid and which has been thoroughly dissolved. Rinse immediately and lay in sun.

CONSTANT—Grass-stain stain: Thoroughly wash in soft water, which has been added tablespoon of white vinegar to the gallon of water. Dry and iron as usual. Use no soap. Benzine, applied with white cloth, is used on shoe-polish stain.

A. B. 2—Remove indelible ink (German method): For colored woven cotton tulle, first apply chloride of copper, then wash first with hypochlorite of soda solution and finally with water. For white cotton and linen, dilute solutions of permanganate of potash and hydrochloric acid, followed by the hypochlorite of soda and clear water, are preferable. To clean hands, use iodine dissolved either with iodide of potassium or in alcohol, followed by aqua ammonia.

HOUSEHOLD HELPS.

D. C.—A housekeeper says: "After working for years trying to get a red stove to stay black, I accidentally discovered that a few drops of shellac in a little warm coffee will help much. I used that to dip the dauber into before rubbing on the blacking. It really lasts longer than anything I have tried. That same coffee plays a mean part in household cleaning. Our grandmothers 'sallowed' lace with it and I know one woman who darkens caramels and colors gravies by a judicious dash of very strong coffee."

Lord Baltimore Cake: Cream one cup good butter with three cups fine granulated sugar. Then sift two teaspoons cream of tartar with four cups best flour twice. One cup milk stirred in as you mix in your flour. Have whites of 10 eggs beaten very light and fold in last with teaspoon of soda dissolved in half cup of warm milk. Bake in layers. Next make a boiled icing with four cups fine granulated sugar and half cup water. Boil until it threads from spoon. Have whites of 4 eggs beaten very light, and pour on your sugar. Spread between first layers. Into second portion icing stir 1 cup chopped English walnuts and 1 cup seedless raisins. Also a tablespoon of grated sweet chocolate. Spread between next layers. Into the third portion of icing stir 1 cup chopped soft-shell almonds and 1 cup citron; place this in third layer. Top should be a thin layer of frosting, flavored with almond, and thick and soft. This quantity will make two cakes.

LAW POINTS.

ANGELO—Debt contracted in another State may be collected here. Wages may be garnished in this State for the debt; 10 per cent of married man's pay.

W. M.—By the marriage and the illegitimate child being recognized by the father as his own, it will thereby be legitimated and have the same rights as those born in wedlock.

JACK—Foreclosure of the deed of trust cannot be had until 30 months after death, regardless of the fact that the deceased (who executed the same) is not now the owner of the property.

LEASES—The sale of leasehold by a receiver being an assignment by operation of law, does not constitute a breach of covenant not to assign, so as to permit a forfeiture of the lease.

BUNGALOW—It is not possible to say probable amount of tax on three four and five room bungalow; it depends upon value of lot and of the improvements thereon. Advise you to have a professional exact figure, at the same time you can get collector of water rates and get the amount of water license.

MRS. P.—Chillicothe court tree deciduous. Any person owning a lot abutting on a street, owns to the middle of the street in front of said lot, subject to the right of the city to alter the street and the public and any trees growing along its pavement, between the middle line of the street and his lot, are his private property, and cannot be cut by a telephone company or by its wires without compensation being paid before cutting is done. And if the owner and company cannot agree as to the damages, then the company must have commissioners appointed to assess damages, and must pay the damages assessed before it is permitted by law to cut the tree. (Pending writing is not objectionable to the editor, if done with a good pencil. Don't writing of any sort is exasperating.)

WAR TALK.

A. B. C.—Check stamp is likely.

B. M.—Report your immune status to Navy Department, Washington, D. C.

R. S.—Write "Missouri Naval Reserve, Bismarck Point" for full information.

READER—Liberty bonds are redeemable in 30 years, but you may sell your bond at any time.

J.—Phone U. S. Attorney, Custom House phone, as to sending newspapers to prisoners in East Africa.

A. B.—There is no probability of engineers being transferred to any other branch of service.

C. K.—Indications now are that you could easily sell your \$500 Liberty Bond.

R. S. V. P.—Decks of United States Battleships are scrubbed by sailors who work in groups, each with a scrub brush attached to a long handle and the sailor works while standing.

MISCELLANEOUS.

READER—Early crop potatoes are planted as soon as danger of frost has passed; late crop, any time up to July.

MARIE—New buff brick will be darker in time. It is not practicable to try to make the new brick look like the old.

A. B. C.—Use of red ink in writing letters may be merely a whim or the letter may be out of the ordinary fluid. We are receiving from anarchists no red-written letters.

BILLAR—A physician writes: Dandruff occurs in dry flakes of 2 or 3 spots, as in an oily state of the scalp. Sometimes there is itching and burning, sometimes not. Sulphur is an approved remedy. One drachm of it with 16 grains each of salicylic acid and sulphate of quinine is an ounce of petroleum, used three times a week, does much good. Seventy per cent of the cases of dandruff are cured by the door of dandruff.

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all-tight can—it is as free from germs
as mother's milk itself.

Washington Av., at 6th

KORA-KONIA

HARD MENNEN CHEMICAL CO
Newark, N. J.

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604 Washington Av., at 6th

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GERHARD MENNEN CHEMICAL CO
Newark, N. J.

GERHARD MENNEN CHEMICAL CO
Newark, N. J.

MARKETS AND FINANCIAL SALES AND LATEST QUOTATIONS

NEW COURSE IN RECORD STOCKS, STEELS EADING

Shifting of Values Not Without Tangible Explanation—German Weak at Low Level.

By Leased Wire From the New York Bureau of the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, June 13.—The Evening Post, in its copyrighted financial review, today says:

"Today's arrival of \$1,000,000 in gold from Canada, making \$3,000,000 in two days, indicates that the market of our allies is pursuing the policy of releasing gold whenever it is required in New York as a basis for credit, and especially when a high money rate has been created. Last year, it was remembered, the gold import movement was small until the rapid fall in New York rates, and the early days of June, and it continued throughout the season. Whether the policy will be pursued on the same scale this season is perhaps doubtful, but the need for it will possibly be greater, and, since the war loan which will largely create such money stringency as exists is issued in London, the purpose of loans to our allies, there is some ground to believe that the policy will be continued with much rapidity, under the same influences which have brought about that downward reaction in the steel issues especially, the losses ran to considerable amounts. United States Steel was off a point and Bethlehem Steel, B shares, 2 points. Liquidation, largely by speculative holders in other countries, again appeared to be a principal factor in bringing about the downward movement. That movement, however, was soon checked, and a gradual recovery set in, before noon, had canceled the early losses and substituted many fairly substantial gains.

"Substantial Gains Stand Out.

"Highest prices for the day were reached in mid-afternoon. At that time numerous steel and automobile issues stood at gains of from 1/4 to 1/2 per cent over last night's closing prices. The market was somewhat reactionary and irregular. Declines and recoveries alternated, leaving the general movement obscurely uncertain. The closing prices above those of yesterday.

"Further sharp advances occurred in the cotton market, prices of the near month options gaining from 1/4 to 1/2 a bale. As was the case in the grain market, the cause was plain. Demands for the grain buyers were the principal factor, though the purchases against our own Government's needs for material have furthered that influence.

"Perhaps because of the political disturbances in Spain, cereals and wheat declined rather sharply, yet it evidently left the rate still above the gold export point. The rate on Petrograd was slightly higher, but it stands close to the low level of the year, reflecting, no doubt, economic even more than political considerations. Private advices from Europe to Wall Street today showed that on neutral European markets the recent rapid decline in Berlin exchange is continuing, and that the situation from normal parity, which was 27 per cent, when our financial relations with Germany were broken off, in March, 24 per cent in the week when the United States declared war, and 46 per cent in the middle of May, and 46 per cent, according to cables from Switzerland last week, has risen to 57 per cent. Put in terms of American currency, this would mean that the German mark, which was worth 1/16 cent on Jan. 1 and 1/16 cent on March 28, is now worth only 1/16 cent.

"Blames America for Decline.

"The Frankfurter Zeitung, quoted in this morning's cables, says that a German explanation of this recent violent decline, to the effect that American holders of German securities are, for malicious or other purposes, throwing them on neutral markets, but that the German financial organs evidently do not take the explanation seriously, and there was no reason why it should do so. This depreciation of exchange stands in the place of the gold premium of our Civil War, when that degraded measure of depreciated paper rose to higher figures either on further decline of the currency or on unfavorable incidents in the war. In the case of Germany, as viewed from neutral markets, both influences have lately been prevailing. The recent news from Russia, Greece and neutral battle front would certainly provide one of the necessary influences. The increase of considerably more than 25 per cent in Germany's already inflated currency since this month in 1916 would provide the other."

BUTTER MARKET UNSETTLED AND PRICES SHARPLY LOWER

Live Poultry Movement Active and Values Firmly Maintained—Eggs Unchanged.

The local butter market continued dull and weak today, prices ruling about 1 cent lower on all grades. The live poultry market continued firm, with good demand for turkeys, and a slight advance in the price of chickens. The market on eggs was unchanged. The price of eggs was unchanged.

Note.—Quotations hereafter represent spot and terminal prices obtained by commission houses. Orders and extra fancy stock higher. Eggs—Fresh, extra, 25¢ per dozen; 24¢ per dozen; 23¢ per dozen; 22¢ per dozen; 21¢ per dozen; 20¢ per dozen; 19¢ per dozen; 18¢ per dozen; 17¢ per dozen; 16¢ per dozen; 15¢ per dozen; 14¢ per dozen; 13¢ per dozen; 12¢ per dozen; 11¢ per dozen; 10¢ per dozen; 9¢ per dozen; 8¢ per dozen; 7¢ per dozen; 6¢ per dozen; 5¢ per dozen; 4¢ per dozen; 3¢ per dozen; 2¢ per dozen; 1¢ per dozen; 0¢ per dozen.

OLIVE OIL.—Table grades in bulk, No. 1, 10¢ per gallon; No. 2, 9¢ per gallon; No. 3, 8¢ per gallon; No. 4, 7¢ per gallon; No. 5, 6¢ per gallon; No. 6, 5¢ per gallon; No. 7, 4¢ per gallon; No. 8, 3¢ per gallon; No. 9, 2¢ per gallon; No. 10, 1¢ per gallon; No. 11, 0¢ per gallon; No. 12, 0¢ per gallon; No. 13, 0¢ per gallon; No. 14, 0¢ per gallon; No. 15, 0¢ per gallon; No. 16, 0¢ per gallon; No. 17, 0¢ per gallon; No. 18, 0¢ per gallon; No. 19, 0¢ per gallon; No. 20, 0¢ per gallon; No. 21, 0¢ per gallon; No. 22, 0¢ per gallon; No. 23, 0¢ per gallon; No. 24, 0¢ per gallon; No. 25, 0¢ per gallon; No. 26, 0¢ per gallon; No. 27, 0¢ per gallon; No. 28, 0¢ per gallon; No. 29, 0¢ per gallon; No. 30, 0¢ per gallon; No. 31, 0¢ per gallon; No. 32, 0¢ per gallon; No. 33, 0¢ per gallon; No. 34, 0¢ per gallon; No. 35, 0¢ per gallon; No. 36, 0¢ per gallon; No. 37, 0¢ per gallon; No. 38, 0¢ per gallon; No. 39, 0¢ per gallon; No. 40, 0¢ per gallon; No. 41, 0¢ per gallon; No. 42, 0¢ per gallon; No. 43, 0¢ per gallon; 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The Post-Dispatch Daily Short Story

Heredity

By Sam Hellman

"Of course," agreed Dr. Brainerd, with an impatient shrug. "An environment will do a lot, but it can't overcome the handicap of blood. 'Oh, rot,' snorted Harris, who is by way of being the club iconoclast. 'That's a lot of bunk handed down from feudal days and is just about as sound as the divine rights of kings. Do I look to you like a gentleman? Be frank.' 'I should say that you came from good stock, a high tempered one,' replied Brainerd slowly, 'but one in which servility was unknown.' 'What makes you think so?' persisted Harris.

"Well, from your actions, your breeding," replied the doctor, "your well-shaped hands, long fingers, well arched feet. Oh, Nature shows good lineage in a thousand ways."

"My father was a farmer," said Harris. "His father was hanged for sheep stealing in Scotland; my mother's folks were farmers and peasants as far back as the first wheat crop."

"That proves what?" retorted Brainerd. "There is nothing incongruous in a farmer being a gentleman of good breeding. And as for your grandfather, sheep stealing may have been a gentleman's pastime in Scotland in those days. You've heard of robber barons?"

"Bunk," snorted Harris. "The ears, the mouth, the nose all show the blood," resumed Dr. Brainerd. "Generations of servility or drugging labor leave their marks just as years of culture and good breeding leave theirs. Some times it is difficult to discern them, but one who has made a study of heredity would have no difficulty."

"Have you made a study of it?" asked Harris.

"I have," replied the doctor. "I flatter myself that I know a gentleman when I see one. At this juncture Blossom who has large red hands and heavy flat feet changed the subject. Shortly afterward Brainerd left."

"What do you think of all that heredity stuff?" Harris asked me.

"I don't know," I answered evasively. "I've never given the matter much thought. Brainerd, I believe, has written a couple of books on the subject."

"I suppose his folks brought the Mayflower over, huh?"

"Oh, much worse than that," I replied. "He showed me a chart once with a straight line back to a duke who was chamberlain at the Court of Charlemagne."

"Not a rough neck in the whole line, I suppose?"

"I don't know," I replied, "but Brainerd is a cultured, well-bred gentleman."

"Perhaps," retorted Harris, "but so far my wife hasn't divorced me for cruelty like Brainerd's did."

"Let's talk about something pleasant," I suggested. "That happened 20 years ago, and it may have been her fault. Cruelty may mean a dozen things. You used to know her, didn't you, Harris?"

"Yes, I did and I still do. I see her occasionally. She came back to town a few months ago with her son."

"Son? I didn't know the doctor had one. Well, let's have a gentleman's drink. I've got some drugging to do."

At dinner that evening Harris did not sit at our table as usual. He had a guest, a stranger, with him and occupied a table adjoining ours.

An hour or so later Harris joined us in the lounge. He was alone.

"By the way, doctor," remarked Harris, after a bit, "Did you notice that young fellow I had to dinner?"

"Yes," replied Brainerd, "I did. Rather handsome chap."

"Ever see him before?"

"I believe not."

"Did you notice him closely?"

"What are you getting at?" asked Brainerd.

"I just wanted to know what you thought of him. You are a good student of faces, of character. I'd like to have your opinion. What does his blood show?"

"Well," replied Brainerd slowly, "I would say that he came from fair stock. He is what I call a veneered gentleman; a product of a good environment."

Harris looked at me and smiled and understood.

"What else, doctor?" he asked.

"His eyes and mouth are not those of a gentleman of inherent good breeding. They have in them cruelty, cruelty of a low type."

"Of a wife-beater, would you say?"

AFTER TRAVELING FOR 88 DAYS ACROSS THE PLAINS OF HITCHYKOO, LIVING PRINCIPALLY ON BANANA SKINS AND BROKEN SAFETY RAZOR BLADES, WE FINALLY REACHED THE VILLAGE OF HASHOTO, NAMED AFTER THE



HENRY REARDOLGER, OF THE ROYAL ACADEMY OF ARABIA, GIVES THE LADIES AN ABSORBING ILLUSTRATED TALK ON "A TOUR OF ANY OLD PLACE WITH NOTHING TO SEE AFTER YOU GET THERE."



I WON A BEAUTIFUL SET OF NUTCRACKS AT A BRIDGE LAST MONDAY, BUT I EXCHANGED THEM FOR A CARPET-SWEETENER



WE HAVE THE MOST WONDERFUL DOCTOR—HE CHARGES MORE THAN ANYBODY IN TOWN



I'M MISERABLE BECAUSE I HAVE NO OPERATION TO TALK ABOUT. UNFORTUNATELY, I'M IN PERFECT HEALTH



FIFTY-FIFTY

POOR WOMAN.

RICH WOMAN.

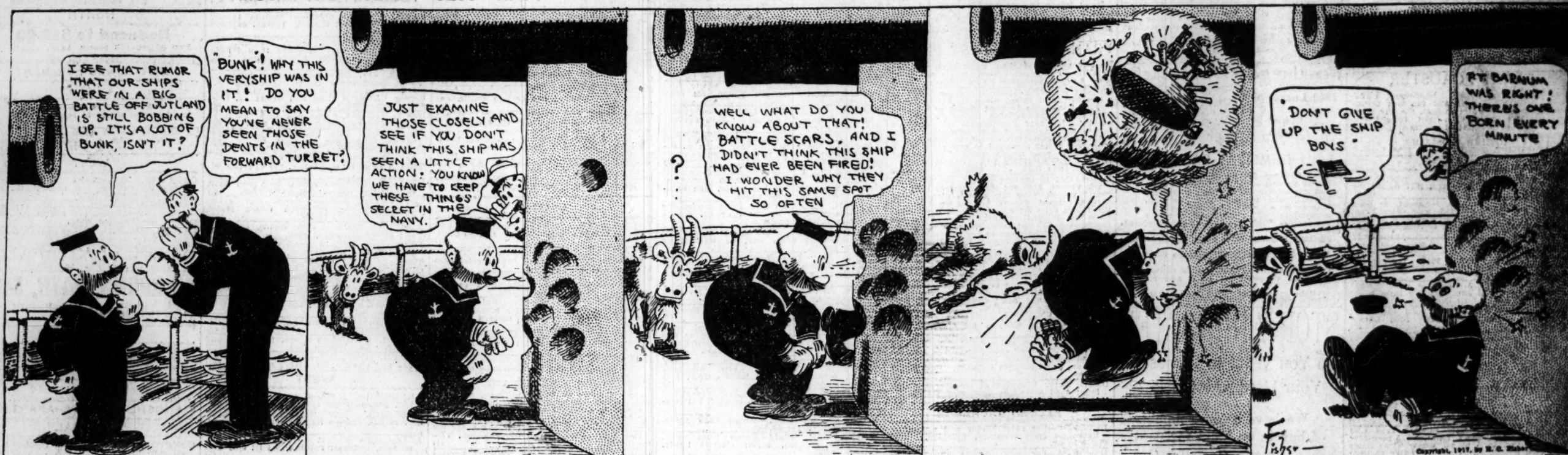
I WISH I COULD AFFORD TO HAVE A HAIRDRESSER COME TO THE HOUSE. IT MUST BE A GREAT PLEASURE



SHE AND I HAVE THE SAME HAIR-DRESSER—I WOULDNT BOU TO HER AFTER WHAT THE HAIR-DRESSER TOLD ME. I HEAR ALL THE LATEST SCANDAL WHILE I'M HAVING MY HAIR DRESSED



MUTT AND JEFF—JEFF HAS NO BUSINESS BUTTING IN ON NAVY SECRETS AT THAT.—BY BUD FISHER.



"SMATTER, POP?"—ONE MORE CENT AND IT WOULD HAVE BEEN "SEVEN COME ELEVEN."—BY C. M. PAYNE.



asked Harris. "Yes, that's about the type," quickly replied Brainerd. "Doctor," exclaimed Harris, "I take back everything I ever said about heredity. You're right. Blood will tell. His father was a wife beater."

The beautiful lady, still smiling at me, quite warm, turned to the tower of ice. "We shall soon find your sister," she said to the little Prince. "On the tower she blew her hair warm breath and smiled and waved her arms and slowly the tower melted away until it was only a stream running down the white mountain side."

But in the place of the tower the little Prince saw a beautiful silver bell, with a soft, white robe over it, and on it lay a beautiful girl older than the little Prince, but very much like him. She opened her eyes and smiled at the beautiful lady, who put out her hand and said: "We have come to carry you home, the Gray Witch can no longer hold you." Then the beautiful lady drew the Princess—for it was the lost baby Princess grown up—close to her and wrapped her soft, warm skirts about her, as she had done with the little Prince, and walked away.

They soon left the cold, gray clouds behind them, and again the little Prince touched the soft, fleecy clouds as they sailed by. When the beautiful lady came to the forest near the castle where the little Prince lived she stopped and unwrapped the folds of the warm skirts from the little Prince and the Princess. "Take your sister to the castle," she said, "and tell the King the South Wind has brought back the Princess; it was the cold, gray North Wind who carried her off years ago and kept her a prisoner in the ice tower in the cold, white North." The beautiful lady smiled as she finished speaking, and the little Prince took the Princess by the hand and led her to the castle.

The servants were running about and hunting everywhere for the little Prince, whom they thought was stolen, as his sister had been many years before. The little Prince told the King and Queen about the beautiful lady and what she had said, and although they shook their heads as they listened and said the little Prince had fallen asleep in the forest and dreamed it all, there beside him stood the beautiful girl, who could only say a beautiful lady, warm and soft, had brought her from a cold land. Whether it was the lost baby Princess or not, the King and Queen grew to love her and called her their daughter, and whenever the cold North Wind howled around the castle the little Prince always ran to his sister and threw his arms around her, telling her not to be afraid, the Gray Witch should not harm her; the beautiful South Wind would protect them.

And the Princess would shiver and hold her little brother tight in her arms, sure that she was safe from the cold blasts of the old Gray Witch North Wind. (Copyright, 1917, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate, New York City.)

Dubious Encouragement. A MILLIONAIRE railroad man and a munitions contractor said to a reporter in his New York office: "Scandal, even when proved false, does immense harm. They who are maligning get small comfort when you tell them the scandal is false. Does this news, which they know already, make good the harm they have suffered?" "Such comfort is almost as bad as the remark of the mutual friend." "Oh, how I adore that girl," a chap said to this fellow. "But she's so beautiful, so fascinating. I know I'll never succeed in winning her love." "But comfort is almost as bad as the remark of the mutual friend." "Oh, I see! Your husband was in the cavalry, I suppose."

Everybody "Doubled." AT our Wednesday town we stopped at the Metropolitan Hotel, the stationery of which was "The Landlord is an old showman." That's right—he is. The landlord is running the hotel with a very small cast. He is doing leads and general business, doubling bus, office and bells. The ingenue is doubling on dining room, chambermaid and cigar counter. The leading lady is doubling head waitress, linen room and pastry cook. Her entrances and exits were worthy of a Bernhardt. Upon seating a guest at the evening meal the clerk, who doubles phonographs, puts on a cracked record so that no appetites will remain for encores. The hotel is using dyed stuff for coffee and, while it is a one-night production, it is charging week-stand prices.

Strait. ANDY: Do you believe a woman can drive an automobile straight? BILL: Sure thing. My wife drove my car today straight into a tree.

Does your husband make you study economy? "Why, no; I don't have to study it. I know it by heart."

The peanut butter that spreads so easily and never becomes "pasty" is called **BAYLE'S Original PEANUT BUTTER** Ask for it by name TO-DAY

Didn't Have to Run. "SEE those boots?" "Yes, I see them." "My husband wore them through the war." "Indeed?" "Yes; and they were never known to run away from the enemy." "Oh, I see! Your husband was in the cavalry, I suppose."

The Result. "THEY say Cross is an awful crank." "He is. Why, when he goes to be shaved he will not let any barber shave him but the boss." "Is that so?" "Yes; and yesterday the boss was away and he had to let one of his assistants do the job." "How does he feel now?" "Oh, he's all cut up over it!"

A Prospective Mortgage. "WE deny ourselves much, I am saving to build a house." "Is your wife cheerful about it?" "Oh, yes. She thinks we're saving for an automobile."

Never pity a pessimist. He enjoys a gloomy view of things.

Fluffy Hair with JAP ROSE SOAP Removes all excess hair oil, invigorates the scalp and leaves the hair clean, soft and pretty. Delightfully perfumed with the fragrance of fresh roses. Unequalled for bath and general toilet use. Use but little—it's all lather. For Free Sample Write James E. Kirk & Co., Dept. 1917 Chicago, U. S. A.

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